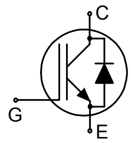
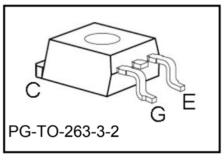
Low Loss DuoPack : IGBT in TrenchStop® and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon 3 diode





- Very low $V_{CE(sat)}$ 1.5 V (typ.)
- Maximum Junction Temperature 175 °C
- Short circuit withstand time – 5µs
- Designed for frequency inverters for washing machines, fans, pumps and vacuum cleaners
- TrenchStop® and Fieldstop technology for 600 V applications offers :
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
  - very high switching speed
- Low EMI
- Qualified according to JEDEC[1] for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : http://www.infineon.com/igbt/

Type	V_{CE}	$I_{C;Tc=100°C}$	$V_{CE(sat),Tj=25°C}$	$T_{j,max}$	Marking	Package
IKB06N60T	600V	6A	1.5V	175°C	K06T60	PG-TO-263-3-2

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{jmax} T_C = 25°C T_C = 100°C	I_C	 12 6	A
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	18	
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq$ 600V, $T_j \leq$ 175°C	-	18	
Diode forward current, limited by T_{jmax} T_C = 25°C T_C = 100°C	I_F	 12 6	
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Fpuls}	18	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	±20	V
Short circuit withstand time[2)] V_{GE} = 15V, $V_{CC} \leq$ 400V, $T_j \leq$ 150°C	t_{SC}	5	µs
Power dissipation T_C = 25°C	P_{tot}	88	W
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40...+175	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55...+175	
Soldering temperature (reflow soldering, MSL1)		245	

[1] J-STD-020 and JESD-022

[2)] Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		1.7	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJCD}		2.6	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}		62	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}	Footprint 6cm² Cu	65 40	

Electrical Characteristic, at T_j = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	V_{GE}=0V, I_C=0.25mA	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=6A T_j=25°C T_j=175°C	 - -	 1.5 1.8	 2.05 	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	V_{GE}=0V, I_F=6A T_j=25°C T_j=175°C	 - -	 1.6 1.6	 2.05 -	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	I_C=0.18mA, V_{CE}=V_{GE}	4.1	4.6	5.7	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V T_j=25°C T_j=175°C	 - -	 - -	 40 700	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	V_{CE}=20V, I_C=6A	-	3.6	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	R_{Gint}			none		Ω

Dynamic Characteristic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{CE}=25V,	-	368	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	V_{GE}=0V,	-	28	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	f=1MHz	-	11	-	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	V_{CC}=480V, I_C=6A V_{GE}=15V	-	42	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	7	-	nH
Short circuit collector current[1)]	$I_{C(SC)}$	V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}≤5µs V_{CC} = 400V, T_j = 25°C	-	55	-	A

[1)] Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_j=25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	T_j=25°C, V_{CC}=400V, I_C=6A, V_{GE}=0/15V, R_G=23Ω, L_σ [2)]=60nH, C_σ [2)]=40pF Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	9	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	6	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	130	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	58	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.09	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.11	-	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.2	-	
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	T_j=25°C, V_R=400V, I_F=6A, di_F/dt=550A/µs	-	123	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	190	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	5.3	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	450	-	A/µs

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_j=175 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	T_j=175°C, V_{CC}=400V, I_C=6A, V_{GE}=0/15V, R_G= 23Ω, L_σ [1)]=60nH, C_σ [1)]=40pF Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	9	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	8	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	165	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	84	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.14	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.18	-	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.335	-	
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	T_j=175°C V_R=400V, I_F=6A, di_F/dt=550A/µs	-	180	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	500	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	7.6	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	285	-	A/µs

[2)] Leakage inductance L_σ and Stray capacity C_σ due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.
[1)] Leakage inductance L_σ and Stray capacity C_σ due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

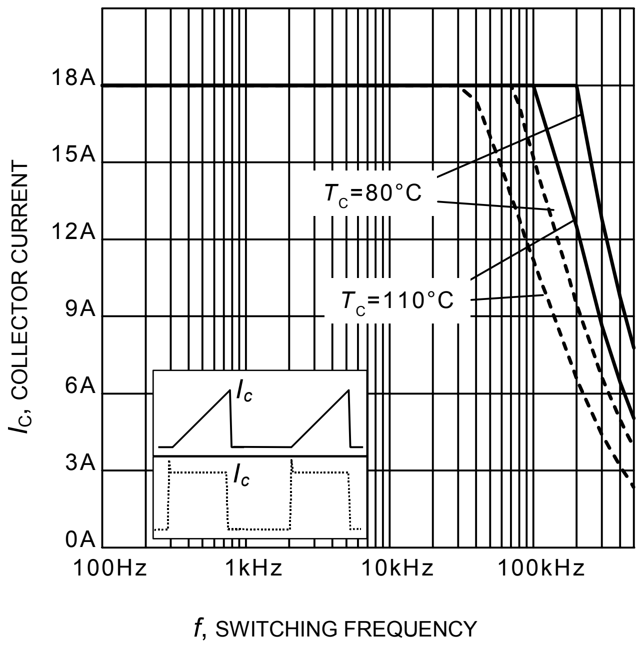


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
($T_j \leq 175°C$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 400V$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15V$, $R_G = 23\Omega$)

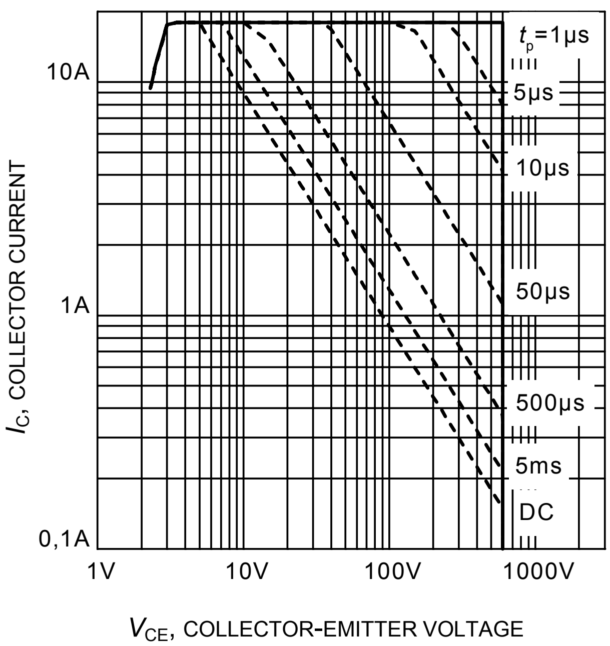


Figure 2. Safe operating area
($D = 0$, $T_C = 25°C$, $T_j \leq 175°C$; $V_{GE}=15V$)

