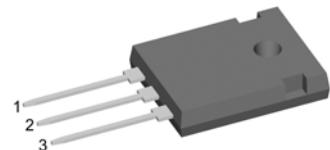


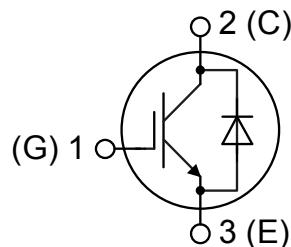
preliminary

XPT IGBT

V_{CES}	=	1200V
I_{C25}	=	20A
$V_{CE(sat)}$	=	1.8V

Copack**Part number****IXA12IF1200HB**

Backside: collector

**Features / Advantages:**

- Easy paralleling due to the positive temperature coefficient of the on-state voltage
- Rugged XPT design (Xtreme light Punch Through) results in:
 - short circuit rated for 10 μ sec.
 - very low gate charge
 - low EMI
 - square RBSOA @ 3x I_c
- Thin wafer technology combined with the XPT design results in a competitive low $V_{CE(sat)}$
- SONIC™ diode
 - fast and soft reverse recovery
 - low operating forward voltage

Applications:

- AC motor drives
- Solar inverter
- Medical equipment
- Uninterruptible power supply
- Air-conditioning systems
- Welding equipment
- Switched-mode and resonant-mode power supplies
- Inductive heating, cookers
- Pumps, Fans

Package: TO-247

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

IGBT

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
V_{CES}	collector emitter voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1200	V	
V_{GES}	max. DC gate voltage				± 20	V	
V_{GEM}	max. transient gate emitter voltage				± 30	V	
I_{C25}	collector current	$T_c = 25^\circ C$			20	A	
I_{C100}		$T_c = 100^\circ C$			13	A	
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_c = 25^\circ C$			85	W	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_c = 10 A; V_{GE} = 15 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	1.8	2.1	V	
					2.1	V	
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_c = 0.3 \text{ mA}; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	5.4	5.9	6.5	V
I_{CES}	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		0.1	mA	
					0.1	mA	
I_{GES}	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20 V$			500	nA	
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600 V; V_{GE} = 15 V; I_c = 10 A$		27		nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 600 V; I_c = 10 A$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15 V; R_G = 100 \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	70		ns	
t_r	current rise time			40		ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time			250		ns	
t_f	current fall time			100		ns	
E_{on}	turn-on energy per pulse			1.1		mJ	
E_{off}	turn-off energy per pulse			1.1		mJ	
RBSOA	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15 V; R_G = 100 \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$				
I_{CM}		$V_{CEmax} = 1200 V$			30	A	
SCSOA	short circuit safe operating area	$V_{CEmax} = 900 V$					
t_{sc}	short circuit duration	$V_{CE} = 900 V; V_{GE} = \pm 15 V$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		10	μs	
I_{sc}	short circuit current	$R_G = 100 \Omega$; non-repetitive		40		A	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				1.5	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.25		K/W	

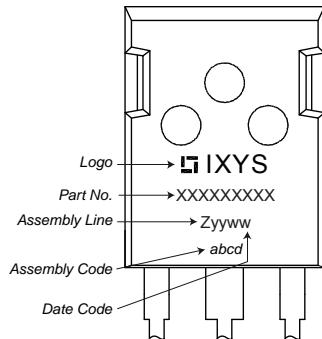
Diode

V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1200	V
I_{F25}	forward current	$T_c = 25^\circ C$		22	A
I_{F100}		$T_c = 100^\circ C$		14	A
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 10 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	2.20	V
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	1.95	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	*	mA
	* not applicable, see I_{CES} value above		$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	*	mA
Q_{rr}	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600 V$ $-di_F/dt = -250 A/\mu s$ $I_F = 10 A; V_{GE} = 0 V$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	1.3	μC
I_{RM}	max. reverse recovery current			10.5	A
t_{rr}	reverse recovery time			350	ns
E_{rec}	reverse recovery energy			0.35	mJ
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case			1.8	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.25	K/W

Package TO-247

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			70	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				6		g
M_d	mounting torque		0.8		1.2	Nm
F_c	mounting force with clip		20		120	N

Product Marking



Part number

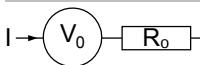
I = IGBT
 X = XPT IGBT
 A = Gen 1 / std
 12 = Current Rating [A]
 IF = Copack
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 HB = TO-247AD (3)

Ordering	Part Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	IXA12IF1200HB	IXA12IF1200HB	Tube	30	508453

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
IXA12IF1200PB	TO-220AB (3)	1200
IXA12IF1200TC	TO-268AA (D3Pak) (2)	1200

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

 $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$  $V_{0\max}$ threshold voltage

