EVALUATION KIT AVAILABLE

Complete Dual-Band Quadrature Transmitters

General Description

The MAX2361 dual-band, triple-mode complete transmitter for cellular phones represents an integrated and architecturally advanced solution for this application. The device takes a differential I/Q baseband input and converts it up to IF through a quadrature modulator and IF variable-gain amplifier (VGA). The signal is then routed to an external bandpass filter and upconverted to RF through an image-reject mixer and RF VGA. The signal is further amplified with an on-chip PA driver. An IF synthesizer, an RF synthesizer, a local oscillator (LO) buffer, and a 3-wire programmable bus complete the basic functional blocks of this IC. The MAX2363 supports single-band, single-mode (PCS) operation. The MAX2365 supports single-band cellular dual-mode operation.

The MAX2361 enables architectural flexibility because of its two IF voltage-controlled oscillators (VCOs), two IF ports, two RF LO input ports, and three PA driver output ports. The devices allow the use of a single receive IF frequency and split-band PCS filters for optimum out-ofband noise performance. The low-noise PA drivers allow up to three RF SAW filters to be eliminated. Select a mode of operation by loading data on the SPI™/QSPI™/MICROWIRE™-compatible 3-wire serial bus. Charge-pump current, IF/RF gain balancing, standby, shutdown plus additional functions, are also controlled with the serial interface.

The MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365 come in a 48-pin TQFN-EP and QFN-EP package and are specified for the extended (-40°C to +85°C) temperature range.

Applications

CDMA, cdma2000[™], TDMA, W-CDMA, **GAIT Mobile Phones** Satellite Phones Wireless Data Links (WAN/LAN) Wireless Local Area Networks (LANs) High-Speed Data Modems

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet. Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.

SPI and QSPI are trademarks of Motorola, Inc. MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp. cdma2000 is a trademark of Telecommunications Industry Association.



Features

- Dual-Band, Triple-Mode Operation
- +9dBm Linear Output Power
- 100dB Power-Control Range
- Supply Current Drops as Output Power is Reduced
- Dual Synthesizer for IF and RF LO
- Dual On-Chip IF VCO
- ♦ QSPI/SPI/MICROWIRE-Compatible 3-Wire Bus
- Digitally Controlled Operational Modes
- Single Sideband Upconverter Eliminates SAW Filters
- Directly Drives Power Amplifier

Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|
| MAX2361EGM | -40°C to +85°C | 48 QFN-EP* |
| MAX2361ETM | -40°C to +85°C | 48 TQFN-EP* |
| MAX2363EGM | -40°C to +85°C | 48 QFN-EP* |
| MAX2363ETM | -40°C to +85°C | 48 TQFN-EP* |
| MAX2365EGM | -40°C to +85°C | 48 QFN-EP* |
| MAX2365ETM | -40°C to +85°C | 48 TQFN-EP* |
| *EP - exposed page | Idle | |

= exposed paddle

V_{CCRFC} RFCP VCCIFC GND GND GND LOL LOH RFPLL VCC FCP œ 44 43 41 40 6 8 RFPLL REF RFL 36 IFPI N.C. RFH0 35 LOCK 34 NC ΜΑΧΙΜ TANKH+ VCCDRV 33 IDLE TANKH-32 TANKL+ V_{CC} 6 31 TXGATE 30 TANKL-IFLO IFINI + 8 29 IFINL-9 28 V_{CC} IFINH+ 10 27 SHDN IFINH-11 26 |-BIAS 12 + SI D CK IFOUTH-FOUTH+ **IFOUTL-**FOUTL+ g 20/ 20/ ð (T) QFN-EP

Functional Diagram

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| V _{CC} to GND0.3V to +3.6V |
|--|
| RFL, RFH0, RFH1, |
| VCCIFCP, VCCRFCP, VCCDRV to GND0.3V to +5.5V |
| DI, CLK, CS, GC, SHDN, TXGATE, |
| IDLE, LOCK to GND0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V) |
| AC Input Pins (IFINL_, IFINH_, Q_, I_, TANKL_, TANKH_, |
| REF, RFPLL, LOL, LOH)1.0V peak |
| |

| Digital Input Current (SHDN, TXGATE, IDLE, |
|---|
| CLK, DI, CS)±10mA |
| Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$) |
| 48-Pin QFN-EP (derate 27mW/°C above +70°C)2.1W |
| Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C |
| Junction Temperature+150°C |
| Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365, $\overline{SHDN} = \overline{IDLE} = \overline{TXGATE} = high$, $V_{GC} = 2.4V$, $R_{BIAS} = 10k\Omega$, $I_{CC}CTRL$ is in power-up state, no AC signals applied, $V_{CC} = +2.7V$ to +3.3V, $V_{BAT} = +2.7V$ to +4.5V, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = V_{BAT} = +2.8V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, and operating modes are defined in Table 9.)

| PARAMETER | | CONDITIO | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|-----|--------------------|----|
| Operating Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | | | 2.7 | | 3.3 | V |
| Operating Supply voltage | VBAT | VBAT | | | | 4.5 | V |
| | | $V_{GC} = 0.6V$ | $V_{GC} = 0.6V$ | | 50 | 82 | |
| | | $V_{GC} = 1.95V$ | | | 55 | 90 | |
| | | MPL = 0 | $P_{RFH0} = +5dBm$ | | 114 | | |
| | PCS mode | IVIPL = 0 | $P_{RFH1} = +5dBm$ | | 121 | | |
| | | | $P_{RFH0} = +8dBm$ | | 137 | | |
| | | MPL = 1 | $P_{RFH1} = +8dBm$ | | 146 | | |
| | | $V_{GC} = 0.6V$ | I | | 48 | 78 | |
| | Cellular | $V_{GC} = 1.95V$ | | | 53 | 86 | |
| Operating Supply Current | mode | $MPL = 0, P_{RFL}$ | $MPL = 0, P_{RFL} = +5dBm$ | | 102 | | mA |
| | | $MPL = 1, P_{RFL} = +8dBm$ | | | 126 | | |
| | FM mode | $V_{GC} = 1.95V$ | | | 75 | 85 | |
| | | MPL = 1, P _{RFL} | $MPL = 1, P_{RFL} = +11 dBm$ | | 87 | | |
| | Addition for IFLO buffer | | | | 3.4 | 7.7 | |
| | $\overline{IDLE} = Iow, PSS = O$ | | | | 6 | 10 | |
| | $\overline{IDLE} = Iow, PSS = 1$ | | | | 7.2 | 12.2 | |
| | TXGATE = low, RFPLL off | | | | 11 | 17 | |
| Leakage Current | $\overline{SHDN} = Iow,$ | SHDN = Iow, RFH_, RFL, V _{CCDRV} | | | | 20 | μA |
| Logic High | | | | 0.7V _{CC} | | | V |
| Logic Low | | | | | | 0.3V _{CC} | V |
| Logic Input Current | | | | -5 | | +5 | μA |
| GC Input Current | | | | | 6 | 11 | μA |
| GC Input Resistance During Shutdown | $\overline{\text{SHDN}} = \text{Iow}$ | 215 | 340 | | kΩ | | |
| Lock Indicator High | 100k Ω pullup | 100kΩ pullup load | | | | | V |
| Lock Indicator Low | 100kΩ pullup | load | | | | 1.0 | V |



