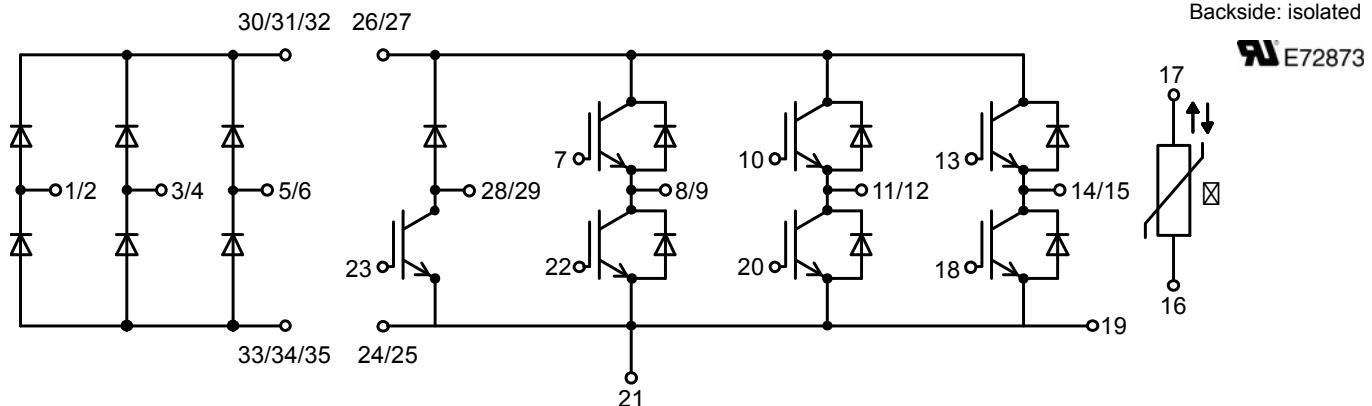
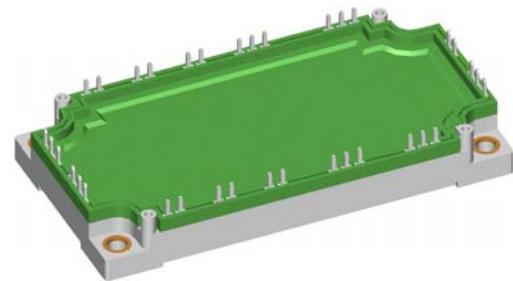


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XPT IGBT Module

3~ Rectifier	Brake Chopper	3~ Inverter
$V_{RRM} = 1600 \text{ V}$	$V_{CES} = 1200 \text{ V}$	$V_{CES} = 1200 \text{ V}$
$I_{DAV} = 290 \text{ A}$	$I_{C25} = 90 \text{ A}$	$I_{C25} = 120 \text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 1200 \text{ A}$	$V_{CE(sat)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	$V_{CE(sat)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

6-Pack + 3~ Rectifier Bridge & Brake Unit + NTC**Part number****MIXA81WB1200TEH****Features / Advantages:**

- Easy paralleling due to the positive temperature coefficient of the on-state voltage
- Rugged XPT design (Xtreme light Punch Through) results in:
 - short circuit rated for 10 μsec .
 - very low gate charge
 - low EMI
 - square RBSOA @ 3x I_c
- Thin wafer technology combined with the XPT design results in a competitive low $V_{CE(sat)}$
- SONIC™ diode
 - fast and soft reverse recovery
 - low operating forward voltage

Applications:

- AC motor drives
- Solar inverter
- Medical equipment
- Uninterruptible power supply
- Air-conditioning systems
- Welding equipment
- Switched-mode and resonant-mode power supplies
- Inductive heating, cookers
- Pumps, Fans

Package: E3-Pack

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 17 mm
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

Rectifier

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1700	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1600	V
I_R	reverse current, drain current	$V_R = 1600 V$ $V_R = 1600 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		100 0.5	μA mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 120 A$ $I_F = 240 A$ $I_F = 120 A$ $I_F = 240 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.23 1.19	V V
I_{DAV}	bridge output current	$T_C = 80^\circ C$ rectangular $d = \frac{1}{3}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		290	A
V_{FO} r_F	threshold voltage slope resistance } for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.85 2.7	V $m\Omega$
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.45	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.10		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		280	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz)$, sine $t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz)$, sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		1.20 1.30	kA kA
		$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz)$, sine $t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz)$, sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		1.02 1.10	kA kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz)$, sine $t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz)$, sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		7.20 6.98	kA^2s kA^2s
		$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz)$, sine $t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz)$, sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		5.20 5.04	kA^2s kA^2s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 600 V$ $f = 1 MHz$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	26		pF

