

SPEC. No. ED-97022B

ISSUE July 3, 2001

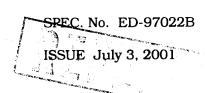
OPTO-ELECTRONIC DEVICES DIVISION ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS GROUP SHARP CORPORATION

# **SPECIFICATION**

DEVICE SPECIFICA	ATION FOR	
VO MODEL No.	OLTAGE REGULATOR	
	PQ**RD1B	
Specified for		
	Applied model name PQ05RD1B PQ09RD1B PQ12RD1B	
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		K. Hachimura, Department General Manager of Engineering Dept.,II Opto-Electronic Devices Div.

**ELECOM Group** 

**SHARP CORPORATION** 



Product name: VOLTAGE REGULATOR

Model No.: PQ\*\*RD1B

Applied Model No.: PQ05RD1B, PQ09RD1B, PQ12RD1B

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- 2. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for use outlined in these specification sheets, as well as the precautions mentioned below. Sharp assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets, and the precautions mentioned below.

#### (Precautions)

- (1) This product is designed for use in the following application areas;
  - OA equipment Audio visual equipment Home appliances
  - Telecommunication equipment (Terminal) Measuring equipment
  - · Tooling machines · Computers

If the use of the product in the above application areas is for equipment listed in paragraphs (2) or (3), please be sure to observe the precautions given in those respective paragraphs.

- (2) Appropriate measures, such as fail-safe design and redundant design considering the safety design of the overall system and equipment, should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when this product is used for equipment which demands high reliability and safety in function and precision, such as ;
  - Transportation control and safety equipment (aircraft, train, automobile etc.)
  - Traffic signals Gas leakage sensor breakers Rescue and security equipment
  - · Other safety equipment
- (3) Please do not use this product for equipment which require extremely high reliability and safety in function and precision, such as ;
  - Space equipment Telecommunication equipment (for trunk lines)
  - · Nuclear power control equipment · Medical equipment
- (4) Please contact and consult with a Sharp sales representative if there are any questions regarding interpretation of the above three paragraphs.
- 3. Please contact and consult with a Sharp sales representative for any questions about this product.

| ED-97022B | July 3, 2001 | MODEL No. | PAGE | 2/17

#### 1. Application

This specification applies to the outline and characteristics of low power dissipation regulator (linear type), Model No. PQ\*\*RD1B.

#### Applied Model name

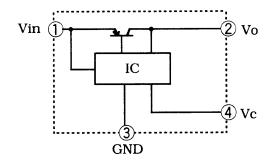
PQ05RD1B, PQ09RD1B, PQ12RD1B

#### Usage

PQ\*\*RD1B are the devices for stabilization of positive DC output voltage with built-in ON/OFF function, the over current protection function, the overheat protection function and the ASO protection function.

These devices are possible to be used in power supply circuit up to current capacity 1A

#### Block diagram



- 2. Outline: Refer to the attached sheet, page 4.
- 3. Ratings and characteristics: Refer to the attached sheet, page 5 to 10.
  - 3.1 Absolute maximum ratings
  - 3.2 Electrical characteristics
  - 3.3 Electrical characteristics measuring circuit
- 4. Reliability: Refer to the attached sheet, Page 11, 12.
- 5. Outgoing inspection: Refer to the attached sheet, Page 12.

ED-97022B July 3, 2001

MODEL No. PAGE
PQ\*\*RD1B 3/17

- 6. Supplement: Refer to the attached sheet, Page 13, 14.
  - 6.1 Example of application
  - 6.2 Over current protection characteristics (Typical value)
  - 6.3 ODS materials

This product shall not contain the following materials. Also, the following materials shall not be used in the production process for this product.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Materials for ODS} & : & \text{CFC}_S, \text{ Halon, Carbon tetrachloride,} \\ & & 1.1.1\text{-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)} \end{array}$ 

