

Small-sized Class-D Speaker Amplifiers

Analog Input Monaural Class-D Speaker Amplifiers

Pb Free



BD5632NUX,BD5634NUX,BD5638NUX

No.10101EAT04

Description

BD5632NUX, BD5634NUX and BD5638NUX are a low voltage drive class-D speaker amplifier that was developed for mobile phones, mobile audio products and the others. BD5632NUX has a fixed gain of 6dB, BD5634NUX has a fixed gain of 12dB, and BD5638NUX has a fixed gain of 18dB. It is suitable for the application of battery drive because of high efficiency and low power consumption. Also, stand-by current is 0µA (typ.), and fast transitions from standby to active with little pop noise. It is suitable for applications that switch repeatedly between stand-by and active.

Features

- 1) LC Filter less
- 2) Only 3 external components
- 3) High power 2.5W/4ohm/BTL (VDD=5V, RL=4ohm, THD+N=10%, typ.)
- 4) High power 0.85W/8ohm/BTL (VDD=3.6V, RL=8ohm, THD+N=10%, typ.)
- 5) Analog differential input / PWM digital output
- 6) Pop noise suppression circuit
- 7) Standby function (Mute function)
- 8) Protection circuit
 - (Short protection [Auto recover without power cycling], Thermal shutdown, under voltage lockout)
- 9) Ultra small package VSON008X2030 (2.0×3.0×0.6mmMAX)

Applications

Mobile phones, PND (Personal Navigation Device), DSC, PDA, etc

Line up matrix

Production Name	BD5632NUX	BD5634NUX	BD5638NUX	
Gain (dB)	6	12	18	
Input Impedance (kΩ)	100 50		25	
Package	VSON008X2030			

■Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	7.0	V
Power Dissipation	Pd	0.52 *1	W
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55 ~ + 150	°C
STBY Terminal Input Range	Vstby	-0.3 ~ VDD+0.3	V
IN+, IN- Terminal Input Range	Vin	-0.3 ~ VDD+0.3	V

^(*1) ROHM standard board mounted (Board size 70mm×70mm×1.6mmt, 1layer), de-rate the value 4.16mW/deg above Ta=+25deg.

Operating conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	+2.5 ~ +5.5	V
Temperature Range	Topr	-40 ~ +85	°C

^{*}This product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.

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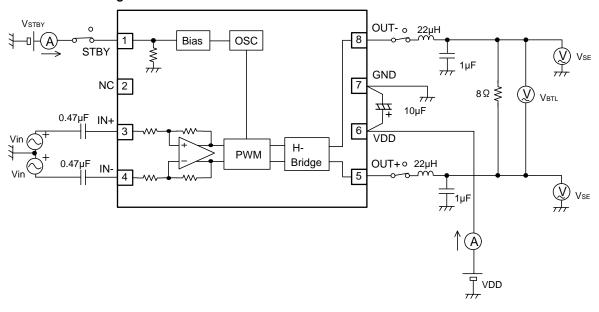
● Electric characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=+25deg, VDD=+3.6V, f=1 kHz, RL=8Ω, AC item=LC Filter; L=22μH, C=1μF)

Decrease to a		Limits				
Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Conditions
Circuit current (No signal)	Icc	_	2.7	5.4	mA	Active mode, No load
Circuit current (Standby)	I _{STBY}	_	0.1	2	μA	Standby mode
Output power1	P _{O1}	450	680	_	mW	BTL, f=1kHz, THD+N=1% *1
Output power2	P _{O2}	550	850	_	mW	BTL, f=1kHz, THD+N=10% *1
Voltage gain (BD5632NUX)		5.5	6.0	6.5		
Voltage gain (BD5634NUX)	G_V	11.5	12.0	12.5	dB	BTL
Voltage gain (BD5638NUX)		17.0	18.0	19.0		
Switching Frequency	fosc	150	250	350	kHz	
Start-up time	Ton	0.36	0.51	0.85	msec	
STBY threshold voltage	V _{STBY}	0.4	_	1.4	V	Active to standby shift
Input impedance (STBY)	R _{STBY}	210	300	390	kohm	
Input impedance (IN+/-) (BD5632NUX)		70	100	130		
Input impedance (IN+/-) (BD5634NUX)	R _{IN}	35	50	65	kohm	
Input impedance (IN+/-) (BD5638NUX)		17.5	25	32.5		