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365 EV kit, 50 Ω system, operating modes as defined in Table 9, TEMP_COMP = 10, input voltage at I and Q = 600mV_{P-P} differential, 300kHz quadrature CW tones, RF and IF synthesizers locked, V_{REF} = 200mV_{P-P} at 19.68MHz, V_{CC} = V_{BAT} = SHDN = IDLE = \overline{CS} = TXGATE = 2.8V, LOH, LOL input power = -10dBm, f_{LOL} = 966.38MHz, f_{LOH} = 1750MHz, f_{RFH0} = f_{RFH1} = 1880.38MHz, f_{RFL} = 836MHz, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | CON | DITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------|--|
| MODULATOR, QUADRATURE MO | DDES (CDMA, PCS, FM_IQ) | | | | | | |
| | IF_SEL = 0 | | | 120-235 | | | |
| IF Frequency Range | IF_SEL = 1 | | | 120-380 | | MHz | |
| I/Q Common-Mode Input Voltage | $V_{CC} = +2.7V \text{ to } +3.3V \text{ (N}$ | otes 1, 2, 3) | 1.35 | V _{CC} / 2 | V _{CC} - 1.25 | V | |
| I_/Q_ Input Current | Common-mode voltage = | = 1.4V | | | 6 | μA | |
| IF Gain-Control Range | $V_{GC} = 0.6V$ to 2.4V, IFG | = 100 | | 85 | | dB | |
| IF Output Power at IFOUTL and IFOUTH | IFG = 100, ACPR = -60d | Bc (Note 4) | | -7 | | dBm | |
| Gain Variation Over Temperature | Relative to +25°C, T _A = - | 40°C to +85°C (Note 1) | -1 | | +1 | dB | |
| Carrier Suppression | V _{GC} = 2.4V, IFG = 100, f | IFOUTL = 130.38MHz (Note 1) | 35 | 43 | | dB | |
| Sideband Suppression | V _{GC} = 2.4V, IFG = 100, f | FOUTL = 130.38MHz (Note 1) | 35 | 45 | | dB | |
| IF Output Noise | V _{GC} = 2.4V, noise measu | red at 20MHz offset | | -143 | | dBm/ Hz | |
| MODULATOR, FM MODE | | | | | | 1 | |
| | $V_{GC} = 2.4V$, IFG = 100, I/Q modulation | | | -9 | | | |
| Output Power at IFOUTL | V _{GC} = 2.4V, IFG = 100, direct VCO modulation | | | -4 | | | |
| UPCONVERTER AND PREDRIVE | R | | | | | | |
| | IF_SEL = 0 | | | 120–235 | | | |
| IF Frequency Range | IF_SEL = 1 | | 180–380 | | | MHz | |
| RFL Frequency Range | RFL port | | 800–1000 | | | MHz | |
| RFH_ Frequency Range | RFH0 and RFH1 ports | | 1700-2000 | | | MHz | |
| LOL Frequency Range | | | 800–1150 | | | MHz | |
| LOH Frequency Range | | | | 800-2360 | | MHz | |
| LO Input Power | LOL, LOH | | -10 | -7 | | dBm | |
| RFPLL Frequency Range | PSS = 0 | | | | 1300 | MHz | |
| KIFEL Hequency Kange | PSS = 1 | | 2360 | | | | |
| | | RFL | | 19.2 | 9.2 | | |
| | MPL = 0, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$ | RFH0 | | 18.9 | | | |
| Conversion Gain | | RFH1 | | 17.6 | | dB | |
| | MDI 1 | RFL | | 22.4 | | dB | |
| | MPL = 1, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$ | RFH0 | | 22.8 | | | |
| | | RFH1 | 21.4 | | | | |
| RF Gain-Control Range | $V_{GC} = 0.6V \text{ to } 2.4V$ | | 40 | | | dB | |
| Image Signal | At maximum output powe | er | | -35 | | dBc | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365 EV kit, 50Ω system, operating modes as defined in Table 9, TEMP_COMP = 10, input voltage at I and $\Omega = 600$ mVP-P differential, 300kHz quadrature CW tones, RF and IF synthesizers locked, VREF = 200mVP-P at 19.68MHz, VCC = VBAT = SHDN = IDLE = CS = TXGATE = 2.8V, LOH, LOL input power = -10dBm, fLOL = 966.38MHz, fLOH = 1750MHz, fRFH0 = fRFH1 = 1880.38MHz, fRFL = 836MHz, TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | CONDI | MIN | ТҮР | МАХ | UNITS | | |
|--|--|--|-----|---------|-------|------|--|
| CASCADED MODULATOR, UPC | ONVERTER, AND PREDRIVE | २ | | | | | |
| RFL Output Power | $MPL = 1, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}$ specifications (Note 1) | 6.8 | 9 | | dBm | | |
| RFH0 Output Power | $MPL = 1, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}$ specifications (Note 1) | C, meets ACPR | 7.7 | 10.7 | | dBm | |
| RFH1 Output Power | $MPL = 1, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}$ specifications (Note 1) | C, meets ACPR | 6.6 | 9.7 | | dBm | |
| RFL Adjacent Channel Power Ratio | f _{OFFSET} = ±885kHz in 30kHz | bandwidth | | | -52 | dBc | |
| RFL Alternate Channel Power Ratio | f _{OFFSET} = ±1.98MHz in 30kHz | z bandwidth | | | -65 | dBc | |
| RFH_ Adjacent Channel Power Ratio | f _{OFFSET} = ±1.25MHz in 30kHz | $f_{OFFSET} = \pm 1.25 MHz$ in 30kHz bandwidth | | | | | |
| RFH_ Alternate Channel Power Ratio | f _{OFFSET} = ±1.98MHz in 30kHz | | | -68 | dBc | | |
| | $MPL = 1, P_{RFL} = +8dBm$ | Noise measured at | | -131 | -128 | dBm/ | |
| RX Band Noise Power (Note 1) | MPL =0, $P_{RFL} = +5dBm$ | +45MHz offset | | -134 | -131 | | |
| KA Band Noise Fower (Note T) | MPL =1, P _{RFH} = +8dBm Noise measured at | | | -131 | -128 | Hz | |
| | MPL =0, P_{RFH} = +5dBm | +80MHz offset | | -133 | -130 | | |
| Output Power Variation Over Temperature | Relative to +25°C, $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ | Relative to +25°C, $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C | | | | | |
| IF_PLL | | | | | | | |
| Reference Frequency | | | 5 | | 30 | MHz | |
| Reference Frequency Signal Level | | | 0.1 | | 0.6 | Vp-p | |
| IF Main Divide Ratio | | | 256 | | 16383 | | |
| IF Reference Divide Ratio | | | 2 | | 2047 | | |
| | VCO_SEL =0 | | | 240-470 | | | |
| VCO Operating Range | VCO_SEL =1 | | | 240-760 | | MHz | |
| | ICP = 00 | | | 139 | 178 | | |
| Charge-Pump Source/Sink | ICP = 01 | | 158 | 192 | 246 | μΑ | |
| Current | ICP = 10 | | 228 | 278 | 356 | | |
| | ICP = 11 | | 319 | 390 | 499 | | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365 EV kit, 50 Ω system, operating modes as defined in Table 9, TEMP_COMP = 10, input voltage at I and Q = 600mV_{P-P} differential, 300kHz quadrature CW tones, RF and IF synthesizers locked, V_{REF} = 200mV_{P-P} at 19.68MHz, V_{CC} = V_{BAT} = SHDN = IDLE = CS = TXGATE = 2.8V, LOH, LOL input power = -10dBm, f_{LOL} = 966.38MHz, f_{LOH} = 1750MHz, f_{RFH0} = f_{RFH1} = 1880.38MHz, f_{RFL} = 836MHz, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | |
|-------------------------------------|--|------|------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Turbolock Boost Current | ICP_MAX = 1 | 632 | 774 | 987 | μA | |
| Charge-Pump Source/Sink Matching | All values of ICP, over specified compliance range | | | 6 | % | |
| IF Charge-Pump Compliance | | 0.5 | | Vccifcp - 0.5 | V | |
| Charge-Pump High-Z Leakage | Over specified compliance range | | 20 | | рА | |
| RF_PLL | | | | | | |
| Reference Frequency | | 5 | | 30 | MHz | |
| RF Main Divide Ratio | | 4096 | | 262143 | | |
| RF Reference Divide Ratio | | 2 | | 8191 | | |
| | RCP = 00 | 266 | 325 | 416 | μΑ | |
| Charge-Pump Source/Sink | RCP = 01 | 533 | 650 | 832 | | |
| Current | RCP = 10 | 605 | 738 | 945 | | |
| | RCP = 11 | 872 | 1063 | 1361 | | |
| Turbolock Boost Current | (Note 5) | 1388 | 1694 | 2168 | μA | |
| Charge-Pump Source/Sink Matching | All values of RCP, over specified compliance range | | | 6 | % | |
| RF Charge Pump Compliance | | 0.5 | | Vccrfcp - 0.5 | V | |
| Phase Detector Noise Floor | RCP = 11, RCP_TURBO1 = RCP_TURBO2 = 0, 30kHz comparison frequency | | -162 | | dBc/Hz | |
| Charge-Pump High-Z Leakage | Over specified compliance range | | 20 | | рА | |
| RFPLL Input Sensitivity | | 160 | | | MV _{P-P} | |

Note 1: Guaranteed by design and characterization to 3 sigma (includes board and component variations).

Note 2: ACPR is met over the specified V_{CM} range.

Note 3: V_{CM} must be supplied by the I/Q baseband source with $\pm 8\mu$ A capability.

Note 4: IQ_LEVEL = 0, V_Q = V_I = 87mV_{RMS} differential, IS98 reverse channel modulation at 415mVp-p differential with 0.1% 4.5dB peak-to-average ratio.

Note 5: When enabled with RCP_TURBO1 and RCP_TURBO2 (see Tables 2 and 3), the total charge-pump current is specified. For all values of RCP, the total turbolock current is 1.63 times the corresponding nonturbo current value.