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Brake IGBT

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
V_{CES}	collector emitter voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1200	V	
V_{GES}	max. DC gate voltage				± 20	V	
V_{GEM}	max. transient collector gate voltage				± 30	V	
I_{C25}	collector current	$T_C = 25^\circ C$			90	A	
I_{C80}		$T_C = 80^\circ C$			60	A	
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^\circ C$			290	W	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 55 A; V_{GE} = 15 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	1.8	2.1	V	
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	2.1		V	
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_C = 2 mA; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	5.4	5.9	6.5	V
I_{CES}	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		0.1	mA	
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	0.1		mA	
I_{GES}	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20 V$			500	nA	
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600 V; V_{GE} = 15 V; I_C = 55 A$		165		nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 600 V; I_C = 55 A$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15 V; R_G = 15 \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	70		ns	
t_r	current rise time			40		ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time			250		ns	
t_f	current fall time			100		ns	
E_{on}	turn-on energy per pulse			4.5		mJ	
E_{off}	turn-off energy per pulse			5.5		mJ	
RBSOA	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15 V; R_G = 15 \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$				
I_{CM}		$V_{CEK} = 1200 V$			150	A	
SCSOA	short circuit safe operating area						
t_{sc}	short circuit duration	$V_{CE} = 900 V; V_{GE} = \pm 15 V$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		10	μs	
I_{sc}	short circuit current	$R_G = 15 \Omega$; non-repetitive		200		A	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.43	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.10		K/W	

Brake Diode

V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1200	V
I_{F25}	forward current	$T_C = 25^\circ C$		44	A
I_{F80}		$T_C = 80^\circ C$		29	A
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 30 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	2.20	V
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	1.90	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	0.1	mA
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	2	mA
Q_{rr}	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600 V$ $-di_F/dt = 600 A/\mu s$ $I_F = 30 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	3.5	μC
				30	A
				350	ns
				0.9	mJ
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case			1.2	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.10	K/W

Inverter IGBT

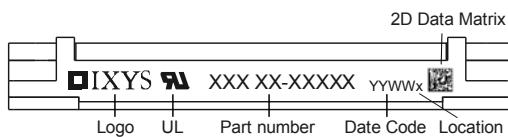
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
V_{CES}	collector emitter voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1200	V	
V_{GES}	max. DC gate voltage				± 20	V	
V_{GEM}	max. transient collector gate voltage				± 30	V	
I_{C25}	collector current	$T_c = 25^\circ C$			120	A	
I_{C80}		$T_c = 80^\circ C$			84	A	
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_c = 25^\circ C$			390	W	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_c = 75 A; V_{GE} = 15 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1.8	V	
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		2.1	V	
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_c = 3 mA; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	5.4	5.9	6.5	V
I_{CES}	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		0.2	mA	
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		0.6	mA	
I_{GES}	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20 V$			500	nA	
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600 V; V_{GE} = 15 V; I_c = 75 A$			230	nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 600 V; I_c = 75 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	70		ns	
t_r	current rise time			40		ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time			250		ns	
t_f	current fall time			100		ns	
E_{on}	turn-on energy per pulse			6.8		mJ	
E_{off}	turn-off energy per pulse			8.3		mJ	
RBSOA	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15 V; R_G = 10 \Omega$ $V_{CEmax} = 1200 V$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$				
I_{CM}					225	A	
SCSOA	short circuit safe operating area	$V_{CEmax} = 1200 V$ $V_{CE} = 900 V; V_{GE} = \pm 15 V$ $R_G = 10 \Omega$; non-repetitive	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$				
t_{sc}	short circuit duration				10	μs	
I_{sc}	short circuit current			300		A	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.32	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.10		K/W	

Inverter Diode

V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1200	V	
I_{F25}	forward current	$T_c = 25^\circ C$		135	A	
I_{F80}		$T_c = 80^\circ C$		90	A	
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 100 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2.20	V
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	1.90		V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		*	mA
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	*		mA
Q_{rr}	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600 V$ $-di_F/dt = 1600 A/\mu s$ $I_F = 100 A; V_{GE} = 0 V$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	12.5		μC
				100		A
				350		ns
				4		mJ
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.4	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.10		K/W

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Package E3-Pack			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			300	A
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				270		g
M_D	mounting torque		3		6	Nm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second t = 1 minute 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3600 3000			V V
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air		terminal to terminal		6.0	mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$			terminal to backside		12.0	mm
$R_{pin-chip}$	resistance pin to chip				5	mΩ

**Part number**

M = Module
 I = IGBT
 X = XPT IGBT
 A = Gen 1 / std
 81 = Current Rating [A]
 WB = 6-Pack + 3~ Rectifier Bridge & Brake Unit
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 T = Thermistor \ Temperature sensor
 EH = E3-Pack

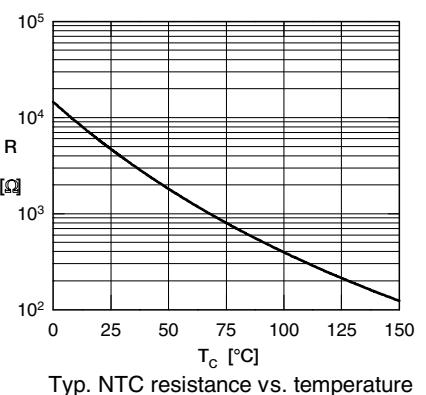
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Standard	MIXA81WB1200TEH	MIXA81WB1200TEH	Box	5	512760