^{*1:}B.W. =20 kHz-LPF, BTL: The voltage between 5 pin and 8 pin

● Measurement Circuit Diagram



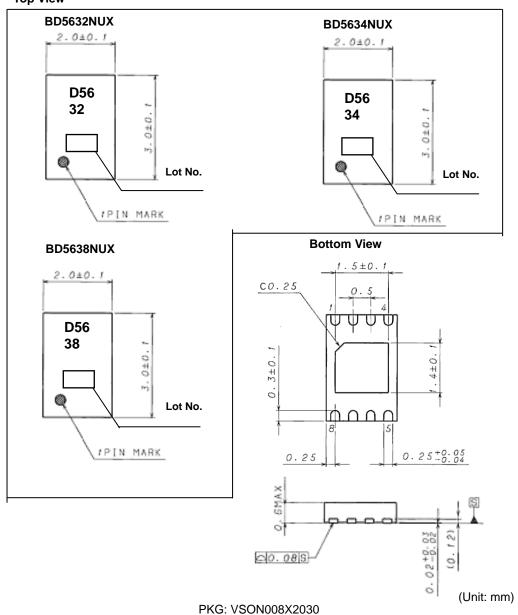
Active/Standby Control

STBY Pin (1pin)

Mode	Pin Level	Conditions
Active	Н	IC Active
Standby	L	IC Shutdown

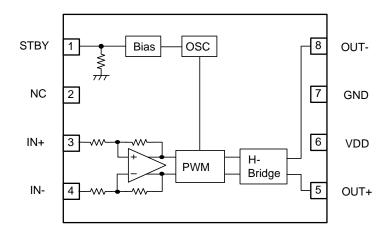
● Package Outline

Top View



Block Diagram

●Pin Assignment Chart



PIN No.	PIN Name		
1	STBY		
2	NC		
3	IN+		
4	IN-		
5	OUT+		
6	VDD		
7	GND		
8	OUT-		

*NC : Non Connection

● Application Circuit Example

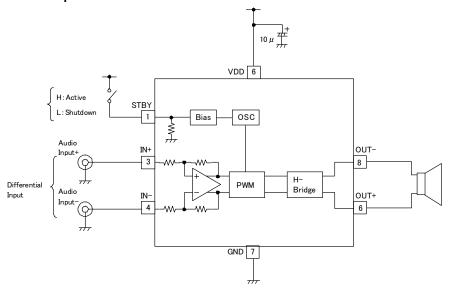


Fig.1 Differential Input for mobile phone

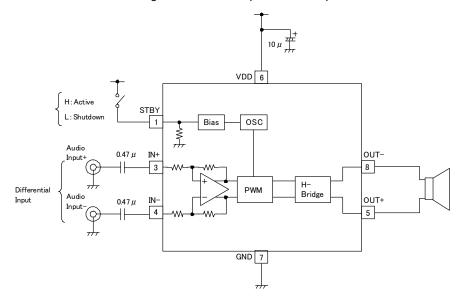


Fig.2 Differential input with coupling input capacitors

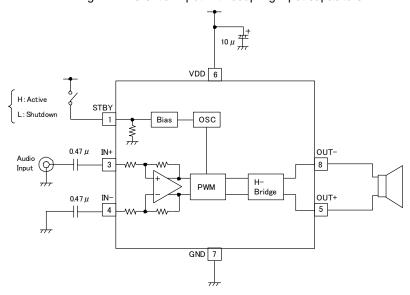
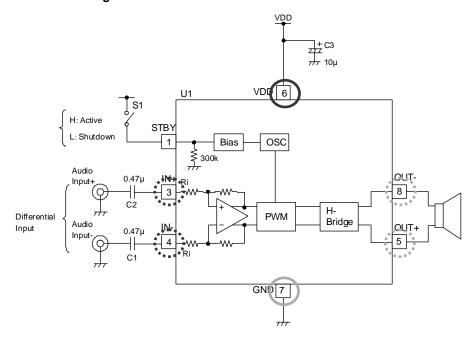
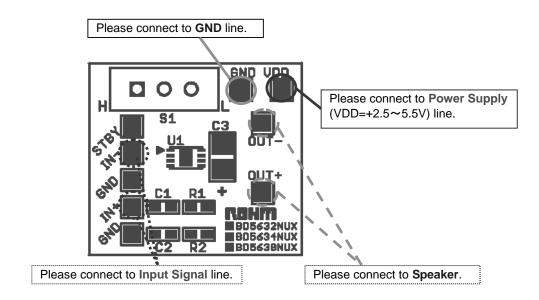