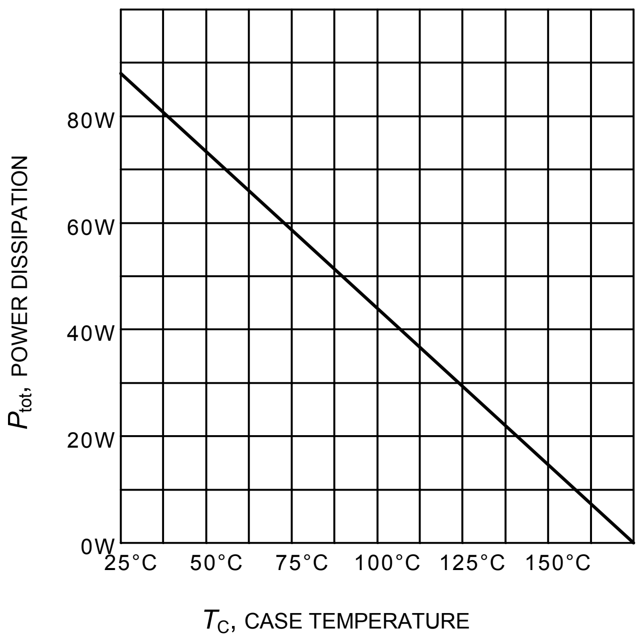


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
($T_j \leq 175°C$)

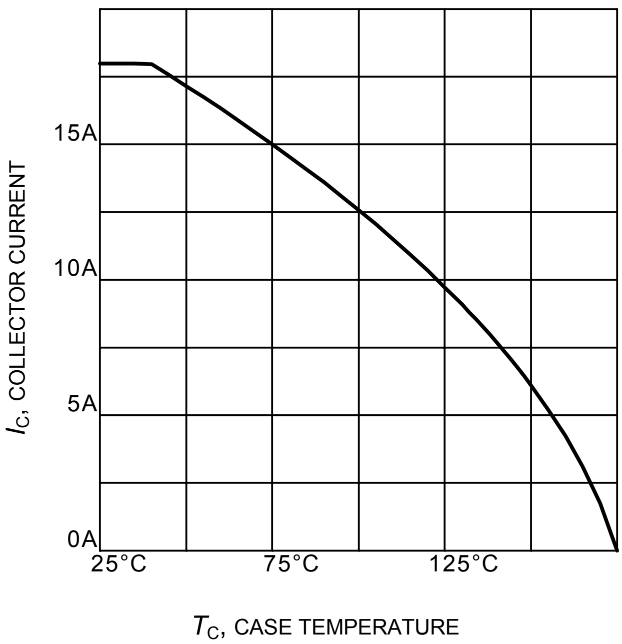


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
($V_{GE} \geq 15V$, $T_j \leq 175°C$)

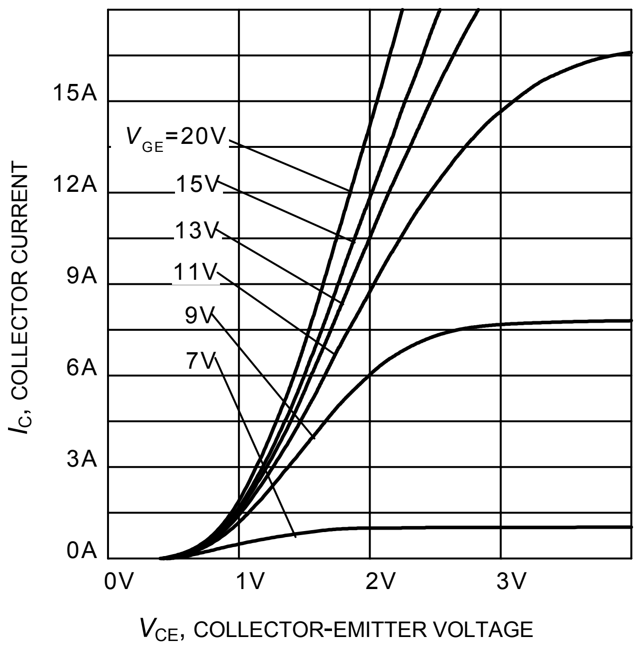


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic
(T_j = 25°C)

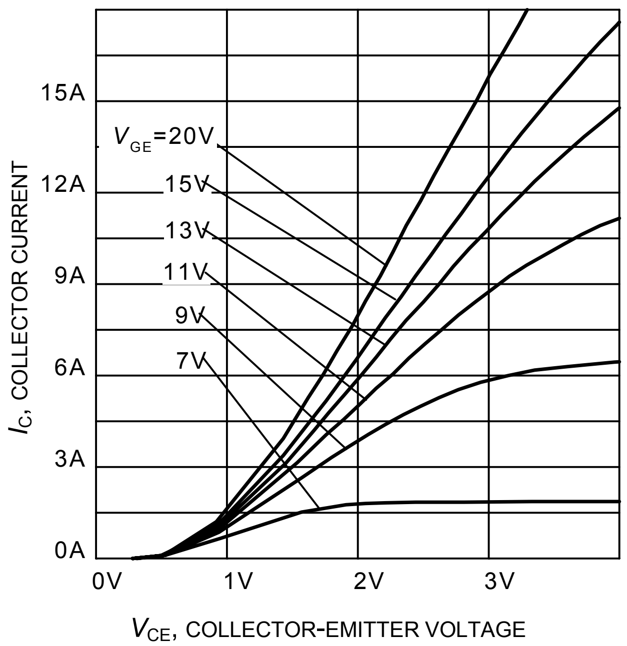


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic
(T_j = 175°C)