Temperature Sensor NTC

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
R_{25}	resistance	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	4.75	5	5.25	kΩ
$B_{25/50}$	temperature coefficient			3375		K

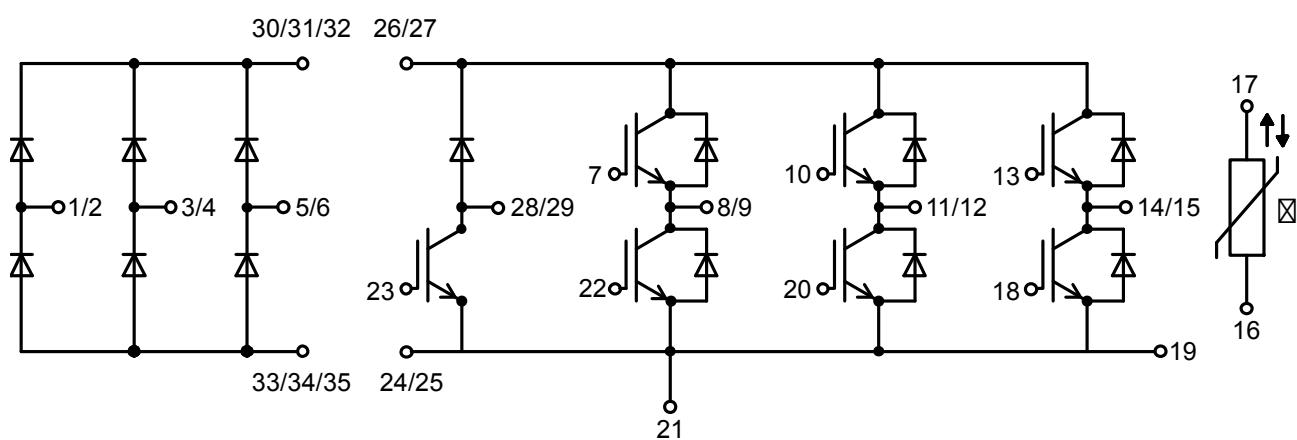
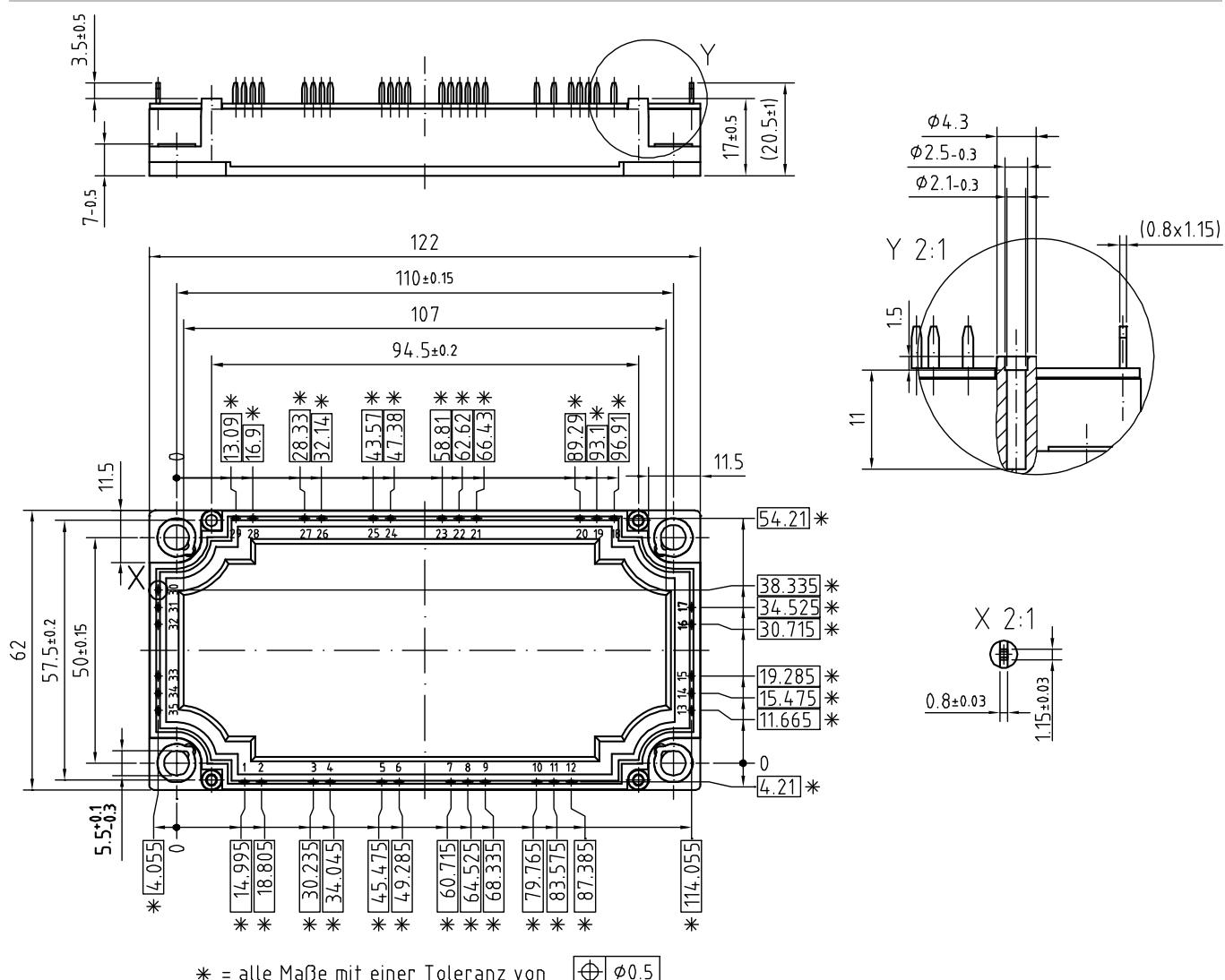
Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