Fig.3 Single-Ended input

● Evaluation board Circuit Diagram





●Evaluation board Parts List

Qty.	Item	Description	SMD Size	Manufacturer / Part Number
2	C1, C2	Capacitor, 0.47µF	0603	Murata GRM188R71A474KA01D
1	С3	Capacitor, 10μF	A (3216)	ROHM TCFGA1A106M8R
1	S1	Slide Switch	4mm X 10.2mm	NKK SS-12SDP2
1	U1	IC Mono Class-D audio amplifier	2.0mm X 3.0mm VSON Package	ROHM BD5632/34/38NUX
1	PCB1	Printed-circuit board, BD5632/34/38NUX EVM	_	_

Description of External components

1. Input coupling capacitor (C1, C2)

It makes an Input coupling capacitor $0.47\mu F$.

It sets cutoff frequency fc by the following formula by input coupling capacitor C1 (=C2) and input impedance Ri.

$$fc = \frac{1}{2\pi \times Ri \times C1}[Hz]$$

In case of C1 (=C2) =0.47 μ F

BD5632NUX Ri = $100k\Omega$: fc=3.5Hz BD5634NUX Ri = $50k\Omega$: fc=7Hz BD5638NUX Ri = $25k\Omega$: fc=14Hz

2. Power decoupling capacitor (C3)

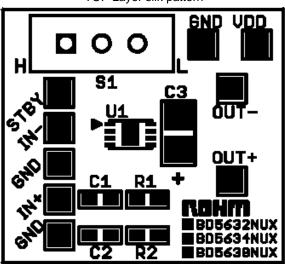
It makes a power decoupling capacitor 10µF.

When making capacitance of the power decoupling capacitor, there is an influence in the Audio characteristic.

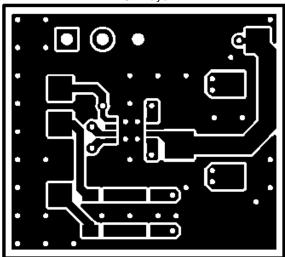
When making small, careful for the Audio characteristic at the actual application.

●Evaluation board PCB layer

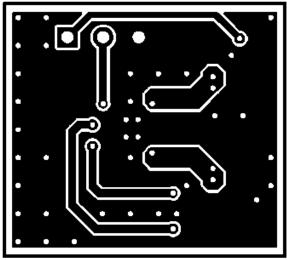
TOP Layer silk pattern



TOP Layer

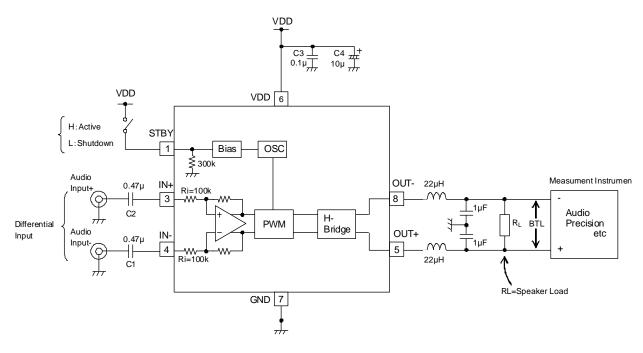


Bottom Layer



●The way of evaluating Audio characteristic

Evaluation Circuit Diagram



When measuring Audio characteristics, insert LC filter during the output terminal of IC and the speaker load and measure it. Arrange LC filter as close as possible to the output terminal of IC. In case of $L=22\mu H$, $C=1\mu F$, the cut-off frequency becomes the following.