_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX2361 EV kit, $V_{CC} = V_{BAT} = +2.8V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)



MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX2361 EV kit, $V_{CC} = V_{BAT} = +2.8V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)





 $\label{eq:comparameters} \begin{array}{l} \text{ICP}=11, \text{ICP}_\text{MAX}=0\\ f_{COMP}=240\text{kHz}, f_{IF}=263.64\text{MHz}\\ \text{LOOP FILTER: }20\text{k}\Omega \text{ IN SERIES WITH }2.2\text{nF}, 220\text{pF PARALLEL}\\ \text{LOOP BW}=10\text{kHz} \end{array}$





PHASE NOISE (dBc/Hz)



RFPLL PORT S11





Pin Description

| PIN | | PIN | | FUNCTION | | |
|------------|------------|------------|--|---|--|--|
| MAX2361 | MAX2363 | MAX2365 | NAME | FUNCTION | | |
| 1 | _ | 1 | RFL | Transmitter RF Output for Cellular Band (800MHz to 1000MHz)—for both FM and digital modes. This open-collector output requires a pullup inductor to the supply voltage, which may be part of the output matching network and can be connected directly to the battery. | | |
| 2 | 2 | _ | RFH0 | Transmitter RF Output for PCS Band (1700MHz to 2000MHz). This open- collector output requires a pullup inductor to the supply voltage. The pullup inductor may be part of the output matching network and may be connected directly to the battery. For split band PCS application, use RFH0 for the 1880MHz–1910MHz range. | | |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | LOCK | Open-Collector Output Indicating Lock Status of the IF and/or the RF PLLs. Requires a pullup resistor. Control using configuration register bits LD_MODE. | | |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | Vccdrv | Supply Pin for the Driver Stage. May be connected directly to the battery. Bypass to PC board ground as close to the pin as possible. The ground vias for the bypass capacitor should not be shared by any other branch. | | |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | ĪDLE | Digital Input, Drive to Logic High for Normal Operation. A logic low on IDLE shuts down everything except the RF PLL and associated registers. A small R-C lowpass can be used to filter digital noise. | | |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | V _{CC} | Supply Pin for the Upconverter Stage. V _{CC} must be bypassed to system ground as close to the pin as possible. The ground vias for the bypass capacitor should not be shared by any other branch. | | |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | TXGATE Digital Input, Drive to Logic High for Normal Operation. A logic low TXGATE TXGATE shuts down everything except the RF PLL, IF PLL, IF VC al bus and registers. This mode is used for gated transmission. | | | |
| 8, 9 | | 8, 9 | IFINL+, IFINL- | Differential Inputs to the RF Upconverter. These pins are internally biased. The input impedance for these ports is nominally 400Ω differential. The IF filter should be AC-coupled to these ports. Keep the differential lines as short as possible to minimize stray pickup and shunt capacitance. | | |
| 10, 11 | 10, 11 | | IFINH+, IFINH- | Differential Inputs to the RF Upconverter. These pins are internally biased. The input impedance for these ports is nominally 400Ω differential. The IF fil- ter should be AC-coupled to these ports. Keep the differential lines as short as possible to minimize stray pickup and shunt capacitance. | | |
| 12 | 12 | 12 | BIAS | Bias Resistor Pin. BIAS is internally biased to approximately 600mV. An exter- nal resistor between this pin to GND sets the bias current for the upconverters and PA driver stages. The nominal resistor value is $10k\Omega$. This value can be altered to optimize the linearity of the driver stage. | | |
| 13, 14, 15 | 13, 14, 15 | 13, 14, 15 | CLK, DI, CS | Input Pins from the 3-Wire Serial Bus (SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE compatible) | | |

| PIN | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------------------|---|
| MAX2361 | MAX2363 | MAX2365 | NAME | FUNCTION |
| 16, 17 | 16, 17 | _ | IFOUTH-, IFOUTH+ | Differential IF Outputs. These ports are active when the register bit IF_SEL is 1. They do not support FM mode. These pins must be inductively pulled up to V _{CC} . A differential IF bandpass filter is connected between this port and IFINH+ or IFINH The pullup inductors can be part of the filter structure. The differential output impedance of this port is nominally 600Ω . The transmission lines from these pins should be short to minimize the pickup of spurious signals and noise. |
| 18, 19 | _ | 18, 19 | IFOUTL-, IFOUTL+ | Differential IF Outputs. These ports are active when the register bit IF_SEL is 0. These pins must be inductively pulled up to V _{CC} . A differential IF bandpass filter is connected between this port and IFINL+ and IFINL The pullup inductors can be part of the filter structure. The differential output impedance of this port is nominally 600Ω . The transmission lines from these pins should be short to minimize the pickup of spurious signals and noise. |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | GC | RF and IF Gain Control Analog Input. Apply 0.6V to 2.4V to control the gain of the RF and IF stages. An RC filter on this pin should be used to reduce DAC noise or PDM clock spurs from this line. |
| 21 | 21 | 21 | V _{CC} | Supply Pin for the IF VGA. Bypass with a capacitor as close to the pin as possible. The bypass capacitor must not share its ground vias with any other branches. |
| 22 | 22 | 22 | Vcc | Supply for the I/Q Modulator. Bypass with a capacitor as close to the pin as possible. The bypass capacitor must not share its ground vias with any other branches. |
| 23, 24 | 23, 24 | 23, 24 | Q+, Q- | Differential Q-Channel Baseband Inputs to the Modulator. These pins go directly to the bases of a differential pair and require an external common-mode bias voltage. |
| 25, 26 | 25, 26 | 25, 26 | I+, I- | Differential I-Channel Baseband Inputs to the Modulator. These pins go directly to the bases of a differential pair and require an external common-mode bias voltage. |
| 27 | 27 | 27 | SHDN | Shutdown Input, Drive to Logic High for Normal Operation. A logic low on SHDN shuts down the entire IC except the serial interface and retains the information in all registers. An R-C lowpass can be used to filter digital noise. |
| 28 | 28 | 28 | V _{CC} | Supply Pin to the VCO Section. Bypass as close to the pin as possible. The bypass capacitor should not share its vias with any other branches. |
| 29 | 29 | 29 | IFLO | Buffered LO Output. Control the output buffer using register bit BUF_EN and the divide ratio using the register bit BUF_DIV. |
| 30, 31 | | 30, 31 | TANKL-, TANKL+ | Differential Tank Pins for the Low-Frequency IF VCO. These pins are internally biased. VCO_SEL = 0 selects this IF VCO. |



Pin Description (continued)

| | PIN | | | FUNCTION |
|------------|---|--|-------------------|--|
| MAX2361 | MAX2363 | MAX2365 | NAME | FUNCTION |
| 32, 33 | 32, 33 | | TANKH-, TANKH+ | Differential Tank Pins for the High-Frequency IF VCO. These pins are internally biased. VCO_SEL = 1 selects this IF VCO. |
| 34, 35 | 1, 8, 9, 18, 19, 30, 31, 34, 35, 44 | 2, 10, 11, 16, 17, 32–35 43, 47 | N.C. | No Connection. Make no connection to these pins. |
| 36 | 36 | 36 | REF | Reference Frequency Input. REF is internally biased and must be AC-coupled to the reference source. This is a high-impedance port (25k Ω 3pF). |
| 37 | 37 | 37 | Vccifcp | Supply for the IF Charge Pump. This supply can differ from the system V_{CC} . Bypass as close to the pin as possible. The bypass capacitor must not share its vias with any other branches. |
| 38 | 38 | 38 | IFCP | High-Impedance Output of the IF Charge Pump. Connect to the tune input of the IF VCOs through the IF PLL loop filter. Keep the line from IFCP to the tune input as short as possible to prevent spurious pick-up, and connect the loop filter as close to the tune input as possible. |
| 39 | 39 | 39 | Vcc | Supply Pin for Digital Circuitry. Bypass as close to the pin as possible. The bypass capacitor must not share its vias with any other branch. |
| 40 | 40 | 40 | RFCP | High-Impedance Output of the RF Charge Pump. Connect to the tune input of the RF VCOs through the RF PLL loop filter. Keep the line from this pin to the tune input as short as possible to prevent spurious pickup, and connect the loop filter as close to the tune input as possible. |
| 41 | 41 | 41 | Vccrfcp | Supply for the RF Charge Pump. This supply can differ from the system V_{CC} . Bypass as close to the pin as possible. The bypass capacitor must not share its vias with any other branches. |
| 42 | 42 | 42 | RFPLL | RF PLL Input. AC-couple this port to the RF VCO. RFPLL is internally biased. |
| 43 | 43 | _ | LOH | High-band RF LO Input Port. AC-couple to this port. |
| 44 | _ | 44 | LOL | Low-band RF LO Input Port. AC-couple to this port. |
| 45, 46, 48 | 45, 46, 48 | 45, 46, 48 | GND | Isolation GND. No internal connection. Connect to PC board ground plane for better isolation. |
| 47 | 47 | _ | RFH1 | Transmitter RF Output for PCS Band (1700MHz to 2000MHz). This open-col- lector output requires a pullup inductor to the supply voltage. The pullup inductor may be part of the output matching network and can be connected directly to the battery. For split band PCS application, use RFH1 for the 1850MHz–1880MHz range. |
| EP | EP | EP | GND | DC and AC GND Return for the IC. Connect to PC board ground plane using multiple vias. |

Detailed Description

The MAX2361 complete quadrature transmitter accepts differential I/Q baseband inputs with external commonmode bias. A modulator upconverts this to IF frequency in the 120MHz to 380MHz range. A gain-control voltage pin (GC) controls the gain of both the IF and RF VGAs simultaneously to achieve the best current consumption and linearity performance. The IF signal is brought off-chip for filtering, then fed to a single sideband upconverter followed by the RF VGA and PA driver. The RF upconverter requires an external VCO for operation. The IF PLL, RF PLL, and operating mode can be programmed by an SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-compatible 3-wire interface.