		* on die level					$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$
I	V_0	Rectifier	Brake IGBT	Brake Diode	Inverter IGBT	Inverter Diode	
$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	0.85	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.35	V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	2.7	25	27	17.9	8.5	mΩ



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Outlines E3-Pack



Rectifier

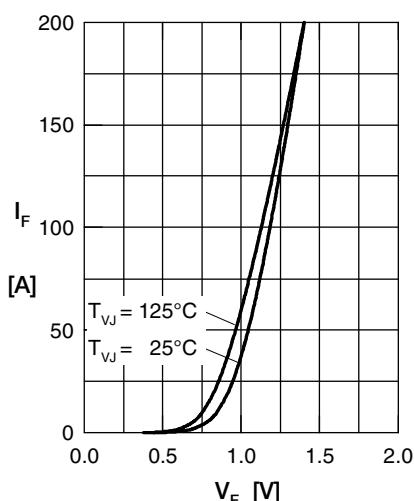


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

Fig. 2 Surge overload current

Fig. 3 I^2t versus time per diode

Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature, sine 180°

Fig. 5 Max. forward current versus case temperature

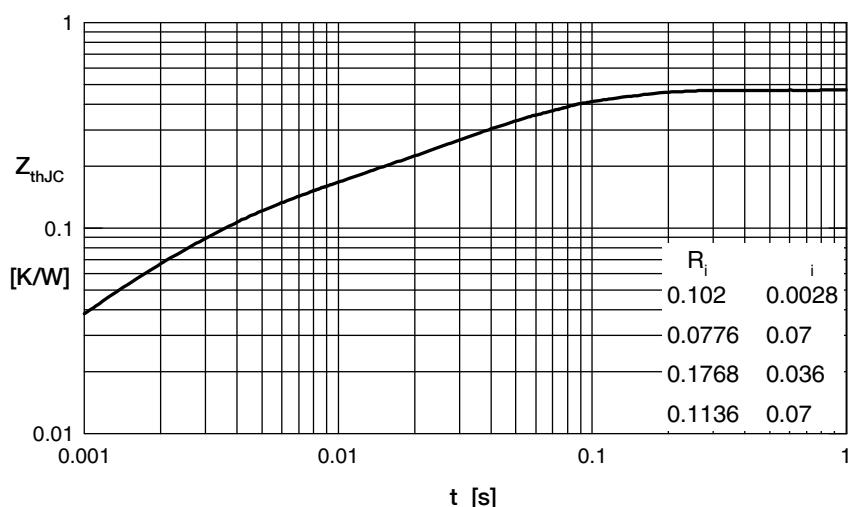
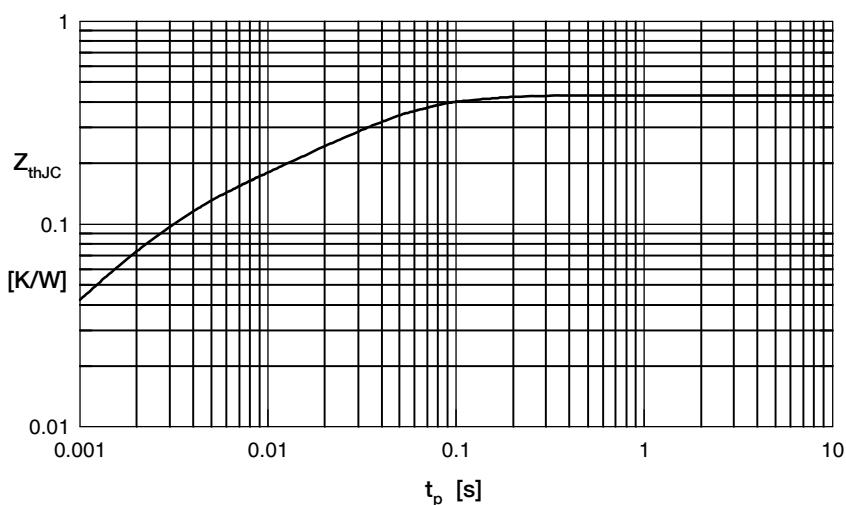
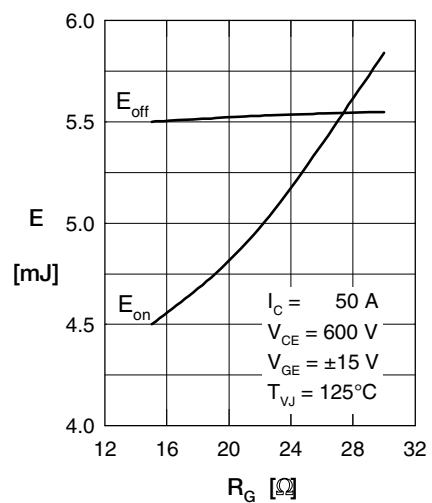
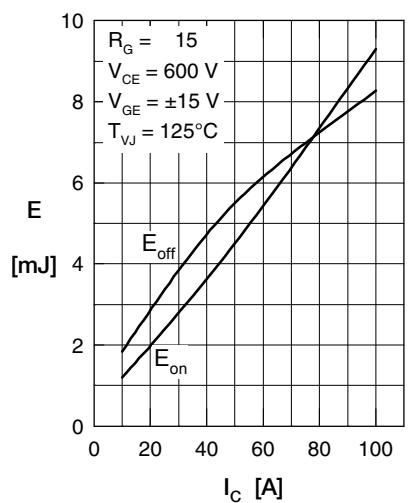
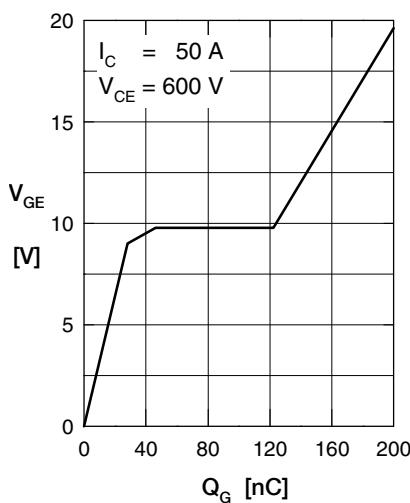
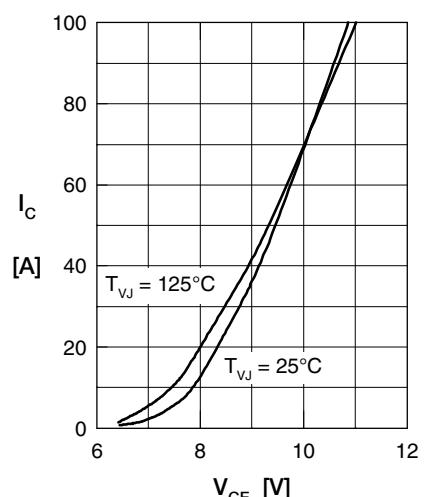
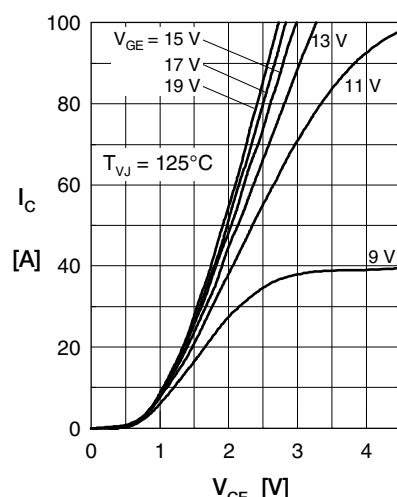
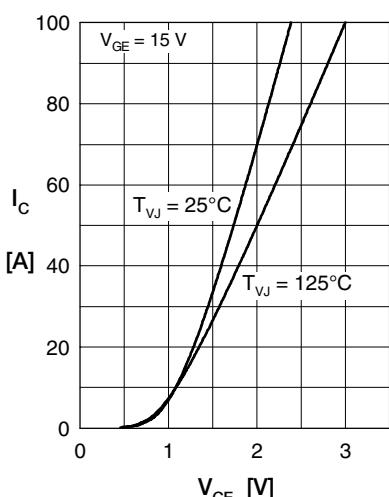