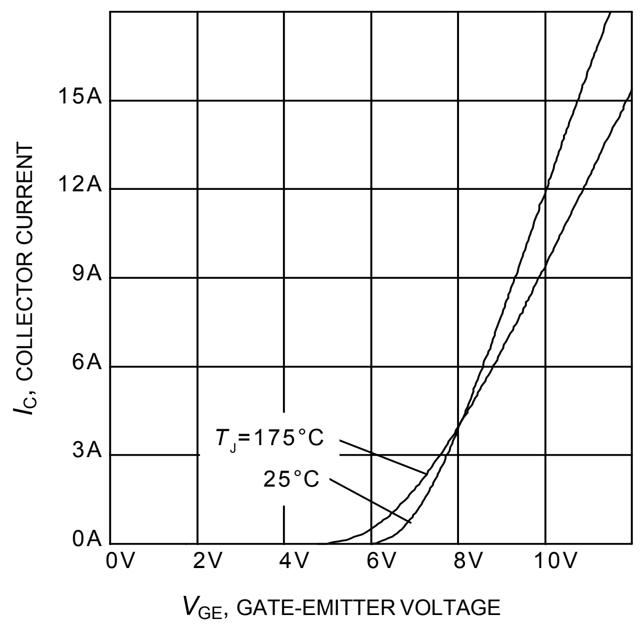


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic
(V_{CE}=20V)

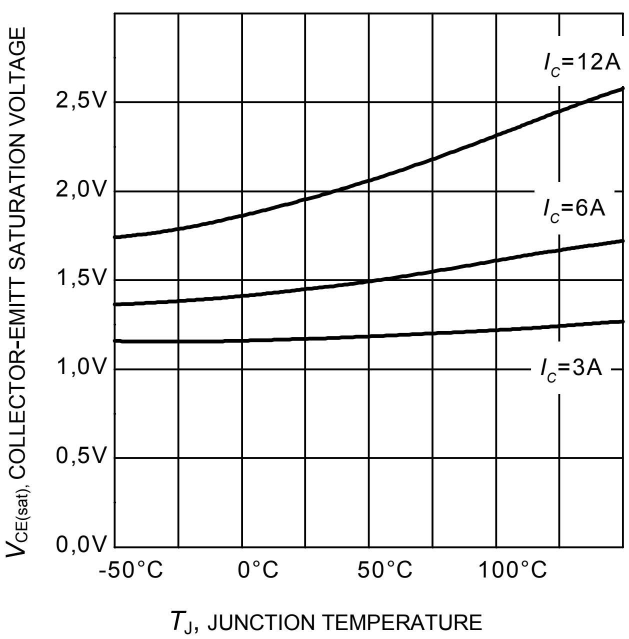


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
(V_{GE} = 15V)

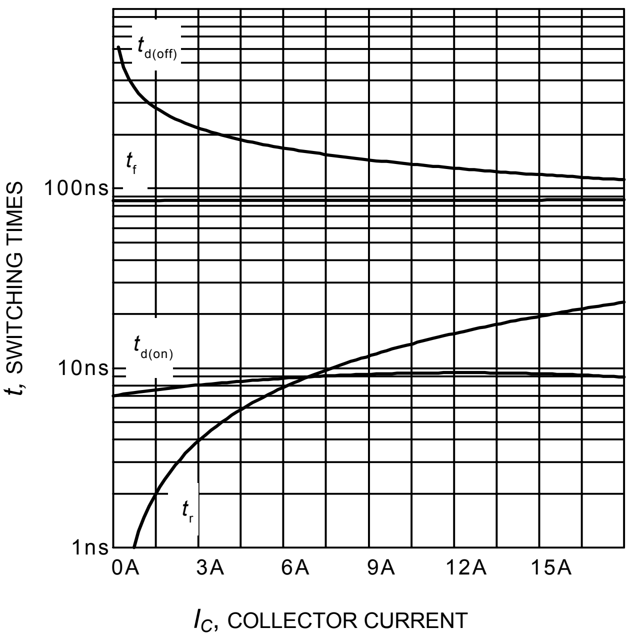


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, T_J=175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, R_G = 23Ω, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

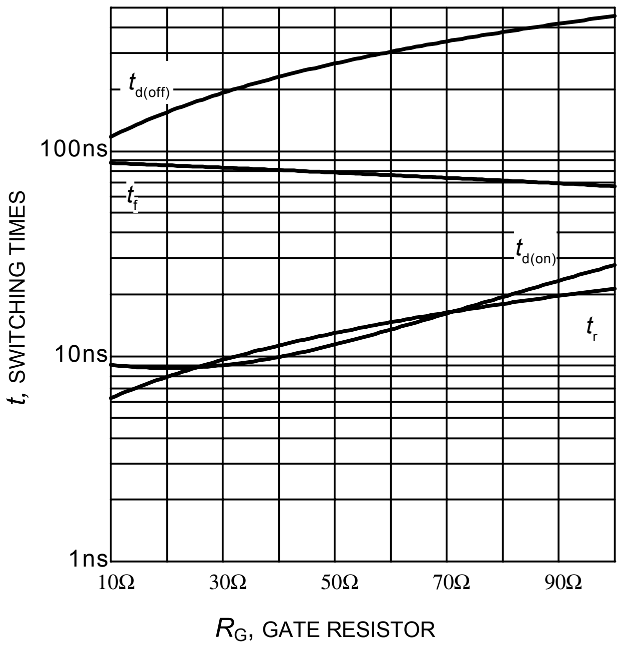


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, T_J=175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 6A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

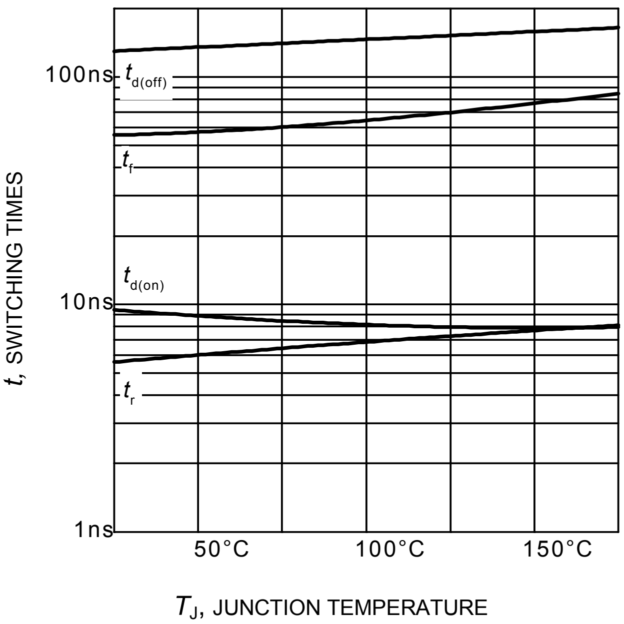


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 6A, R_G = 23Ω, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