The following sections describe each block in the MAX2361 *Functional Diagram.*

I/Q Modulator

IF VCOs

Differential in-phase (I) and quadrature-phase (Q) input pins are designed to be DC-coupled and biased with the baseband output from a digital-to-analog converter (DAC). I and Q inputs need a DC bias of $V_{CC}/2$ and a current-drive capability of 8µA. The I and Q inputs capacitance is typically 0.3pF differential. Commonmode voltage works within a 1.35V to (V_{CC} - 1.25V) range. The IF VCO output is fed into a divide-bytwo/quadrature generator block to derive quadrature LO components to drive the IQ modulator. The output of the modulator is fed into the VGA.

There are two VCOs to support high IF and low IF frequencies. The VCOs oscillate at twice the desired IF frequency. Oscillation frequency is determined by external tank components (see *Applications Information*). Typical phase-noise performance for the tank is as shown in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*. The high-band and low-band VCOs can be selected independently of the IF port being used.

IFLO Output Buffer

IFLO provides a buffered LO output when BUF_EN is 1. The IFLO output frequency is equal to the VCO frequency when BUF_DIV is 0, and half the VCO frequency when BUF_DIV is 1. The output power is -12dBm. This output is intended for applications where the receive IF is the same frequency as the transmit IF.

IF/RF PLL

The IF/RF PLL uses a charge-pump output to drive a loop filter. The loop filter typically is passive secondorder lead lag filter. Outside the filter's bandwidth, phase noise is determined by the tank components. The two components that contribute most significantly to phase noise are the inductor and varactor. Use high-Q inductors and varactors to maximize equivalent par-IF_TURBO_CHARGE, allel resistance. The RCP_TURBO1, and RCP_TURBO2 bits can be set to enable turbo mode. Turbo mode provides maximum charge-pump current during frequency acquisition. Turbo mode is disabled after frequency acquisition is achieved. When turbo mode is disabled, charge-pump current returns to the programmed levels as set by ICP and RCP bits in the CONFIG register (Table 3).

The PSS bit selects the RFPLL prescaler speed independent of the MODE bits. This enables PCS band VCO locking when transmitting in the cellular band. For VCO frequency above 1300MHz, set PSS to 1.

IF VGA

The IF VGA allows varying an IF output level that is controlled by GC voltage. The voltage range on GC of 0.6V to 2.4V provides a gain-control range of 85dB. There are two differential IF output ports from the VGA. IFOUTL+/IFOUTL- are optimized for low IF operation (120MHz to 235MHz); IFOUTH+/IFOUTH- support high IF operation (120MHz to 380MHz). IFOUTL supports FM mode by providing higher IF output level when MODE is set to 00.

Single Sideband Mixer

The RF transmit mixer uses a single sideband architecture to eliminate an off-chip RF filter. The single sideband mixer has IF input stages that correspond to IF output ports of the VGA. The mixer is followed by the RF VGA. The RF VGA is controlled by the same GC pin as the IF VGA to provide optimum current consumption and linearity performance. The total power-control range is >100dB.

PA Driver

The MAX2361 includes three power-amplifier (PA) drivers. Each is optimized for the desired operating frequency. RFL is optimized for cellular-band operation. RFH0 and RFH1 are optimized for split-band PCS operation. Use RFH0 in single high-band output such as TDMA or W-CDMA. The PA drivers have open-collector outputs and require pullup inductors. The pullup inductors can act as the shunt element in a shunt series match.



Programmable Registers

The MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365 include eight programmable registers consisting of four divide registers, a configuration register, an operational control register, a current control register, and a test register. Each register consists of 24 bits. The 4 least significant bits (LSBs) are the register's address. The 20 most significant bits (MSBs) are used for register data. All registers contain some "don't care" bits. These can be either a "0" or a "1" and will not affect operation (Figure 1). Data is shifted in MSB first, followed by the 4-bit address. When $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is low, the clock is active and data is shifted with the rising edge of the clock. When \overline{CS} transitions to high, the shift register is latched into the register selected by the contents of the address bits. Power-up defaults for the eight registers are shown in Table 1. The dividers and control registers are programmed from the SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-compatible serial port.

The RFM register sets the main frequency divide ratio for the RF PLL. The RFR register sets the reference frequency divide ratio. The RF VCO frequency can be determined by the following:

RF VCO frequency = $f_{REF} \times (RFM / RFR)$

IFM and IFR registers are similar:

IF VCO frequency = $f_{REF} \times (IFM / IFR)$

where fRFF is the external reference frequency.

The operational control register (OPCTRL) controls the state of the MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365. See Table 2 for the function of each bit.

The configuration register (CONFIG) sets the configuration for the RF/IF PLL and the baseband I/Q input levels. See Table 3 for a description of each bit.

The current control register modifies the bias current to accommodate different operation modes. In the highpower mode, MPL = 1 sets the bias current and conversion gain to deliver a minimum of +8dBm output

Table 1. Register Power-Up Default States

power from the PA drivers. In the low-power mode, MPL = 0 sets the bias current and conversion gain to deliver a minimum of +5dBm output power from the PA drivers. I_MULT sets the current multiplication factor for the PA driver stages according to Table 5. THROT-TLE_BACK sets the rate of bias current changes when the output power changes according to Table 6. For example, when THROTTLE_BACK = 011 (default), the PA driver bias current reduces by 1dBmA for every 1dB reduction in output power. THROTTLE_BACK = 000 setting gives a more aggressive current reduction (1.3dBmA/dB power) at the expense of linearity. THROTTLE_BACK setting does not affect the bias current at maximum power level.

The test register has to be 100hex for normal operation. The best way to ensure this is to program the test regiser to 100hex.

Power Management

Bias control is distributed among several functional sections and can be controlled to accommodate many different power-down modes as shown in Table 8.

The serial interface remains active during shutdown. Setting SHDN_BIT = 0 or \overline{SHDN} = GND powers down the device. In either case, PLL programming and register information is retained.

Signal Flow Control

Table 9 shows an example of key registers for triplemode operation, assuming half-band PCS and IF freguencies of 228.6MHz/263.6MHz.

Applications Information

The MAX2361 is designed for use in dual-band, triplemode systems. It is recommended for triple-mode handsets (Figure 2). The MAX2363 is designed for use in CDMA PCS handset or W-CDMA systems (Figure 3). The MAX2365 is designed for use in dual-mode cellular systems (Figure 4).

| REGISTER | DEFAULT | ADDRESS | FUNCTION |
|----------------------|-----------|-------------------|---|
| REGIOTER | DEIAGEI | ADDILLOO | |
| RFM | 32214 dec | 0000b | RF M divider count |
| RFR | 656 dec | 0001 _b | RF R divider count |
| IFM | 6519 dec | 0010 _b | IF M divider count |
| IFR | 0492 dec | 0011 _b | IF R divider count |
| OPCTRL | 090F hex | 0100 _b | Operational control settings |
| CONFIG | D03F hex | 0101 _b | Configuration and setup control |
| I _{CC} CTRL | 0038 hex | 0110 _b | Current multiplication factor, PLL band |
| TEST | 100 hex | 0111 _b | Test-mode control |



MSB 24 BIT REGISTER LSB DATA 20 BITS ADDRESS 4 BITS B19 B18 B17 B16 B15 B14 B13 B12 B11 B10 B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 A3 A2 A1 A0 RFM DIVIDE RATIO (18) ADDRESS **RFM DIVIDE REGISTER** X X B17 B16 B15 B14 B13 B12 B11 B10 B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 0 0 0 0 0 RFR DIVIDE RATIO (13) ADDRESS RFR DIVIDE REGISTER X B12 B11 B10 B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 0 0 0 Х Х Х Х Х Х ADDRESS IFM DIVIDE RATIO (14) IFM DIVIDE REGISTER X B13 B12 B11 B10 B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 0 0 1 0 Х Х Х Х Х IFR DIVIDE RATIO (11) ADDRESS IFR DIVIDE REGISTER X B10 B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 0 Х Х Х Х χ Х Х Х 0 1 **OPERATION CONTROL BITS (16)** ADDRESS CONTROL REGISTER B15 B14 B13 B12 B11 B10 B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 0 1 0 0 Х Х Х Х **CONFIGURATION BITS (16)** ADDRESS CONFIGURATION REGISTER X B15 B14 B13 B12 B11 B10 B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 Х Х Х 0 1 0 1 CURRENT CONTROL BITS (16) ADDRESS CURRENT CONTROL REGISTER B15 B14 B13 B12 B11 B10 B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 Х χ Х 0 1 1 0 TEST BITS (9) ADDRESS TEST REGISTER X B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 Х Х Х Х Х Х ХХ Х 0 1 1 Х 1 X = DON'T CARE

Figure 1. Register Configuration

Cascaded Performance

Tables 11 and 12 show the typical cascaded performance for TDMA and W-CDMA systems.