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

Brake IGBT



Brake Diode

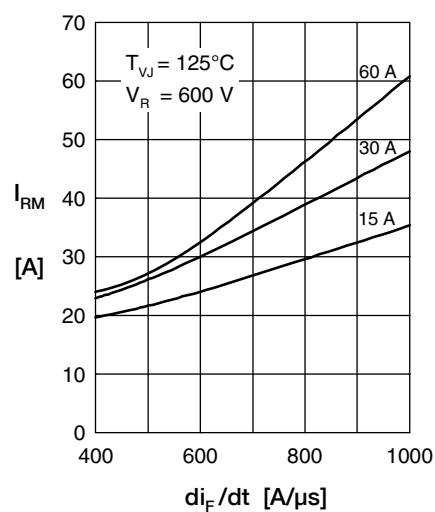
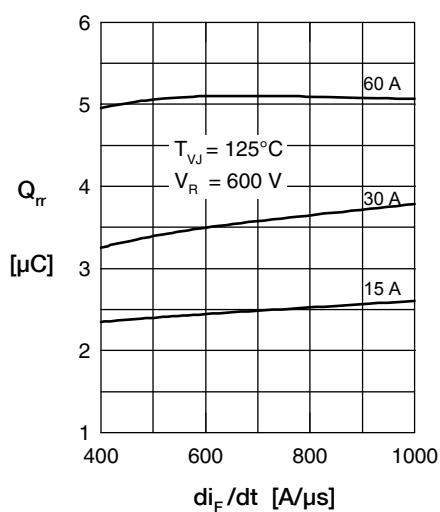
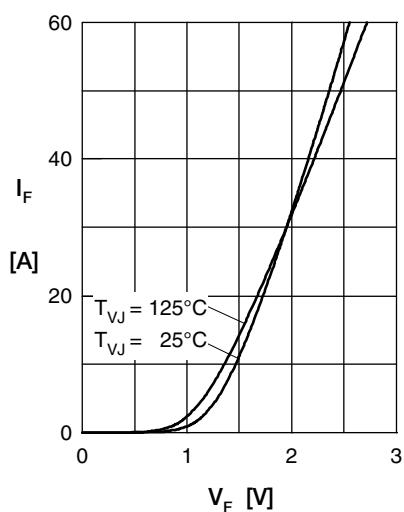


Fig. 1 Typ. Forward current I_F versus V_F

Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recov. charge Q_{rr} versus di/dt