IGBT

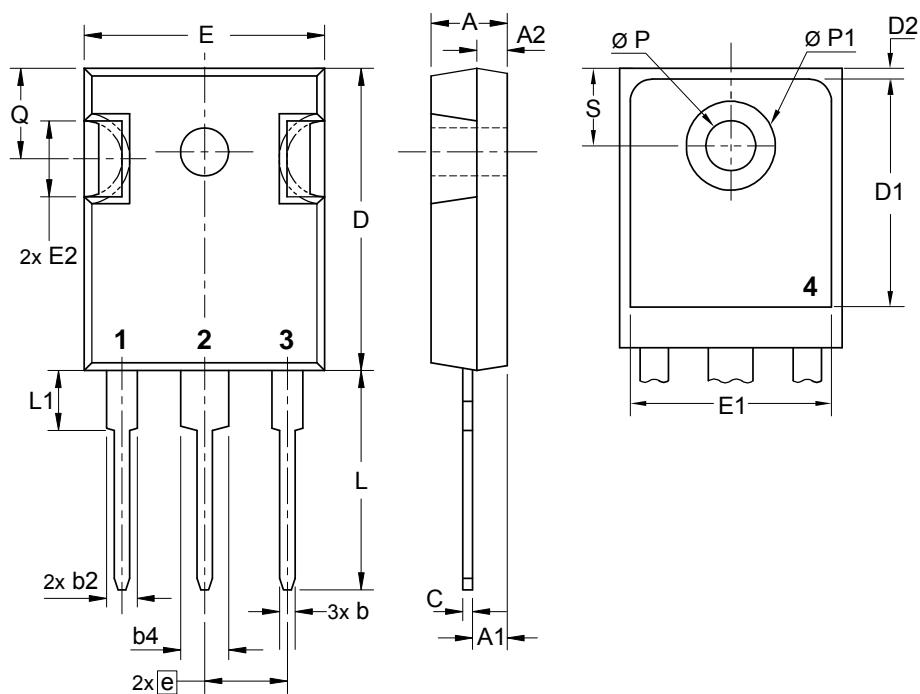
Diode

1.1 1.25 V

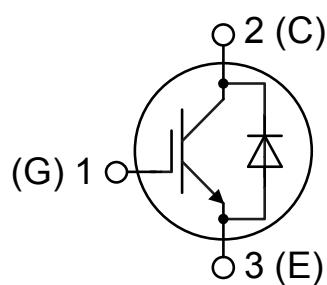
 $R_{0\max}$ slope resistance *

153 85 mΩ

Outlines TO-247



Sym.	Inches min. max.	Millimeter min. max.
A	0.185 0.209	4.70 5.30
A1	0.087 0.102	2.21 2.59
A2	0.059 0.098	1.50 2.49
D	0.819 0.845	20.79 21.45
E	0.610 0.640	15.48 16.24
E2	0.170 0.216	4.31 5.48
e	0.215 BSC	5.46 BSC
L	0.780 0.800	19.80 20.30
L1	- 0.177	- 4.49
Ø P	0.140 0.144	3.55 3.65
Q	0.212 0.244	5.38 6.19
S	0.242 BSC	6.14 BSC
b	0.039 0.055	0.99 1.40
b2	0.065 0.094	1.65 2.39
b4	0.102 0.135	2.59 3.43
c	0.015 0.035	0.38 0.89
D1	0.515 -	13.07 -
D2	0.020 0.053	0.51 1.35
E1	0.530 -	13.45 -
Ø P1	- 0.29	- 7.39