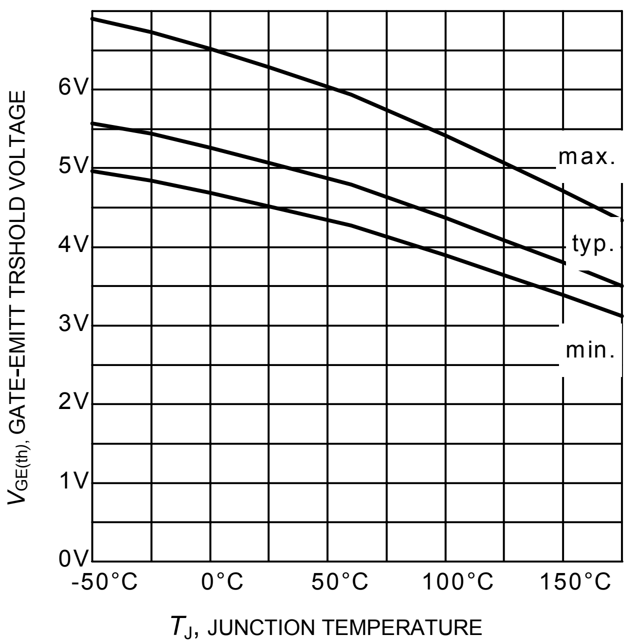


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
(I_C = 0.18mA)

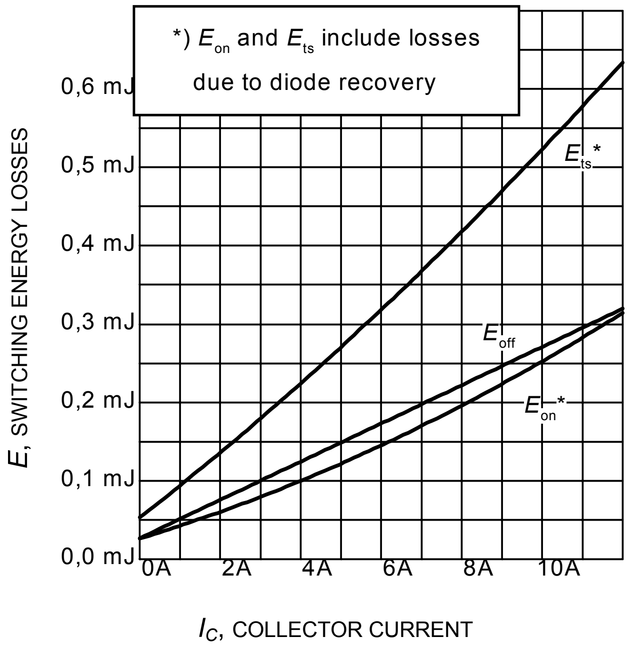


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
(inductive load, T_J=175°C, V_{CE}=400V, V_{GE}=0/15V, R_G=23Ω, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

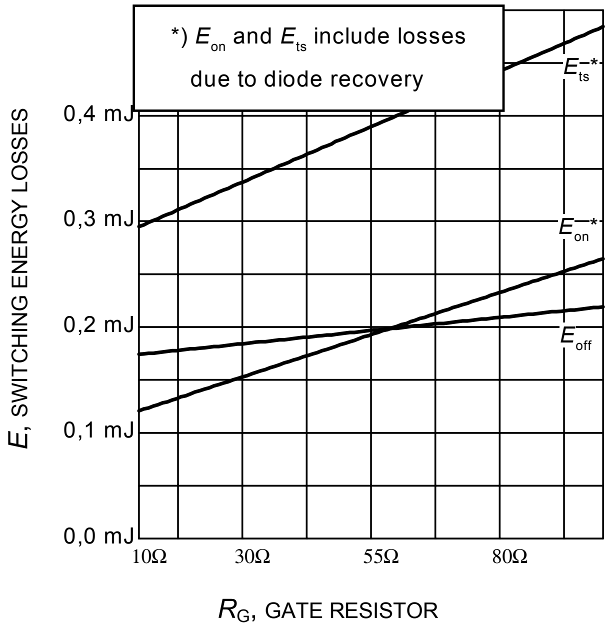


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, T_J=175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 6A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

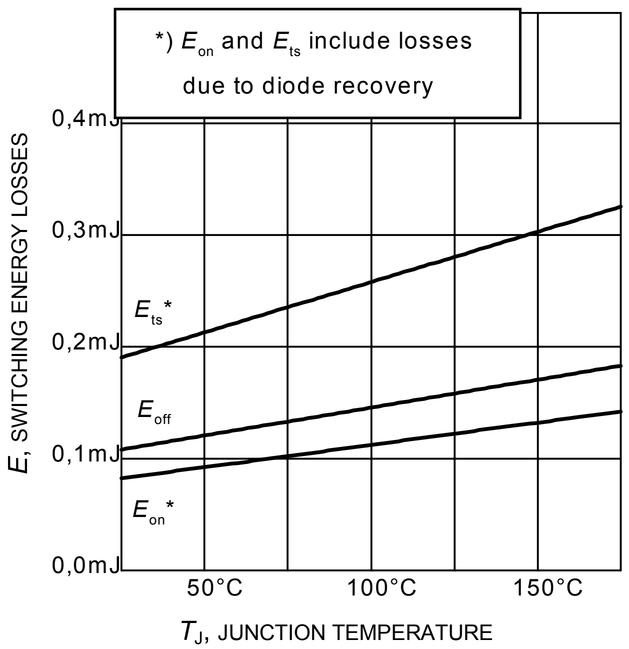


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, V_{CE}=400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 6A, R_G = 23Ω, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

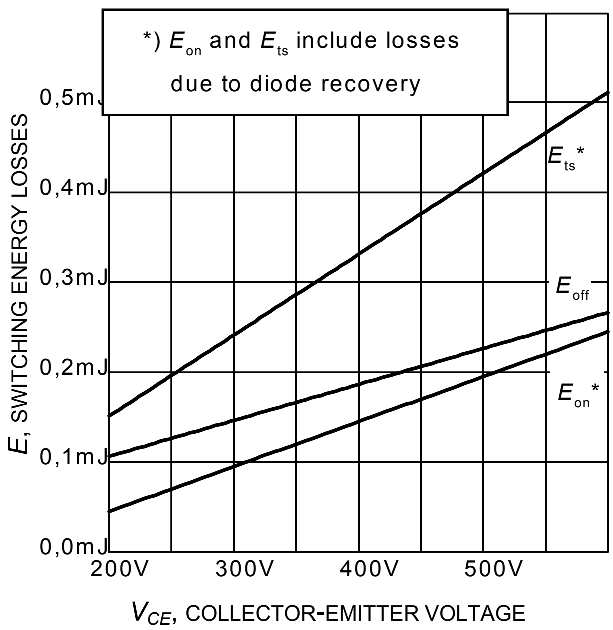


Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage
(inductive load, T_J = 175°C, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 6A, R_G = 23Ω, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