Fig. 3 Typ. peak reverse current I_{RM} versus di/dt

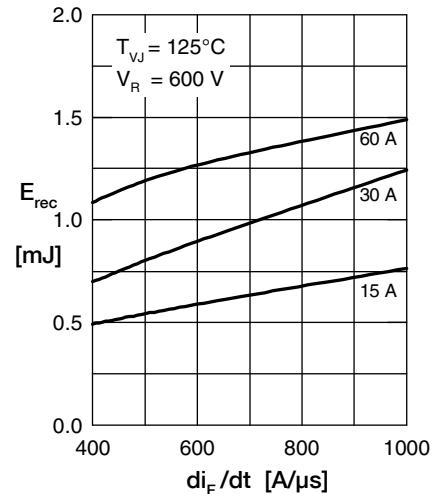
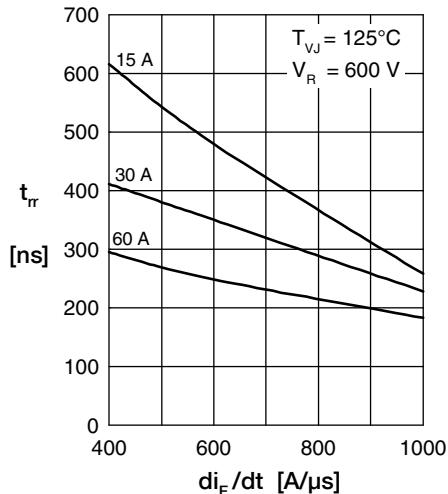
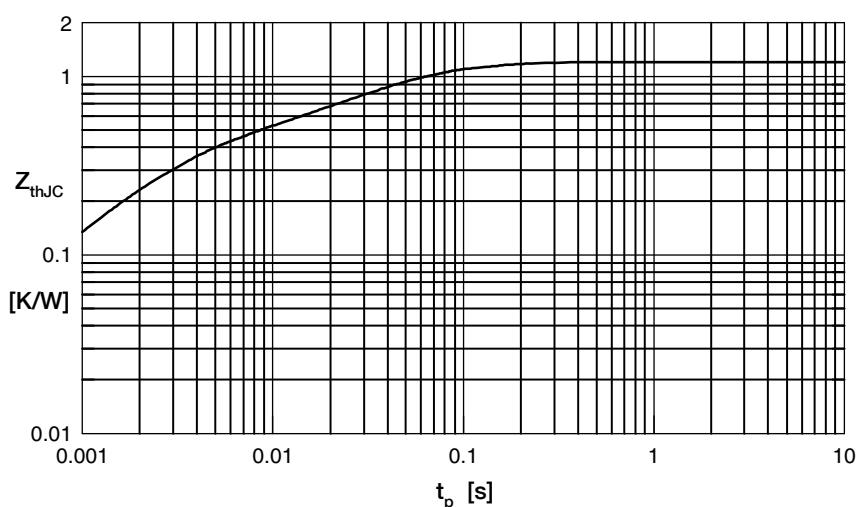
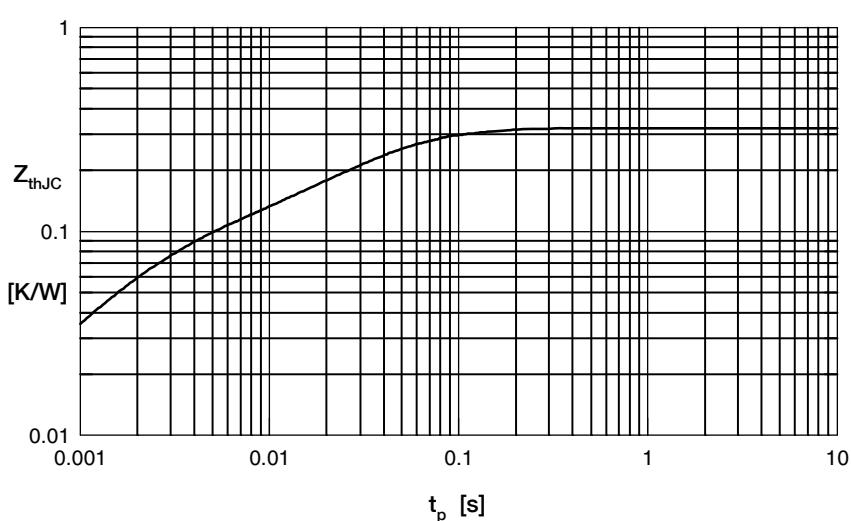