6.4 Brominated flame retardants

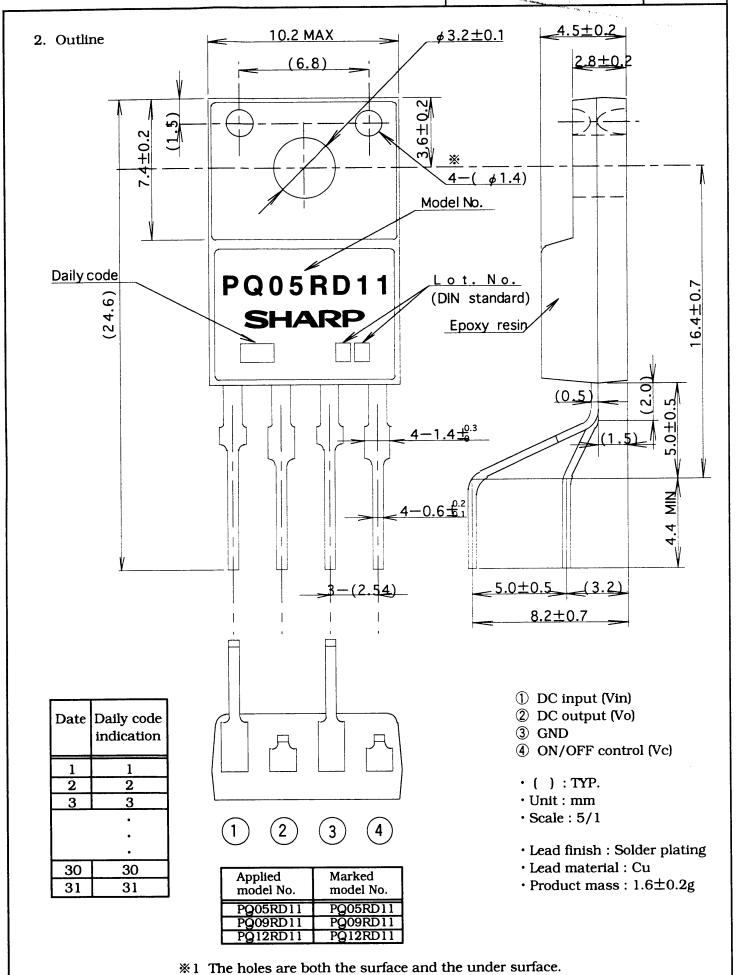
Specific brominated flame retardants such as the  $PBBO_S$  and  $PBB_S$  are not used in this device at all.

This product is not designed as electromagnetic and ionized-particle radiation resistant.

- 7. Notes: Refer to the attached sheet, Page 15 to 17.
  - 7.1 External connection
  - 7.2 Mounting
  - 7.3 Thermal protection design
  - 7.4 Static electricity
  - 7.5 For cleaning

ED-97022B July 3, 2001

MODEL No. PAGE
4/17



Γ	ED-97022B	July 3,	2001
Π	MODEL No.		PAGE
	PQ**R	D1B	5/17

## 3. Ratings and characteristics

#### 3.1 Absolute maximum rating

Ta=25℃

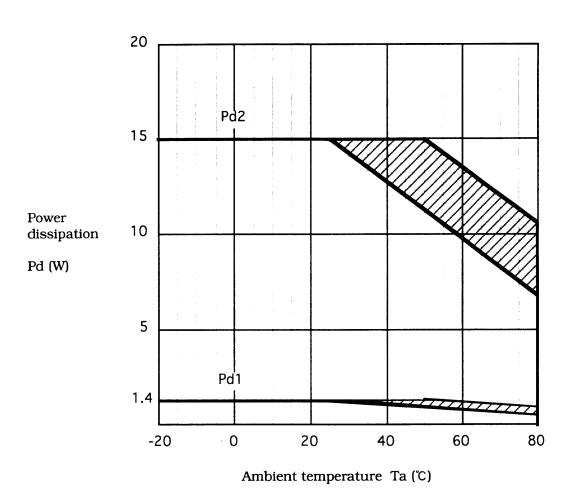
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Conditions
Input voltage (*1)	Vin	20	V	
ON/OFF control terminal voltage (*1)	Vc	20	V	
Output current	lo	1.0	Α	
Power dissipation (*2)	Pd1	1.4	w	Refer to Fig. 1
Power dissipation (*2)	Pd2	15	W	There is right
Junction temperature (*3)	Tj	150	Ĉ	
Operating temperature	Topr	-20 to +80	C	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to +150	Ĉ	
Soldering temperature	Tsol	260	°	For 10 s