Use a big current type - Inductor L. (Reference)

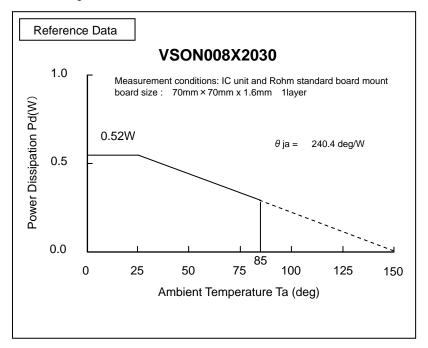
TDK: SLF12575T-220M4R0

$$fc = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{22\mu H \times 1\mu F}} \cong 34 \text{ kHz}$$

About the thermal design by the IC

Characteristics of an IC have a great deal to do with the temperature at which it is used, and exceeding absolute maximum ratings may degrade and destroy elements. Careful consideration must be given to the heat of the IC from the two standpoints of immediate damage and long-term reliability of operation. Pay attention to points such as the following. Since a maximum junction temperature (Tj_{MAX}.)or operating temperature range (Topr) is shown in the absolute maximum ratings of the IC, to reference the value, find it using the Pd-Ta characteristic (temperature derating curve). If an input signal is too great when there is insufficient radiation, TSD (thermal shutdown) may operate. TSD, which operates at a chip temperature of approximately +180deg, is canceled when this goes below approximately +100deg. Since TSD operates persistently with the purpose of preventing chip damage, be aware that long-term use in the vicinity that TSD affects decrease IC reliability.

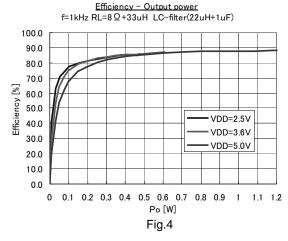
Temperature Derating Curve

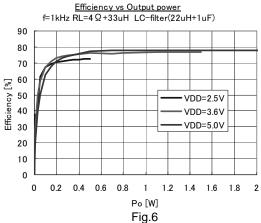


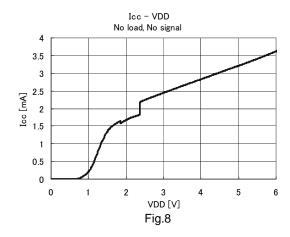
Note) Values are actual measurements and are not guaranteed.

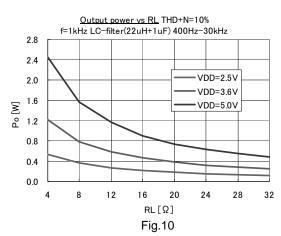
Power dissipation values vary according to the board on which the IC is mounted. The Power dissipation of this IC when mounted on a multilayer board designed to radiate is greater than the values in the graph above.

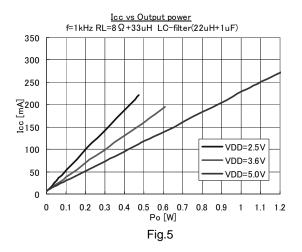
● Reference Data

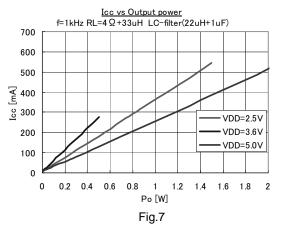


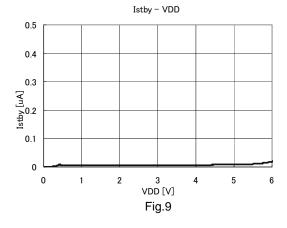


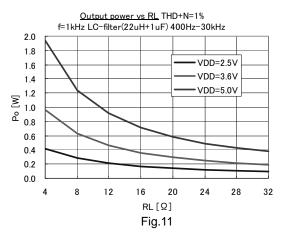


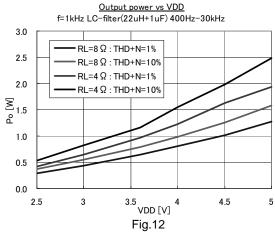


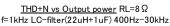












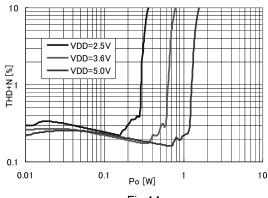
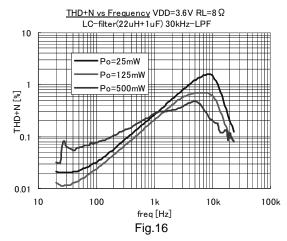
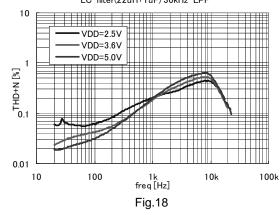


