## WiFi 6 click

From MikroElektonika Documentation

**WiFi 6 click** is a mikroBUS<sup>TM</sup> add-on board with Bluegiga's WF121-A self-contained Wi-Fi module. With a fully integrated radio and 32-bit microcontroller, this module is ideal for embedded applications.

The module's 2.4GHz band radio is fully compliant with IEEE 802.11b/g/n and offers excellent radio performance. Allows end user applications to be embedded onto the integrated PIC32MX695H, a 32-bit 80MHz microcontroller with 128KB RAM and 512KB Flash memory, for development of lower-cost and smaller sized products. Also integrated on-board is a single power supply.

WiFi 6 click communicates with the target MCU through the mikroBUS<sup>™</sup> UART (TX, RX), SPI, or IC2, with additional functionality provided by CTS pin (in place of default mikroBUS<sup>™</sup> INT pin); a mikroProg connector allows to update the firmware of the internal PIC32. SPI interface can be accessed by jumpers on the click board. The board is designed to use a 3.3 power supply only.

## Features and usage notes



The integrated firmware provides Wi-Fi and networking stack services (TCP/IP, UDP, DHCP, DNS).

BGAPI host protocol for modem like usage. BGScript scripting language or native C-development for self-contained applications. On-board 32-bit embedded PIC32MX695H 80MHz, 128kB RAM and 512kB Flash memory MCU. TX Power: +17dBm RX Sensitivity: -97 dBm Automatically powers on RF circuitry only when

needed for power saving functionality. PIC32-series 32-bit MCU on module can reach a performance of 125 DMIPS while keeping low power consumption.

- Bluetooth coexistence system allows co-located WiFi and Bluetooth devices to be aware of each other, WF121-A supports sharing the integrated antenna or antenna connector with a Bluetooth device through the BT\_RF pad.
- I2C, SPI and UART interfaces.
- mikroProg connections for updating firmware for the on-board PIC32.

## Programming

This snippet shows how easy it is to connect to the WiFi 6 click and begin communication.

```
1 void main ()
 2 {
3
4
5
6
7
8
        TFT display output initialization.
      init TFT();
       //IISB HART initialization.
      11
         VF121 UART initialization.
      init WF121 UART();
15
16
17
       //Initialize BGLIB with our output function for sending messages
      BGLIB_INITIALIZE(uart_output);
       //Send a Hello command to verify the serial port is working.
18
      goto_state(wlan_state_hello);
20 }
```

Code examples that demonstrate the usage of WiFi 6 click with MikroElektronika hardware, written for mikroC for ARM is available on Libstock (http://libstock.mikroe.com/projects/view/1910/wifi-6-click-library).

## Resources

- WF121-A datasheet (http://www.silabs.com/Support%20Documents/RegisteredDocs/WF121-DataSheet.pdf)

- WiFi 6 click code examples on Libstock (http://libstock.mikroe.com/projects/view/1910/wifi-6-click-library)
- mikroBUS standard specifications (http://download.mikroe.com/documents/standards/mikrobus/mikrobus-standard-specification-v200.pdf)



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