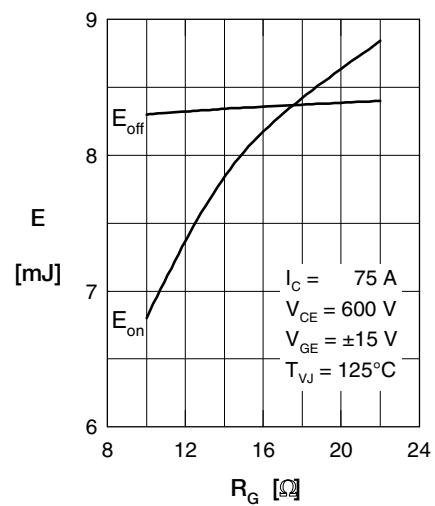
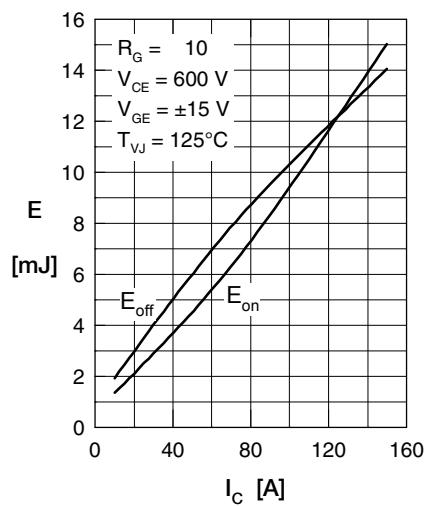
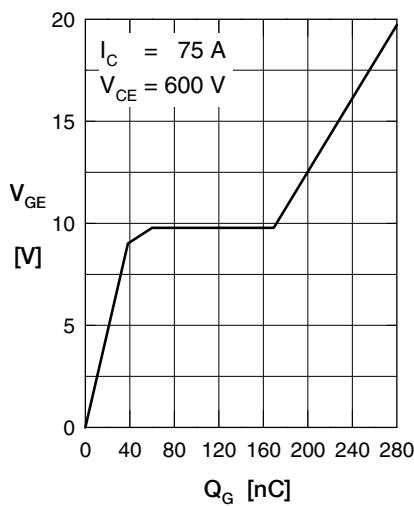
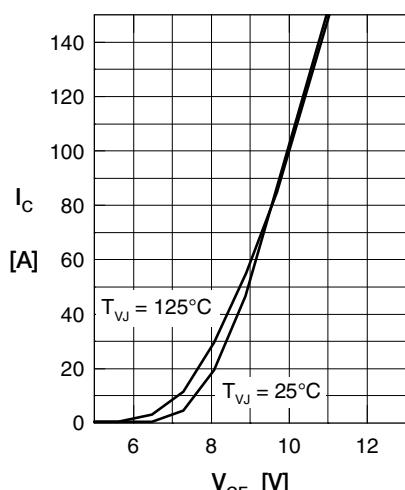
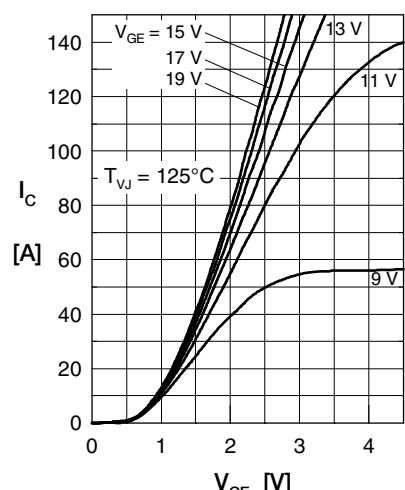
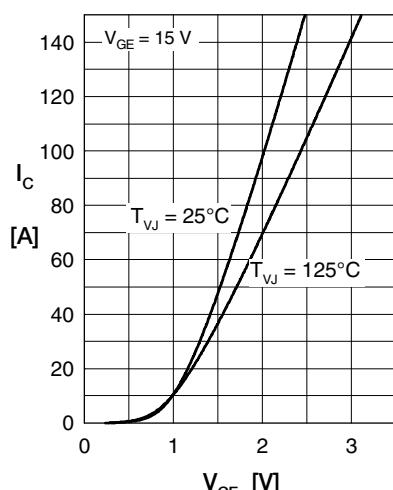