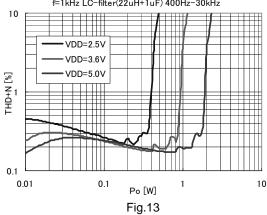
Fig.14



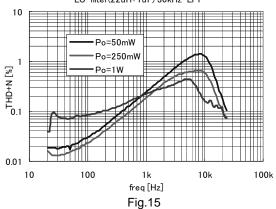
 $\frac{\text{THD+N vs Frequency}}{\text{LC-filter}(22\text{uH+1uF})} \frac{\text{RL=4}\ \Omega}{30\text{kHz-LPF}}$

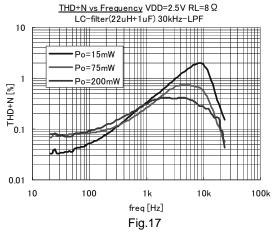


 $\frac{\text{THD+N vs Output power}}{\text{f=1kHz LC-filter}(22\text{uH+1uF})} \, \text{400Hz-30kHz}$

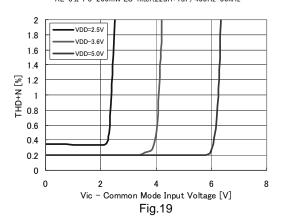


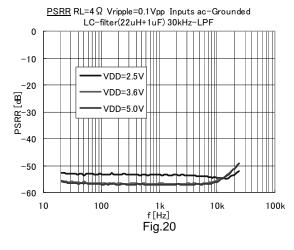
 $\frac{\text{THD+N vs Frequency}}{\text{LC-filter}(22\text{uH+1uF})} \, 30\text{kHz-LPF}$

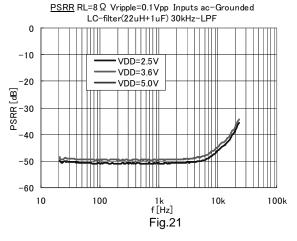


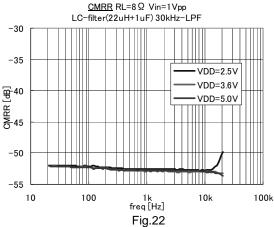


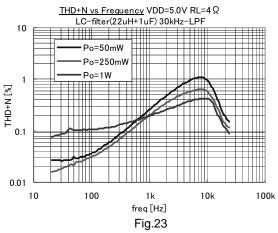
 $\frac{\text{THD+N vs Common Mode Input Voltage}}{\text{RL=8}\,\Omega\ \text{Po=200mW LC-filter}(22\text{uH+1uF})\ 400\text{Hz}-30\text{kHz}}$

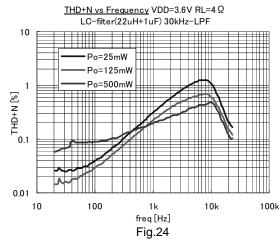


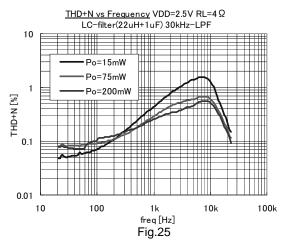


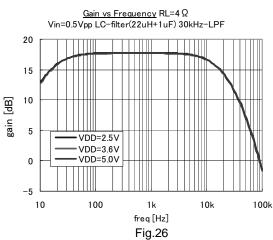


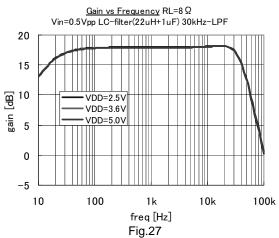












Notes for use

- (1) Numbers and data in entries are representative design values and are not guaranteed values of the items.
- (2) Although we are confident recommending the sample application circuit, carefully check their characteristics further when using them. When modifying externally attached component constants before use, determine them so that they have sufficient margins by taking into account variations in externally attached components and the Rohm IC, not only for static characteristics but also including transient characteristics.