- (\*1) All are open except GND and applicable terminals.
- (\*2) Pd1: No heat sink, Pd2: With infinite heat sink
- (\*3) There is case that over heat protection function operates at the condition Tj=125°C to 150°C.

ED-97022B July 3, 2001

MODEL No. PAGE
PQ\*\*RD1B 6/17

Fig. 1 Pd - Ta rating



Pd 1: No heat sink

Pd 2: With infinite heat sink

(Note) There is case that over heat protection function operates at oblique line portion.

ED-97022B	July 3, 2001
MODEL No.	PAGE
PQ**F	XD1B   7/17

## 3.2 Electrical characteristics

## (1) PQ05RD1B

Unless otherwise specified condition shall be Vin=7V, Io=0.5A

Ta=25℃

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Conditions
Output voltage	Vo	4.85	5.0	5.15	V	
Load regulation	RegL	-	0.1	2.0	%	Io=5mA to 1A
Line regulation	RegI	-	0.5	2.5	%	Vin=6 to 12V Io=5mA
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	TcVo	-	±0.02	-	%/℃	Tj=0 to 125℃ Io=5mA
Ripple rejection	RR	45	55	-	dB	Refer to Fig.3
Dropout voltage	Vi-o	-	-	0.5	V	(*4) Io=0.5A
On-state voltage for control (*5)	Vc (on)	2.0	-	-	V	
On-state current for control	Ic (on)	-	-	20	μA	Vc=2.7V
Off-state voltage for control	Vc (off)	-	-	0.8	V	
Off-state current for control	Ic (off)	-	-	-0.4	mA	Vc=0.4V
Quiescent current	Iq	-	-	10	mA	Io=OA

<sup>(\*4)</sup> Input voltage shall be the value when output voltage is 95% in comparison with the initial value.

<sup>(\*5)</sup> In case of opening control terminal (4th pin), output voltage turns ON.

ED-97022B	July 3, 2001
MODEL No.	PAGE
PQ**RD	01B 8/17

#### 3.2 Electrical characteristics

#### (2) PQ09RD1B

# Unless otherwise specified condition shall be Vin=11V, Io=0.5A

Ta=25℃

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Conditions
Output voltage	Vo	8.73	9.0	9.27	V	
Load regulation	RegL	-	0.1	2.0	%	Io=5mA to 1A
Line regulation	RegI	1	0.5	2.5	%	Vin=10 to 16V Io=5mA
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	TcVo	-	±0.02		%/°C	Tj=0 to 125℃ Io=5mA
Ripple rejection	RR	45	55	-	dΒ	Refer to Fig.3
Dropout voltage	Vi-o	-	-	0.5	V	(*4) Io=0.5A
On-state voltage for control (*5)	Vc (on)	2.0	-	-	V	
On-state current for control	Ic (on)	-	-	20	μΑ	Vc=2.7V
Off-state voltage for control	Vc (off)	-	-	0.8	V	
Off-state current for control	Ic (off)	-	-	-0.4	mA	Vc=0.4V
Quiescent current	Iq	-	-	10	mA	Io=0A

<sup>(\*4)</sup> Input voltage shall be the value when output voltage is 95% in comparison with the initial value.

<sup>(\*5)</sup> In case of opening control terminal (4th pin), output voltage turns ON.