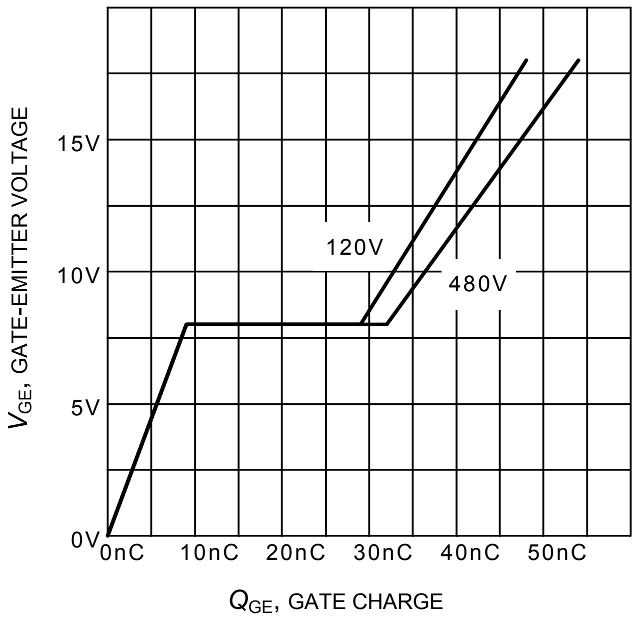


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
(I_C = 6 A)

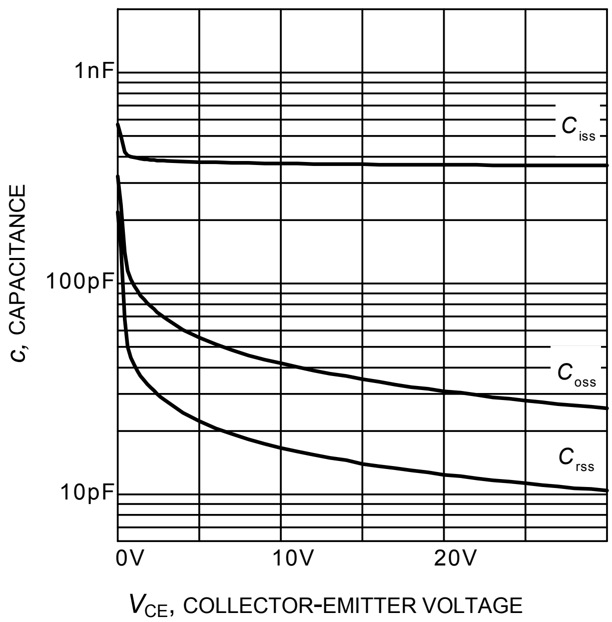


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
(V_{GE}=0V, f = 1 MHz)

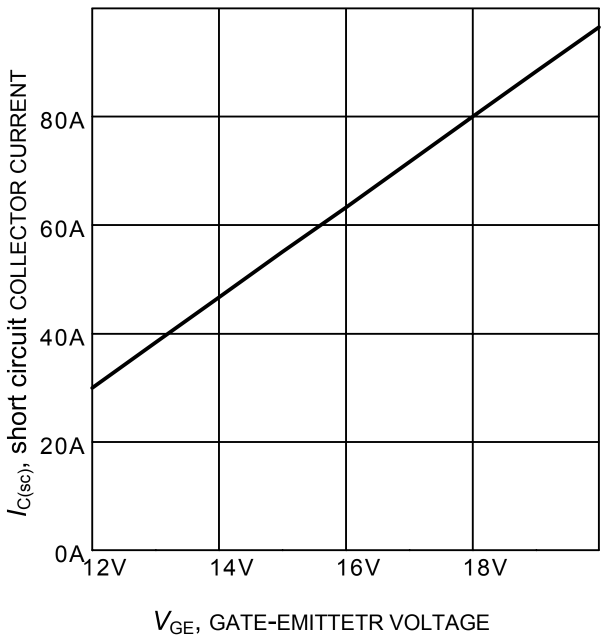


Figure 19. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq$ 400V, $T_j \leq$ 150°C)

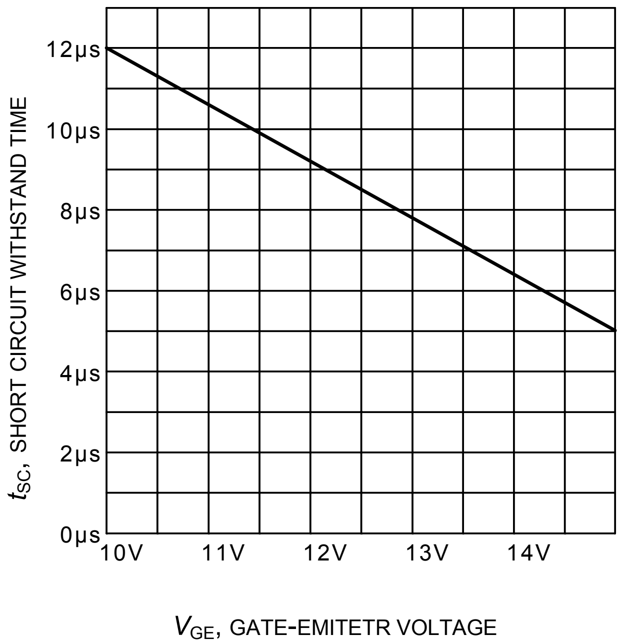


Figure 20. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
(V_{CE}=600V, start at T_J=25°C, T_{Jmax}<150°C)