(3) Absolute maximum ratings

This IC may be damaged if the absolute maximum ratings for the applied voltage, temperature range, or other parameters are exceeded. Therefore, avoid using a voltage or temperature that exceeds the absolute maximum ratings. If it is possible that absolute maximum ratings will be exceeded, use fuses or other physical safety measures and determine ways to avoid exceeding the IC's absolute maximum ratings.

(4) GND terminal's potential

Try to set the minimum voltage for GND terminal's potential, regardless of the operation mode.

(5) Shorting between pins and mounting errors

When mounting the IC chip on a board, be very careful to set the chip's orientation and position precisely.

When the power is turned on, the IC may be damaged if it is not mounted correctly.

The IC may also be damaged if a short occurs (due to a foreign object, etc.) between two pins, between a pin and the power supply, or between a pin and the GND.

(6) Operation in strong magnetic fields

Note with caution that operation faults may occur when this IC operates in a strong magnetic field.

(7) Thermal design

Ensure sufficient margins to the thermal design by taking in to account the allowable power dissipation during actual use modes, because this IC is power amp. When excessive signal inputs which the heat dissipation is insufficient condition, it is possible that thermal shutdown circuit is active.

(8) Thermal shutdown circuit

This product is provided with a built-in thermal shutdown circuit. When the thermal shutdown circuit operates, the output transistors are placed under open status. The thermal shutdown circuit is primarily intended to shut down the IC avoiding thermal runaway under abnormal conditions with a chip temperature exceeding Tjmax = +150deg, and is not intended to protect and secure an electrical appliance.

(9) Load of the output terminal

This IC corresponds to dynamic speaker load, and doesn't correspond to the load except for dynamic speakers.

(10) The short protection of the output terminal

The short-circuiting protection of this IC corresponds only to "VDD-short" (the short-circuiting with the power) of the output terminal and "GND-short" (the short-circuiting with GND) of the output terminal. It doesn't correspond to the short-circuiting among the output terminals.

Also, when the short-circuiting condition of the output terminal is canceled, it detects the high impedance of the output terminal and it is equipped with the auto recover without power cycling(the cancellation) function in the short-circuiting protection. Be careful of the output terminal, because, there is a fear not to return automatically when the short-circuiting condition occurs in pull-up or the pull-down at equal to or less than about $1M\Omega$ impedance.

(11) Operating ranges

The rated operating power supply voltage range (VDD= $+2.5V \sim +5.5V$) and the rated operating temperature range (Ta=-40deg $\sim +85$ deg) are the range by which basic circuit functions is operated. Characteristics and rated output power are not guaranteed in all power supply voltage ranges or temperature ranges.

(12) Electrical characteristics

Electrical characteristics show the typical performance of device and depend on board layout, parts, power supply. The standard value is in mounting device and parts on surface of ROHM's board directly.

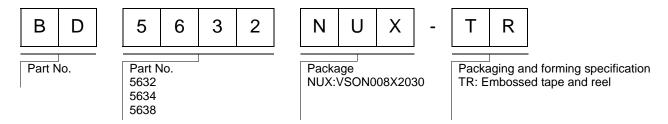
(13) Power decoupling capacitor

Because the big peak current flows through the power line, the class-D amplifier has an influence on the Audio characteristic by the capacitance value or the arrangement part of the power decoupling capacitor. Arrange a power decoupling capacitor as close as possible to the VDD terminal of IC.

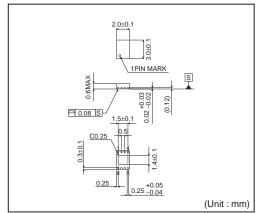
(14) NC terminal (Pin2)

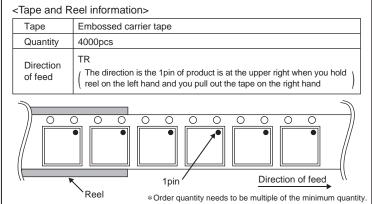
NC terminal (Non Connection Pin) does not connect to the inside circuit. Therefore, please open or connect to GND.

Ordering part number



VSON008X2030





Notes

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