ED-97022B	July 3,	2001
MODEL No. PQ**RI	D1B	PAGE 9/17
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#### 3.2 Electrical characteristics

(3) PQ12RD1B

Unless otherwise specified condition shall be Vin=14V, Io=0.5A

Ta=25℃

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Conditions
Output voltage	Vo	11.64	12.0	12.36	V	
Load regulation	RegL	-	0.1	2.0	%	Io=5mA to 1A
Line regulation	RegI	-	0.5	<b>2</b> .5	%	Vin=13 to 19V Io=5mA
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	TcVo	-	±0.02	-	%/°C	Tj=0 to 125℃ Io=5mA
Ripple rejection	RR	45	55	· -	dB	Refer to Fig.3
Dropout voltage	Vi-o	-	-	0.5	V	(*4) Io=0.5A
On-state voltage for control (*5)	Vc (on)	2.0	-	-	V	
On-state current for control	Ic (on)	<b>-</b>	-	20	μΑ	Vc=2.7V
Off-state voltage for control	Vc (off)	-	-	0.8	V	
Off-state current for control	Ic (off)	-	-	-0.4	mA	Vc=0.4V
Quiescent current	Iq	-	-	10	mA	Io=0A

<sup>(\*4)</sup> Input voltage shall be the value when output voltage is 95% in comparison with the initial value.

<sup>(\*5)</sup> In case of opening control terminal (4th pin), output voltage turns ON.

ED-97022B	July 3,	2001
MODEL No.	the contract of the contract o	PAGE
PQ**F	ND1B	10/17

# 3.3 Electrical characteristics measuring circuit

Fig. 2 Standard measuring circuit of Regulator portion

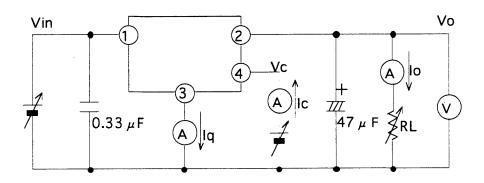
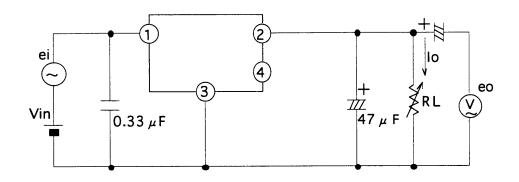


Fig. 3 Standard measuring circuit of critical rate of ripple rejection

```
f=120Hz sine wave
ei(rms)=0.5V
Vin=7V (PQ05RD1B)
=11V (PQ09RD1B)
=14V (PQ12RD1B)
Io=0.5A
RR=201og (ei(rms)/eo(rms))
```



| ED-97029B | July 3, 2001 | MODEL No. | PAGE | 11/17

## 4. Reliability

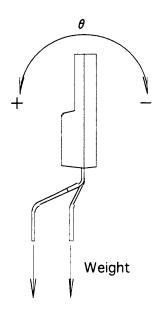
The reliability of products shall satisfy items listed below.

Confidence level: 90% LTPD: 10%/20%

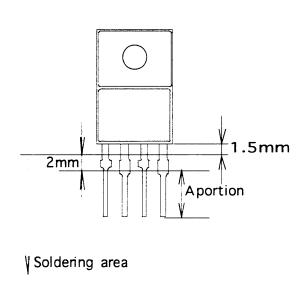
Test Items	Test Conditions	Failure Judgement Criteria	Samples (n) Defective(C)
Temperature cycling	1 cycle -40°C to +150°C (30min) (30min) 20 cycles test	Vo <l×0.8< td=""><td>n=22, C=0</td></l×0.8<>	n=22, C=0
Humidity (Steady State)	+60℃,90%RH, 1000h	Vo>U×1.2	n=22, C=0
Damp Heat cyclic	1 cycle: -20°C to 70°C (2h) (2h)  Transfer time between high and low temp. is 1h 40 cycles test, 90%RH	RegL>U×1.2 RegI>U×1.2	n=22, C=0
High temp. storage	+150℃, 1000h	RR <l×0.8< td=""><td>n=22, C=0</td></l×0.8<>	n=22, C=0
Low temp. storage	-40℃, 1000h	Vi-o>U×1.2	n=22, C=0
Operation life	Ta=25℃, Pd=1.4W, 1000h	V1-0>UX1.2	n=22, C=0
Mechanical shock	$15$ km/s <sup>2</sup> , 0.5ms 3 times/ $\pm$ X, $\pm$ Y, $\pm$ Z		n=11, C=0
Vibration (Variable frequency)	200m/s <sup>2</sup> , 100 to 2000 to 100Hz/4 min 4 times/ X, Y, Z direction	U: Upper specification limit	n=11, C=0
Soldering heat	260°C, 10 s, Dip up to 1.5mm from resin portion *2	L: Lower	n=11, C=0
Electrostatic discharge	±250V, 200pF, 0Ω Between GND and each terminal/ 3 times	specification limit	n=11, C=0
Robustness of Termination (Tensile test)	Weight: 10N 30 s/ each terminal	Failure if it has breakdown and	n=11, C=0
Robustness of Termination (Bending test)	Weight: 2.5N 0° ~90° ~0° ~-90° ~0° each terminal *1	loosened pin.	n=11, C=0
Solderability	230±5℃, 5±0.5 s Use rogin flux *2	Failure if solder shall not be adhere at the area of 95% or more A portion.	n=11, C=0