3-Wire Interface

Figure 5 shows the 3-wire interface timing diagram. The 3-wire bus is SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE compatible.

Electromagnetic Compliance Considerations

Two major concepts should be employed to produce a low-spur and EMC-compliant transmitter: minimize circular current-loop area to reduce H-field radiation. To minimize circular current-loop area, bypass as close to

the part as possible and use the distributed capacitance of a ground plane. To minimize voltage drops, make V_{CC} traces short and wide, and make RF traces short.

Program only the necessary bits in any register to minimize clock cycles. RC filtering can also be used to slow the clock edges on the 3-wire interface, reducing highfrequency spectral content. RC filtering also provides for transient protection against IEC802 testing by shunting high frequencies to ground, while the series resistance attenuates the transients for error-free operation. The same applies to the logic input pins (SHDN, TXGATE, IDLE).



MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365

Table 2. Operation Control Register (OPCTRL)

| BIT NAME | POWER-UP STATE | BIT LOCATION (0 = LSB) | FUNCTION |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|---|
| LO_SEL | 0 | 15 | 0 selects LOL input port; 1 selects LOH port. |
| RCP_TURBO1 | 0 | 14 | Works in conjunction with RCP_TURBO2 (CONFIG register) to set the turbo- charge pump mode. (See Table 7) |
| ICP_MAX | 0 | 13 | 1 keeps IF turbo-mode current active even when frequency acquisition is achieved. This mode is used when high operating IF charge-pump current is needed. |
| MODE | 01 | 12, 11 | Sets operating mode according to the following: 00 = FM mode 01 = Cellular digital mode, RFL is selected 10 = Lower half-band PCS mode, RFH1 is selected 11 = Upper half-band PCS, RFH0 is selected |
| IF_SEL | 0 | 10 | 1 selects IFINH and IFOUTH; 0 selects IFINL and IFOUTL. For FM mode (MODE = 00), set IF_SEL to 0. |
| VCO_SEL | 0 | 9 | 1 selects high-band IF VCO; 0 selects low-band IF VCO. |
| IFG | 100 | 8, 7, 6 | 3-Bit IF gain Control. Alters IF gain by approximately 2dB per LSB (0 to 14dB). Provides a means for adjusting balance between RF and IF gain for optimized linearity. |
| SIDE_BAND | 0 | 5 | When this bit is 1, the upper sideband is selected (LO below RF). When this bit is 0, the lower sideband is selected (LO above RF). |
| BUF_EN | 0 | 4 | 0 turns IFLO buffer off; 1 turns IFLO buffer on. |
| MOD_TYPE | 1 | 3 | 0 selects direct VCO modulation. (IF VCO is externally modulated and the I/Q modulator is bypassed); 1 selects quadrature modulation. |
| STBY | 1 | 2 | 0 shuts down everything except registers and serial interface. |
| TXSTBY | 1 | 1 | 0 shuts down modulator and upconverter, leaving PLLs locked and registers active. This is the programmable equivalent to the TXGATE pin. |
| SHDN_BIT | 1 | 0 | 0 shuts down everything except serial interface, and also retains all register settings. |

Table 3. Configuration Register (CONFIG)

| BIT NAME | POWER-UP STATE | BIT LOCATION (0 = LSB) | FUNCTION | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| IF_PLL_SHDN | 1 | 15 | 0 shuts down the IF PLL. This mode is used with an external IF PLL. | | | | |
| RF_PLL_ SHDN | 1 | 14 | 0 shuts down the RF PLL. This mode is used with an external RF PLL. | | | | |
| ZERO_BIAS | 0 | 13 | 0 for normal operation, 1 turns off the bias current to RFH0 output driver. | | | | |
| IQ_LEVEL | 1 | 12 | 1 selects 200mV _{RMS} input mode; 0 selects 100mV _{RMS} input mode. | | | | |
| BUF_DIV | 0 | 11 | 1 selects ÷2 on IFLO port; 0 bypasses the divider. | | | | |
| VCO_BYPASS | 0 | 10 | 1 bypasses IF VCO and enables a buffered input for external VCO use. | | | | |
| ICP | 00 | 9, 8 | A 2-bit register sets the IF charge-pump current as follows: $00 = 139\mu A$ $01 = 192\mu A$ $10 = 278\mu A$ $11 = 390\mu A$ | | | | |
| RCP | 00 | 7, 6 | A 2-bit register sets the RF charge-pump current as follows: $00 = 325\mu A$ $01 = 650\mu A$ $10 = 738\mu A$ $11 = 1063\mu A$ | | | | |
| IF_PD_POL | 1 | 5 | IF phase-detector polarity; 1 selects positive polarity (increasing tuning voltage on the VCO produces increasing frequency); 0 selects negative polarity (increasing tuning voltage on the VCO produces decreasing frequency). | | | | |
| RF_PD_POL | 1 | 4 | RF phase-detector polarity; 1 selects positive polarity (increasing tuning voltage on the VCO produces increasing frequency); 0 selects negative polarity (increasing voltage on the VCO produces decreasing frequency). | | | | |
| IF_TURBO_ CHARGE | 1 | 3 | 1 activates turbocharge feature, providing an additional IF charge-pump cur- rent during frequency acquisition. | | | | |
| RCP_TURBO2 | 1 | 2 | Works in conjunction with RCP_TURBO1 (OPCTRL register) to set the turbo- charge current mode. (See Table 7). | | | | |
| LD_MODE | 11 | 1, 0 | Determines output mode for LOCK detector pin as follows: 00 = test mode, LD_MODE cannot be 00 for normal operation 01 = IF PLL lock detector 10 = RF PLL lock detector 11 = logical AND of IF PLL and RF PLL lock detectors | | | | |

Table 4. Current Control Register (ICCCTRL)

| BIT NAME | POWER- UP STATE | BIT LOCATION (0 = LSB) | FUNCTION | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| RESERVED | 00 | 15, 14 | Must be set to 00 for normal operation. | | | |
| PSS | 0 | 13 | Prescaler speed select. 0 selects the lower frequency band RFPLL prescaler. 1 selects the higher frequency band prescaler. | | | |
| RESERVED | 0 | 12 | Must be set to 0 for normal operation. | | | |
| MPL | 0 | 11 | Sets the maximum output power level. 0 selects +6.5dBm, 1 selects +10dBm output power modes. | | | |
| TEMP_COMP | 00 | 10, 9 | Sets current scale factor to compensate temperature variations. Set to 10 for best linearity over temperature. | | | |
| RESERVED | 0 | 8 | Must be set to 0 for normal operation. | | | |
| MOD_BYPASS | 0 | 7 | 1 routes differential signal at pins 30 and 31 directly to the IF VGA and bypasses the IF modulator. This mode is used with external modulator. | | | |
| THROTTLE_BACK | 011 | 6, 5, 4 | Throttle back rate (Table 6) | | | |
| I_MULT | 1000 | 3, 2, 1, 0 | Sets current scale factor for PA drivers (Table 5) | | | |

Table 5. Current Scale Factors SetBy I_MULT Bits

| BIT NAME | BITS | CURRENT SCALE |
|----------|----------------|------------------|
| | 0000 | 0.50 |
| | 0001 | 0.56 |
| | 0010 | 0.62 |
| | 0011 | 0.69 |
| | 0100 | 0.75 |
| | 0101 | 0.81 |
| | 0110 | 0.88 |
| | 0111 | 0.94 |
| I_MULT | 1000 (default) | 1.00 |
| | 1001 | 1.13 |
| | 1010 | 1.25 |
| | 1011 | 1.38 |
| | 1100 | 1.50 |
| | 1101 | 1.63 |
| | 1110 | 1.75 |
| | 1111 | 1.88 |

Table 6. Throttle-Back Rate Set By THROTTLE_BACK Bits

| BIT NAME | BITS | RATE | UNIT |
|---------------|---------------|------|---------|
| | 000 | 1.3 | |
| | 001 | 1.2 | |
| | 010 | 1.1 | |
| | 011 (default) | 1.0 | dBmA/dB |
| THROTTLE_BACK | 100 | 0.9 | авта/ав |
| | 101 | 0.8 | |
| | 110 | 0.7 | |
| | 111 | 0.6 | |