Fig. 4 Dynamic parameters Q_{rr} , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

Fig. 5 Typ. recovery time t_{rr} versus di/dt

Fig. 6 Typ. recovery energy E_{rec} versus di/dt



Inverter IGBT

Inverter Diode

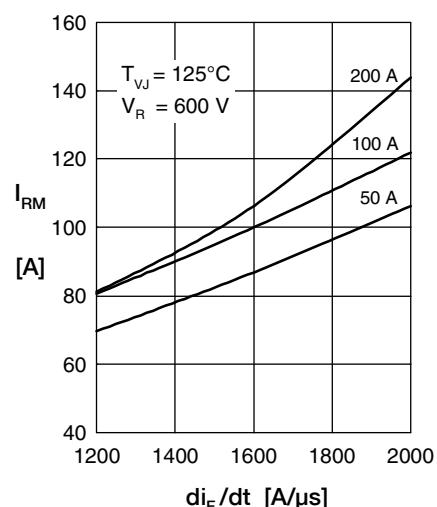
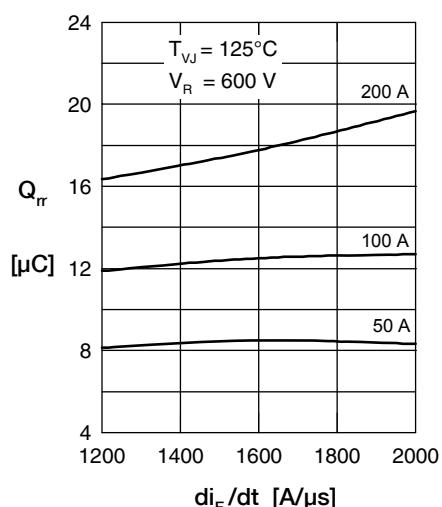
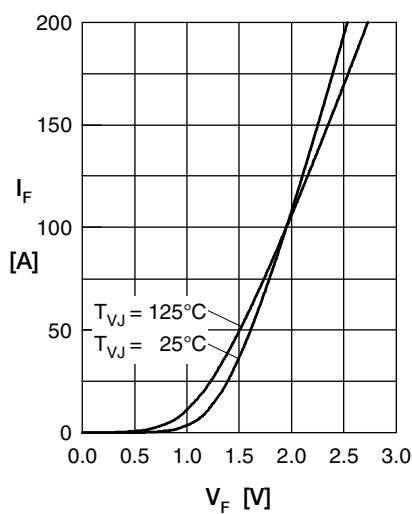


Fig. 1 Typ. Forward current I_F versus V_F

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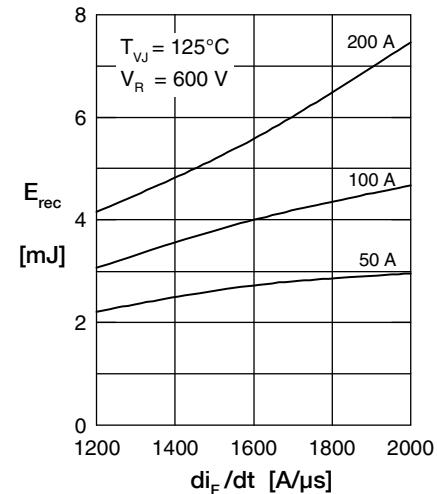
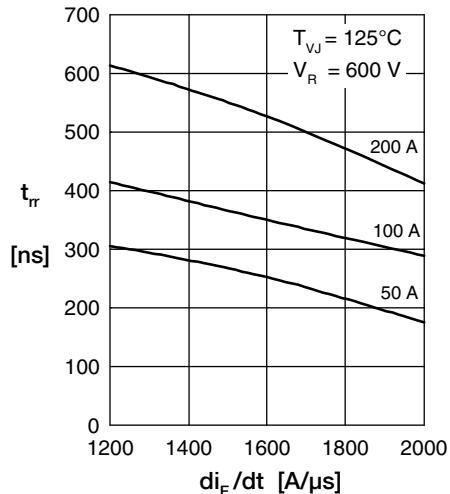


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