ED-97022B	July 3,	2001
MODEL No.	D1B	PAGE 12/17

\*1 Terminal bending direction is shown below.



\*2 Soldering area is shown below.



## 5. Outgoing inspeciton

TABLE II-A single sampling plans for normal inspection based on ISO 2859 is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

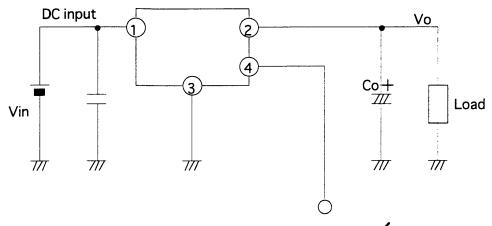
Defect	Inspection items	AQL (%)	Judgement criteria
Major defect	Electrical characteristics Unreadable marking	0.1	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	Appearance Dimensions	0.4	

ED-97022B July 3, 2001

MODEL No. PAGE
PQ\*\*RD1B 13/17

#### 6. Supplement

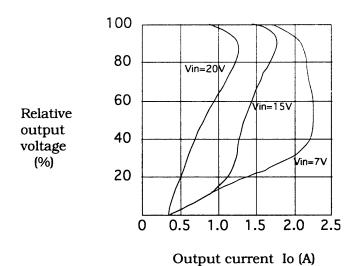
# 6.1 Example of application



ON-OFF signal High or Open: Output ON Low: Output OFF

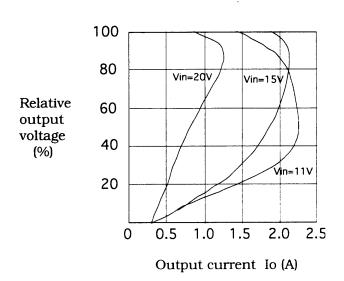
## 6.2 Overcurrent protection characteristics (Typical value)