Table 7. RF Turbo Charge-Pump Current Setting

| RCP_TURBO1 | RCP_TURBO2 | |
|------------|------------|---|
| 0 | 0 | No turbo current. Charge-pump current is set by RCP bits. |
| 0 | 1 | Turbo current turns on every time RFPLL is reprogrammed. Turbo current is automatically turned off after RFPLL is locked. |
| 1 | 0 | Turbo current is always on. |
| 1 | 1 | Turbo current is turned on every time RFPLL is out of lock. |

Table 8. Power-Down Modes

| POWER-DOWN MODE | COMMENTS | UPCONVERTER | MODULATOR | RF_PLL | IF VCO | IF_PLL |
|-----------------|--|-------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|
| SHDN Pin | Ultra-low shutdown current | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| IDLE Pin | RX only mode | Х | Х | | Х | Х |
| TXGATE Pin | For punctured TX mode | Х | Х | | | |
| RF PLL SHDN | For external RF PLL use | | | Х | | |
| IF PLL SHDN | For external IF PLL use | | | | | Х |
| TXSTBY Bit | TX is OFF, but IF and RF LOs stay locked | Х | Х | | | |

X = Off

Table 9. Register and Control Pin States for Key Operating Modes

| | | OPCTRL REGISTER | | | | | | | | NFIG STER | CONTROL PINS | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------|--------|---------|----------|------|--------|----------|--------------|-----------------|------|--------|------|
| MODE | DESCRIPTION | LO_SEL | MODE | IF_SEL | VCO_SEL | MOD_TYPE | STBY | TXSTBY | SHDN_BIT | IF_PLL_SHDN | RF_PLL_SHDN | IDLE | TXGATE | NDHS |
| PCS High | PCS upper half-band, RFH0 selected | 1 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Н | Н | Н |
| PCS Low | PCS lower half-band, RFH1 selected | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Н | Н | Н |
| Cellular Digital | RFL selected | 0 | 01 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Н | Н | Н |
| FM | Direct VCO modulation, RFL selected | 0 | 00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Н | Н | Н |
| PCS Idle | Listen for pages RX ON, TX OFF | 1 | 1X | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | 1 | Х | 1 | L | Н | Н |
| Cellular Idle | Listen for pages RX ON, TX OFF | 0 | 0X | 0 | 0 | Х | 1 | Х | 1 | Х | 1 | L | Н | Н |
| PCS TXGATE | Gated transmission, PCS | 1 | 1X | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | Н | L | Н |
| Cellular TXGATE | Gated transmission, cellular digital | 0 | 01 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | Н | L | Н |
| Sleep | Ultra-Low Current | Х | ΧХ | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | L |

X = Don't care



Figure 2. MAX2361 Typical Application Circuit



Figure 3. MAX2363 Typical Application Circuit



Figure 4. MAX2365 Typical Application Circuit



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High-frequency bypass capacitors are required close to the pins with a dedicated via to ground. The 48-pin QFN-EP package provides minimal inductance ground by using an exposed paddle under the part. Provide at least five low-inductance vias under the paddle to ground, to minimize ground inductance. Use a solid ground plane wherever possible. Any cutout in the ground plane may act as slot radiator and reduce its shield effectiveness.

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Keep the RF LO traces as short as possible to reduce LO radiation and susceptibility to interference.

IF Tank Design

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The low-band tank (TANKL+, TANKL-) and high-band tank (TANKH+, TANKH-) are fully differential. The external tank components are shown in Figure 6. The frequency of oscillation is determined by the following equation:

$$f_{OSC} = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{(C_{INT} + C_{CENT} + C_{VAR} + C_{PAR}) L}}$$

$$C_{VAR} = \frac{C_D \times C_C}{2 (C_D + C_C)}$$

CINT = Internal capacitance of TANK port

CD = Capacitance of varactor

C_{VAR} = Equivalent variable tuning capacitance

 $\mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{PAR}}$ = Parasitic capacitance due to PC board pads and traces

 C_{CENT} = External capacitor for centering oscillation frequency

 C_C = External coupling capacitor to the varactor

Table 10 shows possible component values for various oscillation frequencies.

Internal to the IC, the charge pump will have a leakage of less than 10nA. This is equivalent to a 300M $\!\Omega$ shunt

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Figure 6. Tank Port Oscillator

resistor. The charge-pump output must see an extremely high DC resistance of greater than $300M\Omega$. This minimizes charge-pump spurs at the comparison frequency. Make sure there is no solder flux under the varactor or loop filter.

Layout Issues

The MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365 EV kit can be used as a starting point for layout. For best performance, take into consideration power-supply issues as well as the RF, LO, and IF layout.

Power-Supply Layout

To minimize coupling between different sections of the IC, the ideal power-supply layout is a star configuration, which has a large decoupling capacitor at a central V_{CC} node. The V_{CC} traces branch out from this node, each going to a separate V_{CC} node in the MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365 circuit. At the end of each trace is a bypass capacitor with impedance to ground less than 1 Ω at the frequency of interest. This arrangement pro-

Table 10. Suggested Component Values for the IF Oscillators

| | OSC. FREQ. (MHz) | L (nH) | C _{CENT} (pF) | C _C (pF) | CD |
|-------|------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | 260.76 | 39 | 2.4 | 18 | SMV1763-079 |
| TANKL | 400.0 | 30 | 3.3 | 18 | SMV1763-079 |
| | 457.2 | 18 | 3.0 | 18 | SMV1763-079 |
| | 330.0 | 22 | 4.3 | 12 | SMV1763-079 |
| TANKH | 527.2 | 15 | 2.7 | 12 | SMV1763-079 |
| | 760.0 | 11 | 1.2 | 9 | SMV1763-079 |

Table 11. Cascaded TDMA Performance

(From I/Q input to PA driver output, IQ_LEVEL = 0, $V_{I_{-}} = V_{Q_{-}} = 104 \text{mV}_{\text{RMS}}$, IS136 NADC modulation or 415mV_{P-P} differential with 0.1% 3dB peak-average ratio.)

| PARAMETER | CONDITION | VALUE | UNITS |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------|----------|
| IFL Frequency | $IF_SEL = 0$ | 228.6 | MHz |
| IFH Frequency | IF_SEL = 1 | 263.6 | MHz |
| RFL Frequency Range | | 824-849 | MHz |
| RFH0 Frequency Range | | 1850–1910 | MHz |
| LOL Frequency Range | | 1052.6-1077.6 | MHz |
| LOH Frequency Range | | 2113.6-2173.6 | MHz |
| LO Input Level | LOL or LOH | -7 | dBm |
| DEL Output Douvor | $V_{GC} = 2.4V, MPL = 0$ | +7 | dBm |
| RFL Output Power | $V_{GC} = 2.4V, MPL = 1$ | +10 | abm |
| | $V_{GC} = 2.4V, MPL = 0$ | +6 | dDma |
| RFH0 Output Power | $V_{GC} = 2.4V, MPL = 1$ | +10 | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Power Ratio | $f_{OFFSET} = \pm 30 kHz in 25 kHz BW$ | -33 | dBc |
| Alternate Channel Power Ratio | $f_{OFFSET} = \pm 60 \text{kHz} \text{ in } 25 \text{kHz} \text{ BW}$ | -52 | dBc |
| | MPL = 0, P_{RFH0} = +6dBm, f_{RFH0} = 1910MHz, measured at 1930MHz | -134 | |
| Receive Band Noise Power | MPL = 1, P_{RFH0} = +10dBm, f_{RFH0} = 1910MHz, measured at 1930MHz | -131 | dBm/Hz |
| | MPL = 0, P_{RFL} = +7dBm, f_{RFL} = 849MHz, measured at 869MHz | -134 | GDIN/TIZ |
| | MPL = 1, P_{RFL} = +10dBm, f_{RFL} = 849MHz, measured at 869MHz | -131 | |

Table 12. Cascaded WCDMA Performance.

(From I/Q input to PA driver output, IQ_LEVEL = 1, $V_{I_{-}} = V_{Q_{-}} = 146 \text{mV}_{\text{RMS}}$, uplink 3GPP modulation or 600mVp-p differential with 0.1% 3.25dB peak-average ratio.)

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | VALUE | UNITS |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------|--------|
| Intermediate Frequency | IF_SEL = 1 | 380 | MHz |
| RFH0 Frequency Range | | 1920–1980 | MHz |
| LOH Frequency Range | | 2300-2360 | MHz |
| LO Input Level | LOH | -7 | dBm |
| Maximum RFH0 Output Power | $V_{GC} = 2.4V, MPL = 1$ | 8 | dBm |
| Minimum RFH0 Output Power | ZERO_BIAS = 1, SNR = 20dB | -75 | dBm |
| Zero Bias Gain Step | From ZERO_BIAS = 1 to ZERO_BIAS = 0, V_{GC} = 2.0V | 27 | dB |
| | $f_{OFFSET} = \pm 3.5 MHz$ in 30kHz BW | -60 | |
| Adjacent Channel Power Ratio | $f_{OFFSET} = \pm 5MHz$ in 3.84MHz BW | -45 | dBc |
| Νάιο | f _{OFFSET} = ±10MHz in 3.84MHz BW | -58 | |
| Receive Band Noise Power | MPL= 1, P_{RFH0} = +8dBm, f_{RFH0} = 1950MHz, measured at 2140MHz | -134 | dBm/Hz |

vides local decoupling at each V_{CC} pin. Use at least one via per bypass capacitor for a low-inductance ground connection. Also, connect the exposed paddle to PC board GND with multiple vias to provide the lowest inductance possible.