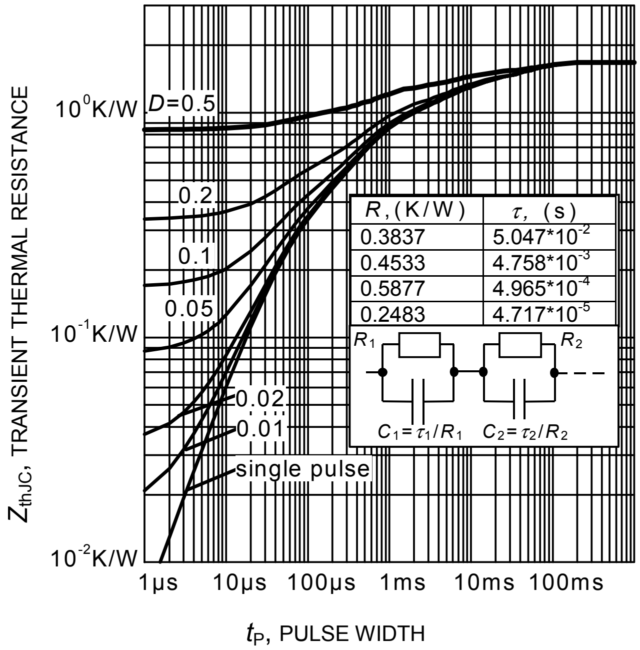


Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal resistance
($D = t_p / T$)

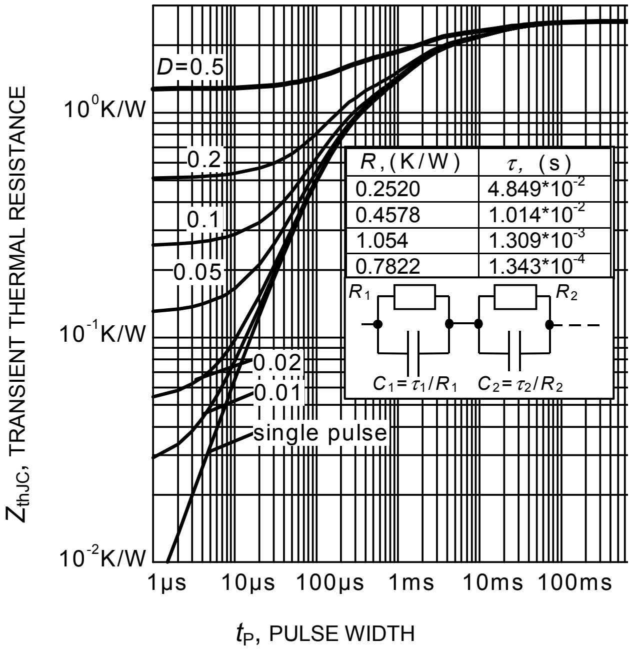


Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D=t_P/T$)

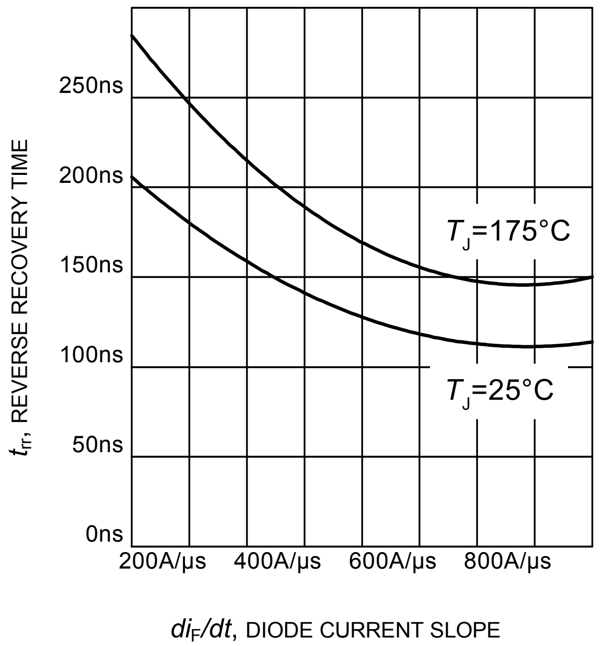


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
(V_R = 400V, I_F = 6A,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

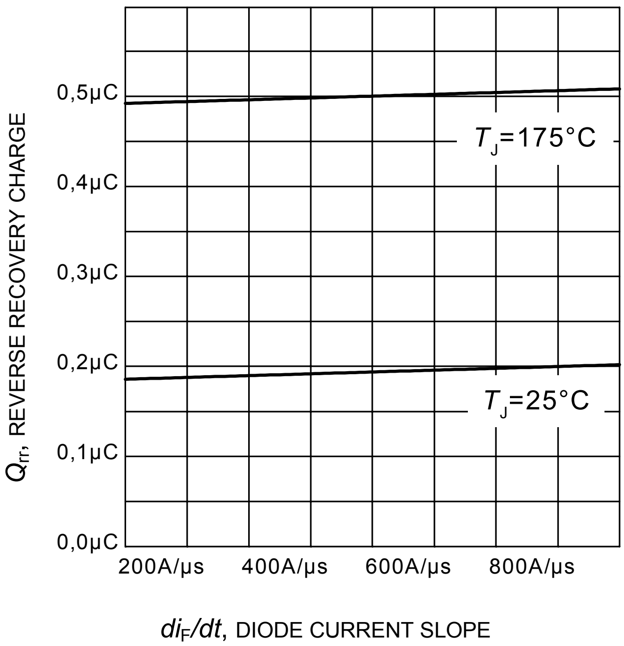


Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
(V_R=400V, I_F=6 A,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

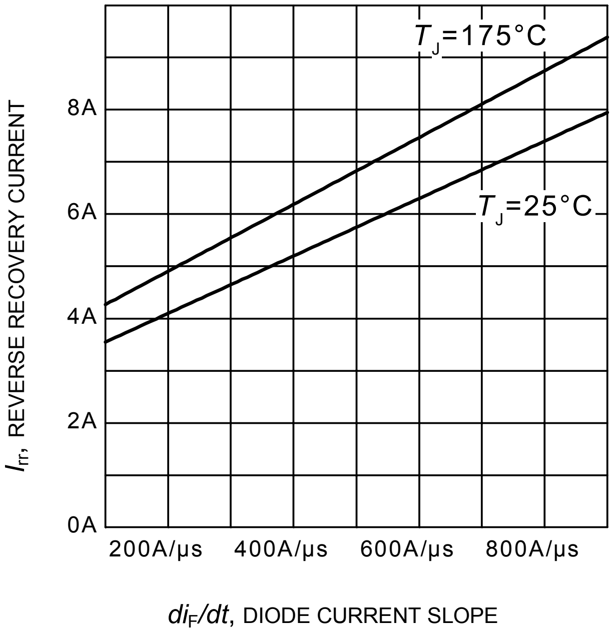


Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
(V_R = 400V, I_F = 6A,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