## (1) PQ05RD1B

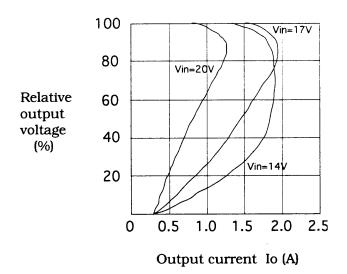


#D-97022B July 3, 2001 MODEL No. PAGE PQ\*\*RD1B 14/17

## (2) PQ09RD1B



#### (3) PQ12RD1B

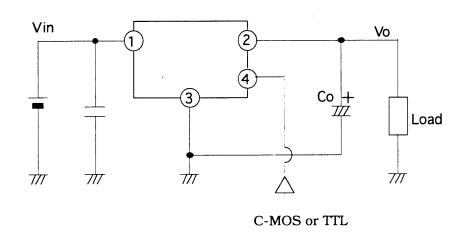


ED-97022B July 3, 2001

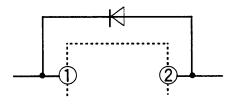
MODEL No. PAGE
PQ RD1B 15/17

#### 7. Notes

#### 7.1 External connection



- (1) Please perform the shortest wiring for connection between Co and the individual terminal. There is case that oscillation occurs easily by kinds of capacitor capacity and how to wire. Before you use this device, you should confirm output voltage in your actual using conditions.
- (2) The output ON/OFF control input terminal ④ is conpatible with LS-TTL, and direct driving by TTL or C-MOS standard logic (RCA 4000 series) is also available. In case that ON/OFF terminal is not used, we recommend to pull up the ON/OFF terminal without resistance to input voltage.
- (3) As voltage application under conditions that the device pin is inserted divergently or reversely, may occur the degradation of characteristics or breakdown of the device, please avoid it absolutely.
- (4) In applying greater voltage to the output terminal ② than the voltage of the DC input terminal ①, breakdown of the device may occur. Especially in the case that the DC input terminal ① is short-circuited with GND, under the normal condition, the charge that is being charged into the output capacitor (Co) flows into the input side. This may cause breakdown of the device. In such case, please connect a silicon diode as shown below in the schematic.



ED-97022B	July 3, 2001
MQDEL No. PQ**RI	PAGE 16/17

#### 7.2 Mounting

- (1) Please perform processing so that mechanical stress shall not be applied to the surface of the terminal and mold resin.
- (2) Please fix the device on the heat sink with tightening torque of 0.4 to 0.5N · m by using M3 biss. At that time, please perform processing so that mechanical stress shall not be applied to the terminal and mold resin. It is recommended to use flat washer for tightening a screw. Strictly observe the following items to effectively radiate the heat generated in the device inside.
  - (a) Warp and unevenness shall not occur on the contact surface of the heat sink and device.
  - (b) Metal dust and burr shall not be attached to the contact surface of the heat sink and device.
  - (c) Uniformly apply silicon grease on the contact surface of the heat sink and device. Please select the grease having no secular alteration in the operating temperature range. And, grease to be used
    - ① No secular variation in operating temperature range.
    - ② Base oil does not separate and it does not stay in the device.
    - ③ If base oil stay in the device, operation and life time are not given bad affection. For example, we recommend G-746; Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd. and SC-102; Toray Dow Corning Silicone Co., Ltd.

#### 7.3 Thermal protection design

Internal power dissipation (Pd) of device is obtained by the following equation.

 $Pd=Io\times(Vin-Vo)+Vin\times Iq$ 

If the maximum operating temperature and Pd when the element is operating are determined, use such a heat sink as allows the element to operate within the safety operation area specified by the degrading curve in Fig. 1. Insufficient radiation gives an unfavorable influence to the normal operation and reliability of the device. In the case of no passage within the safety operational territory illustrated by the degrading curve, the overheat protection circuit operates to let output fall down, please avoid keeping such condition for a long time.

July 3,	2001
	PAGE
DIB-	17/17
	July 3,

#### 7.4 Static electricity

Good caution must be exercised against static electricity since this device consists of a bipolar IC. Following are some examples of preventive measures against excessive voltages such as caused by static electricity.

- (a) Human body must be grounded to discharge the static electricity from the body or cloth.
- (b) Anything that is in contact with the device such as workbench, inserter, or measuring instrument must be grounded.
- (c) Use a solder dip basin with a minimum leak current (isolation resistance  $10M\Omega$  or more) from the commercial power supply. Also the solder dip basin must be grounded.

#### 7.5 For cleaning

- (1) Solvent cleaning: Solvent temperature 45°C or less Immersion for 3 min or less
- (2) Ultrasonic cleaning: The effect to device by ultrasonic cleaning differs by cleaning bath size, ultrasonic power output, cleaning time, PCB size or device mounting condition etc. Please test it in actual using condition and confirm that doesn't occur any defect before starting the ultrasonic cleaning.
- (3) Applicable solvent: Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol, Isopropyl alcohol

In case when the other solvent is used, there are cases that the packaging resin is eroded. Please use the other solvent after thorough confirmation is performed in actual using condition.