The layout of a matching network can be very sensitive

to parasitic circuit elements. To minimize parasitic

inductance, keep all traces short and place compo-

nents as close to the IC as possible. To minimize parasitic capacitance, a cutout in the ground plane (and

Matching Network Layout

any other planes) below the matching network components can be used.

On the high-impedance ports (e.g., IF inputs and outputs), keep traces short to minimize shunt capacitance.

Tank Layout

Keep the traces coming out of the tank short to reduce series inductance and shunt capacitance. Keep the inductor pads and coupling capacitor pads small to minimize stray shunt capacitance.

Selector Guide

| PART | IF RANGE (MHz) | RF LO RANGE (MHz) | RF RANGE (MHz) |
|---------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | 120 to 235 | 800 to 1150 | 800 to 1000 |
| MAX2361 | 120 to 380 | 1400 to 2360 | 1700 to 2000 |
| MAX2363 | 120 to 380 | 1400 to 2360 | 1700 to 2000 |
| MAX2365 | 120 to 235 | 800 to 1150 | 800 to 1000 |



MAX2361/MAX2363/MAX2365

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to <u>www.maxim-ic.com/packages</u>.)

| | | | C | I NOMME | IMENSIO | NS | | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| KG | | 32L 7x7 | 7 | | 44L 7x | 7 | | 48L 7x7 | 7 |
| YMBOL | MIN. | NDM. | MAX. | MIN. | NDM. | MAX. | MIN. | NDM. | MAX. |
| A | 0.80 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 0.80 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 0.80 | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.05 |
| A2 | 0.00 | 0.65 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.65 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.65 | 1.00 |
| A3 | <u> </u> | 0.20 REF | | | 0.20 RE | . | | 0.20 RE | F |
| b | 0.23 | 0.28 | 0.35 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.30 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.30 |
| D | 6.90 | 7.00 | 7.10 | 6.90 | 7.00 | 7.10 | 6.90 | 7.00 | 7.10 |
| D1 | | 5.75 BSC | | | 6.75 BS | | | 6.75 BS | 1 |
| E E1 | 6.90 | 7.00 | 7.10 | 6.90 | 7.00 6.75 BS0 | 7.10 | 6.90 | 7.00 6.75 BS | 7.10 |
| El e | - | 6.75 BSC | | | | | | 0.50 BS | - |
| e k | 0.25 | 0.65 BSC | _ | 0.25 | 0.50 BS0 | í _ | 0.25 | - | <u> </u> |
| L | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.75 | 0.25 | 0.55 | 0.75 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| N | 1.00 | 32 | 1 007 0 | 0.00 | 44 | 0.70 | | 48 | 1 0.00 |
| Nol | | 8 | | | 11 | | | 12 | |
| Ne | | 8 | | | 11 | | | 12 | |
| Р | 0.00 | 0.40 | | | | | 1 | | |
| ۲ | 0.00 | 0.42 | 0.60 | 0.00 | 0.42 | 0.60 | 0.00 | 0.42 | 0.60 |
| U IOTI | 0- S: | | 12- | 0- | | 12- | 0- | | 12- |
| U 1. 1 2. 1 3. 1 5. 1 6. 1 7. 4 8. 1 | 0" DIE THI DIMENS N IS NG IS DIMENS THE PII PACKAG DIMENS THE PII PACKAG ALL DIM PACKAG APPLIEI | CKNESS IONING & THE NUM THE NUM ION & AF IDE E BY US IER IS O SHAPE A MENSIONS E WARPA | ALLOWA TOLER BER OF BER OF PPLIES INTIFIER SING INI PTIONAL ND SIZI S ARE II AGE MAX (POSED | 0" ABLE IS ANCES (TERMIN TERMIN TO PLAT MUST I DENTATIO , BUT M E OF TH N MILLIM K 0.08m PAD AN | 0.305mm CONFORM ALS. ALS IN) ED TERMI XIST ON IN MARK IUST BE IS FEATU ETERS. m. D TERMIN | 12" MAXIMU TO ASM -DIRECT NAL AND THE TOI OR INK/ LOCATED RE IS OI | 0 JM (.01 IE Y14. ION & IS ME SURF (LASER WITHIN PTIONAL | 2 INCHE 5M. – 1 Nº IS TI EASURED FACE OF MARKED. L. | 12- I2- I994. HE NUM BETWEI THE . DET/ INDICAT |
| U NOTE 1. 2. 3. 4. 7. 8. 10. | 0" CS: DIE THI DIMENS N IS DIMENS DIMENS DIMENS DIMENS DIMENS DIMENS DIMENS APACKAG APPLIEL EXACT ALL DIM PACKAG APPLIEL EXCLUD MEETS | CKNESS IONING & THE NUM ION & AI ION & AI US E BY US IER IS O SHAPE A MENSIONS IE WARP | ALLOWA TOLER BER OF BER OF PPLIES INTIFIER SING INI PTIONAL ND SIZI S ARE II AGE MA: (POSED DED PA 10220 E | 0 ⁻ ABLE IS ANCES (TERMIN TERMIN TO PLAT MUST I DENTATIO , BUT N E OF TH N MILLIN K 0.08m PAD AN ART OF I XCEPT I | 0.305mm conform ALS. ALS IN) ED TERMI EXIST ON N MARK IUST BE IS FEATU ETERS. m. D TERMI EXPOSED | 12" MAXIMU TO ASM C-DIRECT NAL AND THE TOI OR INK/ LOCATED RE IS OF | 0 JM (.01 IE Y14. ION & IS ME P SURF (LASER WITHIN PTIONAL DM MEA | 12 INCHE 5M. – 1 Ne IS TI EASURED FACE OF MARKED N ZONE L. | 12- I2- I994. HE NUM BETWEI THE . DET/ INDICAT |