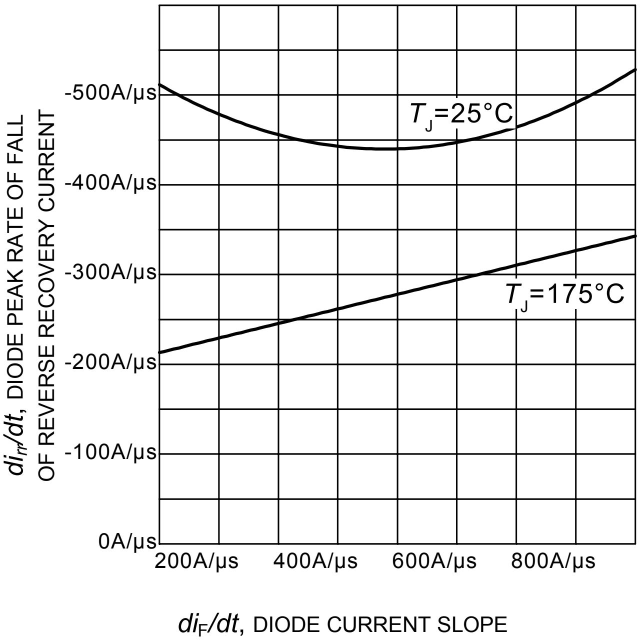


Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
(V_R = 400V, I_F = 6A,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

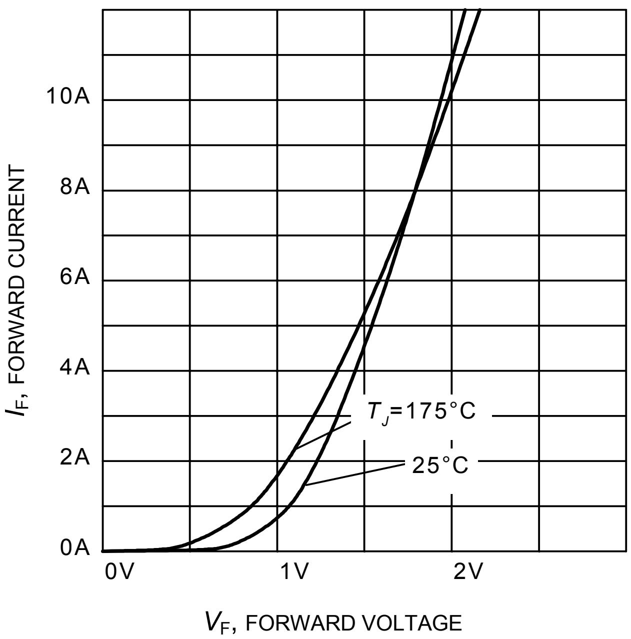


Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

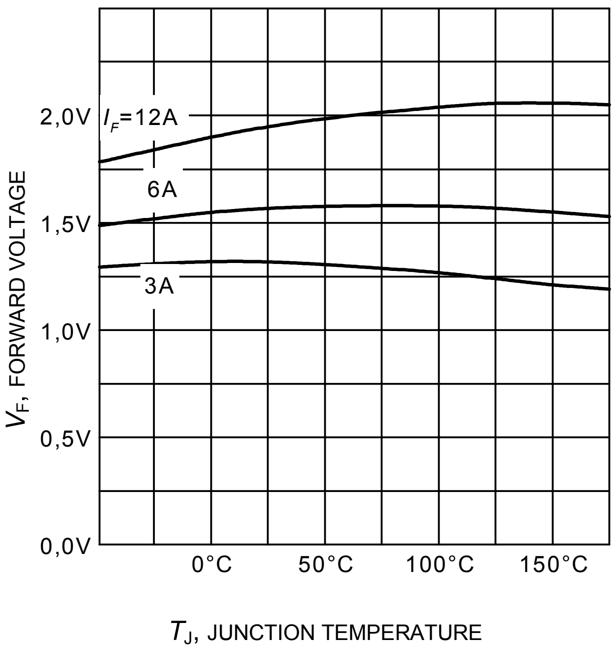


Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

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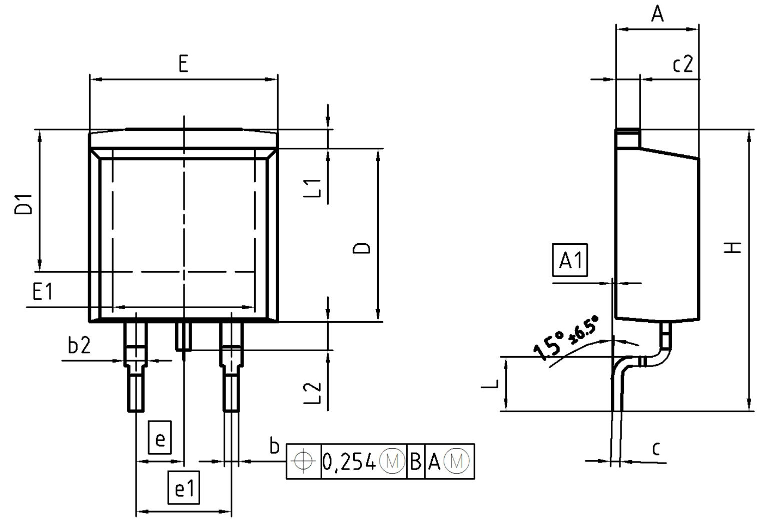
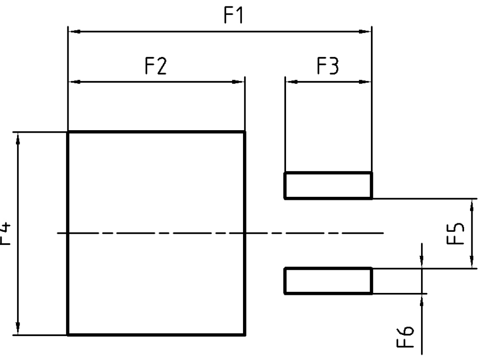


FOOTPRINT



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180
A1	0.00	0.25	0.000	0.010
b	0.65	0.85	0.026	0.033
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
c	0.33	0.65	0.013	0.026
c2	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
D	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372
D1	7.10	7.90	0.280	0.311
E	9.80	10.31	0.386	0.406
E1	6.50	8.60	0.256	0.339
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	2		2	
H	14.61	15.88	0.575	0.625
L	2.29	3.00	0.090	0.118
L1	0.70	1.60	0.028	0.063
L2	1.00	1.78	0.039	0.070
F1	16.05	16.25	0.632	0.640
F2	9.30	9.50	0.366	0.374
F3	4.50	4.70	0.177	0.185
F4	10.70	10.90	0.421	0.429
F5	3.65	3.85	0.144	0.152
F6	1.25	1.45	0.049	0.057