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



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| COMMON DIMENSIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------|--------------------------|------|
| | | | | | 44L 7x7 | | | 48L 7x7 | | | CUSTOM PKG. (T4877-1) 48L 7x7 | | | | | | DEPOPULATED | D2 Min, Nom, Max. | | MAY | EZ | | MAY | JEDEC MO220 REV. C | DOWN |
| PKG | : | 32L 7x7 | | | | | | | | | | | | 56L 7x7 | | T3277-1 | - | | 4.70 4 | | | | 1 4.85 | | ND |
| SYMBOL | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | 13277-2 | - | | | | 4.55 | | 4.85 | - | YES |
| A | 0,70 | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0,70 | 0.75 | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0,70 | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0,70 | 0,75 | 0.60 | T4477-1 | - | 4.55 | | | 4.55 | | | WKKD-1 | NO |
| A1 | 0 | 0.07 | 0.05 | ٥ | 0.02 | 0.05 | a | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0 | 0.02 | 0.05 | ٥ | _ | 0.05 | T4477-2 | - | 4.55 | | | 4.55 | | 4,85 | WKKD-1 | YES |
| A2 | 0.20 REF. | | - | 0.20 REF. | | 0 0.02 0.05 0.20 REF. | | 0 0.02 0.05 0.20 REF. | | 0.20 REF. | | | T4477-3 | - | 4.55 | 4.70 | 4.85 | 4.55 | 4.70 | 4.85 | WKKD-1 | YES | | | |
| b | 0.25 | _ | 0.35 | | | 0.30 | _ | | | | _ | 0.30 | - | 0.20 | | T4877-1₩ | 13,24,37,48 | 4.20 | 4,30 | 4.4D | 4.20 | 4.30 | 4,40 | - | NO |
| D | 6.90 | | | | | 7.10 | | | | | | 7.10 | | | | T4877-2 | - | 5.46 | 5.60 | 5.63 | 5.45 | 5.60 | 5.63 | - | NO |
| E | | 7.00 | | | | 7.10 | | 7,00 | | | | 7.10 | | | | T4877-3 | - | 4.95 | 5.10 | 5.25 | 4.95 | 5.10 | 5.25 | - | YES |
| | | U65 85 | | | .50 B | | | 0.50 BS | | | .50 BS | | | 1.40 BS | | T4877-4 | - | 5,45 | 5.60 | 5.63 | 5,45 | 5.60 | 5.63 | - | YES |
| k | 0.25 | - | - | 0.25 | - | - | 0.25 | - | - | 0.25 | - | - | - | 0.35 | - | T4877-5 | - | | | | 2.40 | | 2.60 | - | NO |
| Ľ | 0.45 | 0.55 | 0.65 | | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.45 | 0.55 | 0.65 | | 0.50 | 0.60 | T4877-6 | - | | | | 5.45 | | 5.63 | - | NO |
| <u>u</u> | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.40 | | T5677-1 | - | 5.20 | 5.30 | 5.4D | 5.20 | 5.30 | 5.40 | - | YES |
| N | | 32 | 44 | | | 48 | | | 44 | | 56 | | | ** NOTE: 1 | NOTE: T4877-1 IS A CUSTOM 48L PKG. WITH 4 LEADS DE | | | | | | | S DEPOP | ULATED. | | |
| ND | 32 | | 11 | | 12 | | 10 | | 14 | | TOTAL NUMBER OF LEADS ARE 44. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NE | 8 | | 11 | | 12 | | 12 | | 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. [2. / 3. 1 (A) 1 | DIMENS ALL DI N IS T THE TI SPP- THE 3 DIMENS | MENS THE T ERMIN 012. ZONE SION | IONS OTAL IAL # DET INDIC b AP | ARE NUM 1 IDE AILS ATED PLIES | IN M BER NTIFII OF T . THE TO | illime of te Er an Ermin I ter Metal | TERS RMIN ID TE IAL # MINAL | , ANC ALS. RMIN/ 1 IDE . #1 D TER | iles NL NU NTIFII IDENT | ARE JMBEF ER AF IFIER | in de Ring Re of May | CONV PTION BE | ENTIO AL, B EITHEI | RAN | UST B WOLD | onform to E located Or marked | WITHIN | -1 | | | | | | | |
| 1. [2. / 3. 1 4. 1 | DIMENS ALL DI N IS 1 THE TI SPP- THE 2 DIMENS 0.25 | MENS THE T ERMIN 012. ZONE SION mm | IONS OTAL IAL # DET INDIC b AP | ARE NUM 1 IDE AILS ATED PLIES 0.30 | IN M BER NTIFII OF T OF T TO TO | ILLIME OF TE ER AN ERMIN E TER METAL FROM | id te In te In te In ter | ALS. RMIN/ 1 IDE 41 0 TER | iles Ntifie Ident Minal | Are JMBEF Er Af Ifier . And | Ring Re of May | CONV PTION BE I | entio Al, B Eithei Ured | UT M R A I BETW | UST B WOLD VEEN | E LOCATED | WITHIN FEATURE. | -1 | | | | | | | |
| 1. [2. / 3. / <u>4.</u> 1 5. / | DIMENS ALL DI N IS 1 THE TI SPP- THE 2 DIMENS 0.25 | MENS THE T ERMIN 012. ZONE SION MIT D NE | IONS OTAL IAL # INDIC b API AND REFI | ARE NUM 1 IDE AILS ATED PLIES 0.30 ER TO | IN M BER NTIFII OF T OF T THE TO THE | ILLIME OF TE ER AN ERMIN TER METAL FROM E NUM | id te Id te Ial # Minal Lized I ter IBER | ALS. RMIN/ 1 IDE 41 0 TER MINAL 0F 1 | iles NL NU NTIFI IDENT MINAL TIP, ERMII | ARE JMBEF ER AF IFIER . AND NALS | IN DE RING RE OF MAY IS I | CONV PTION BE I | entio Al, B Eithei Ured | UT M R A I BETW | UST B WOLD VEEN | e located or marked | WITHIN FEATURE. | | | Δ.9 | | | | | |
| 1. [2. / 3. 1 4. 1 6. 1 7. 1 | DIMENS ALL DI SPP- THE T DIMENS 0.25 ND AN DEPOP | MENS THE T ERMIN 012. ZONE SION MM D NE PULATI | IONS OTAL IAL # DET INDIC b API AND REFI | ARE NUM 1 IDE AILS AILS ATED PLIES 0.30 ER TO 5 POS | IN M BER OF T OF T TO TO THE SIBL | ILLIME OF TE ER AN ERMIN TER METAL FROM E NUM E IN | ETERS RMIN ID TE IAL # MINAL LIZED I TER I TER I BER A SY | ALS. RMIN/ 1 IDE 1 | AL NU INTIFII IDENT MINAL TIP, ERMII | ARE JMBEF ER AF IFIER . AND VALS FASF | IN DE RING RE OF MAY IS I ON E HON. | CONV PTION BE I WEASU | entio AL, B Eithei URED D AN | UT M R A I BETW ID E | UST B WOLD VEEN SIDE | e located or marked | WITHIN FEATURE. | | | | | | | | // |
| 1. [2. / 3. 1 4. 1 6. 1 7. [9.] | DIMENS ALL DI N IS 1 IHE TI SPP- THE 2 DIMENS 0.25 ND AN DEPOP COPLA | MENS THE T ERMIN 012. ZONE SION MIT D NE ULATI NARIT NG CO | IONS OTAL DET INDIC b API AND REFI ON IS Y API | ARE NUM 1 IDE AILS ATED PLIES 0.30 ER TO 5 POS PLIES RMS | IN M BER NTIFII OF T TO TO THE SSIBLI TO TO JE | ILLIME OF TE ERMIN ERMIN TER METAL FROM E NUN E IN THE E EDEC | ID TERS | ALS. RMIN/ 1 IDE 41 0 TER MINAL 0F T MMETI 5ED H 20 EX | AL NU INTIFIE IDENT MINAL TIP, ERMII RICAL EAT S | ARE JMBEF ER AF IFIER . AND VALS FASF SINK | IN DE RING RE OF MAY IS I ON E HON. SLUG | CONV PTION BE I MEASU EACH | ES. ENTIO AL, B EITHEI JRED D AN WELL | UT M R A I BETW ID E AS T | UST B WOLD VEEN SIDE THE TE | e located or marked Respective | WITHIN FEATURE. | | RYINFOR | MATION | | | | XI | /4 |
| 2. 7 3. 1 6. 1 6. 1 9. 1 | DIMENS ALL DI N IS 1 THE TI SPP- THE 2 DIMENS 0.25 ND AN DEPOP COPLA DRAWIN T4872 | MENS THE T ERMIN 012. ZONE SION MIT D NE ULATI NARIT NG CO 7-1/- | IONS OTAL DET INDIC b API AND REFI ON IS Y API ONFOI -2/- | ARE NUM 1 IDE AILS ATED PLIES 0.30 ER TO 5 POS PLIES RMS 3/-4 | IN M BER OF T THE TO THE SIBLI TO TO JE | ILLIME OF TE ER AN ERMIN TER METAL FROM E NUM E IN THE E EDEC /-6 | TERS RMIN ID TE IAL # MINAL LIZEL I TER IBER A SYI XPOS MO22 & T5 | ALS. RMIN/ 1 IDE 1 | AL NU INTIFIE IDENT MINAL TIP, ERMII RICAL EAT S | ARE JMBEF ER AF IFIER . AND VALS FASF SINK | IN DE RING RE OF MAY IS I ON E HON. SLUG | CONV PTION BE I MEASU EACH | ES. ENTIO AL, B EITHEI JRED D AN WELL | UT M R A I BETW ID E AS T | UST B WOLD VEEN SIDE THE TE | E LOCATED OR MARKED RESPECTIVE | VITHIN FEATURE. LY. 7-1; | DPRIETA DPRIETA E P/ 32 | | AGE 48, 5 | OUT 56L T | LINE HIN | QFN | , 7x7x0 | |
| 1. [2. / 3. 1 4. 1 6. 1 7. [9.] | DIMENS ALL DI N IS 1 THE TI SPP- THE 2 DIMENS 0.25 ND AN DEPOP COPLA DRAWIN T4872 | MENS THE T ERMIN 012. ZONE SION MIT D NE ULATI NARIT NG CO 7-1/- | IONS OTAL DET INDIC b API AND REFI ON IS Y API ONFOI -2/- | ARE NUM 1 IDE AILS ATED PLIES 0.30 ER TO 5 POS PLIES RMS 3/-4 | IN M BER OF T THE TO THE SIBLI TO TO JE | ILLIME OF TE ER AN ERMIN TER METAL FROM E NUM E NUM E IN THE E EDEC /-6 | TERS RMIN ID TE IAL # MINAL LIZEL I TER IBER A SYI XPOS MO22 & T5 | ALS. RMIN/ 1 IDE 1 | AL NU INTIFIE IDENT MINAL TIP, ERMII RICAL EAT S | ARE JMBEF ER AF IFIER . AND VALS FASF SINK | IN DE RING RE OF MAY IS I ON E HON. SLUG | CONV PTION BE I MEASU EACH | ES. ENTIO AL, B EITHEI JRED D AN WELL | UT M R A I BETW ID E AS T | UST B WOLD VEEN SIDE THE TE | E LOCATED OR MARKED RESPECTIVE | VITHIN FEATURE. LY. 7-1; | | | AGE 48, 5 | OUTI 56L T | LINE HIN | QFN | , 7x7x0 | |

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