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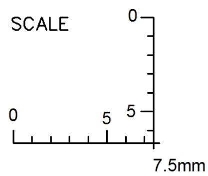
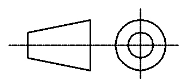
SCALE



EUROPEAN PROJECTION



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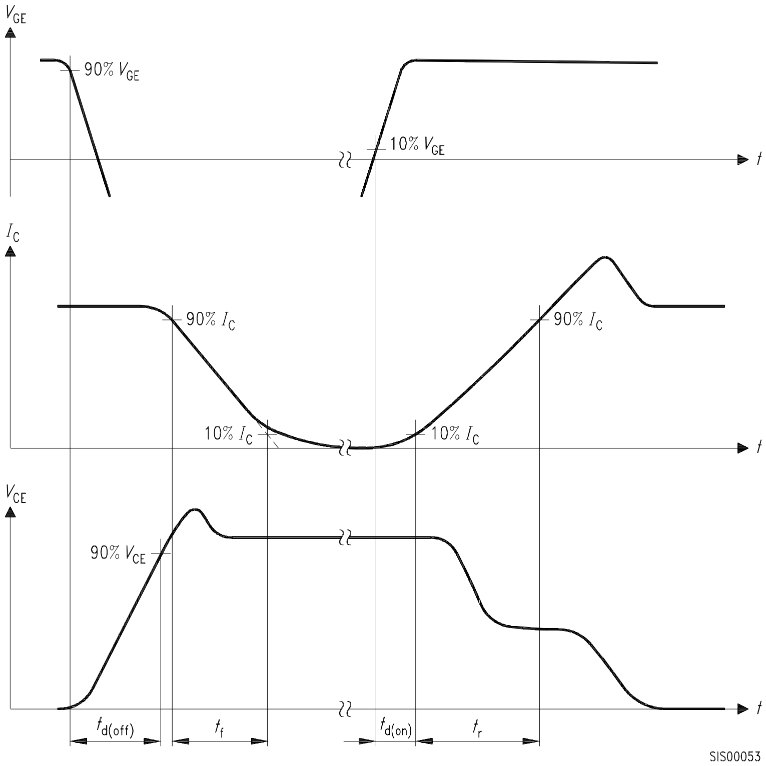

Figure A. Definition of switching times

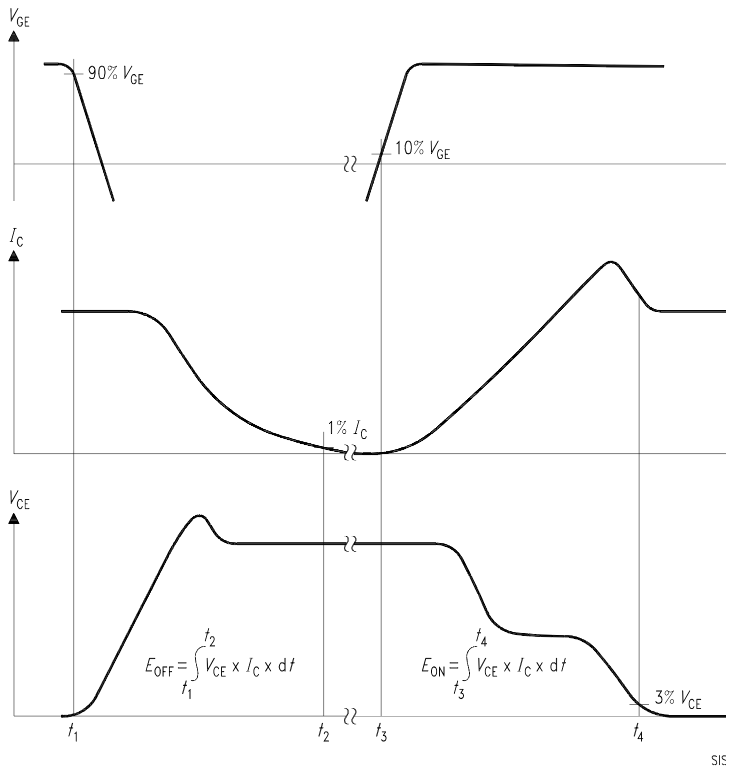

Figure B. Definition of switching losses

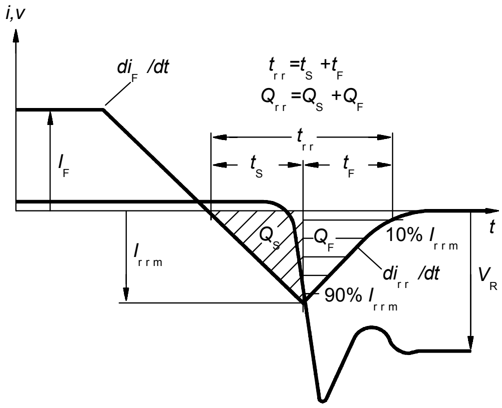

Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

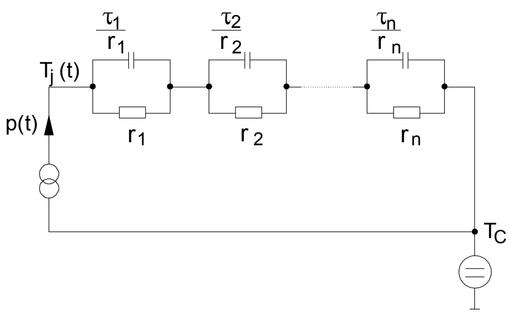

Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

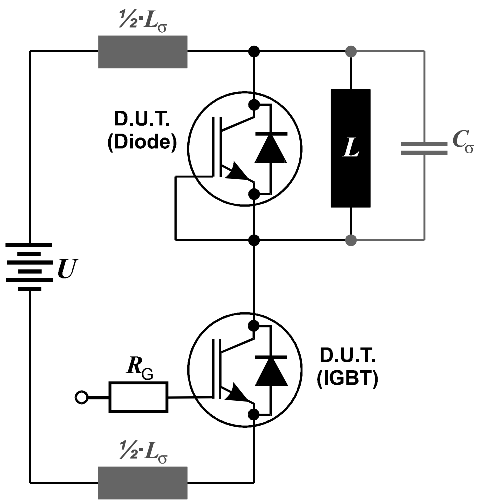

Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance L_σ =60nH
and Stray capacity C_σ =40pF.

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Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (**www.infineon.com**).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.