IGBT

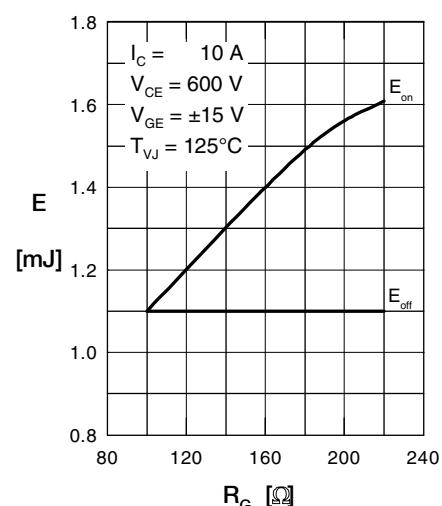
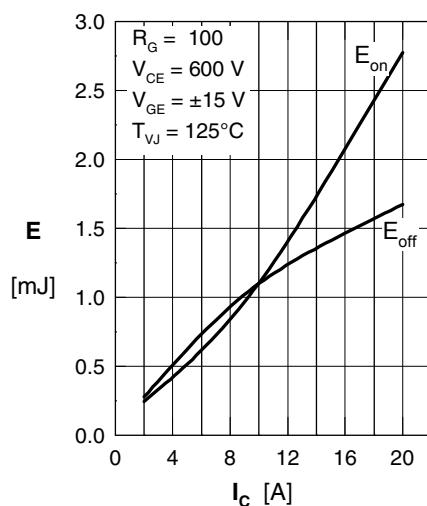
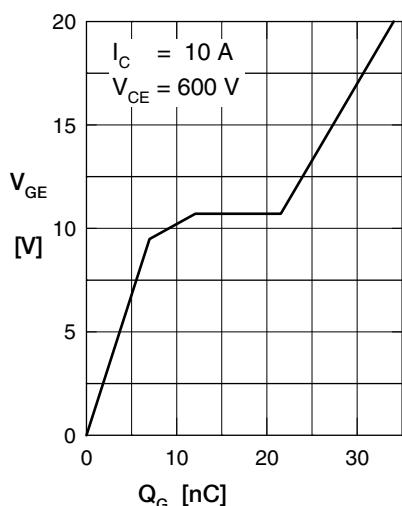
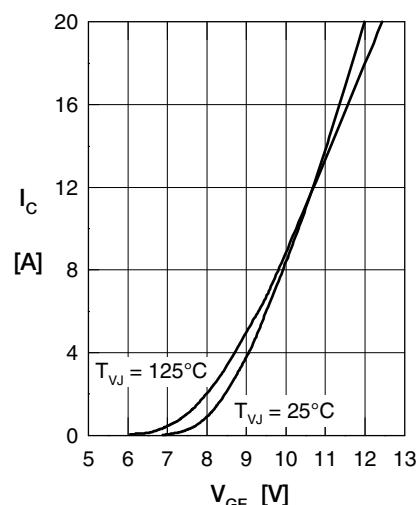
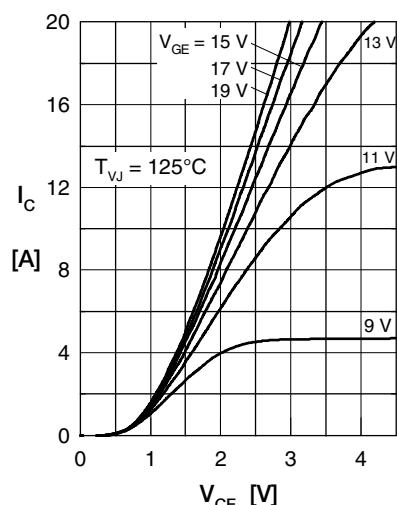
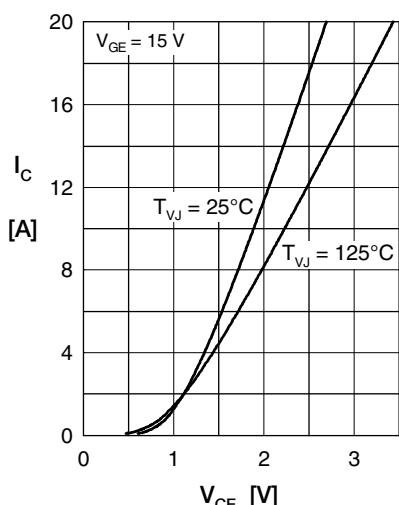


Fig. 7 Typ. transient thermal impedance junction to case

Diode

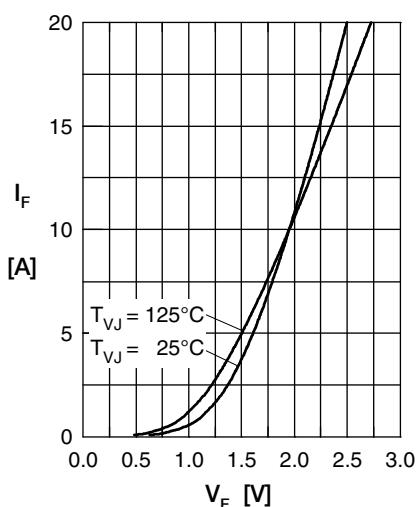
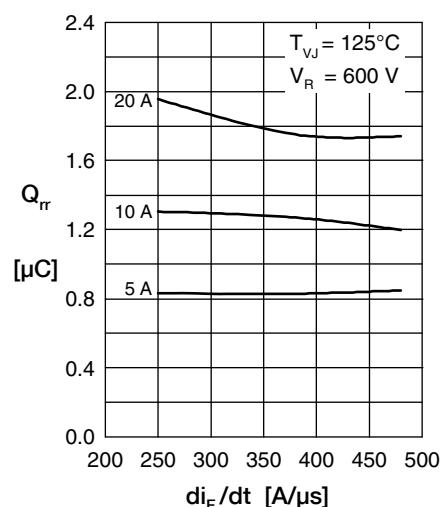
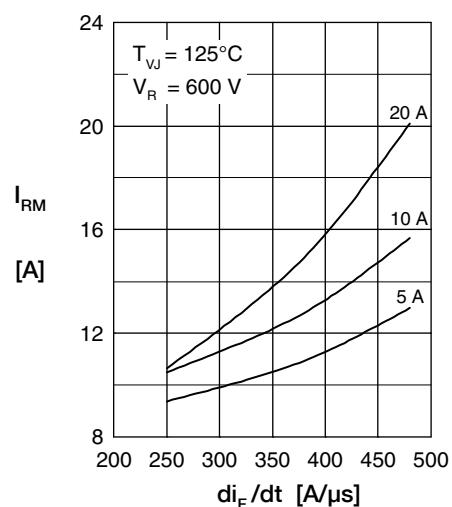
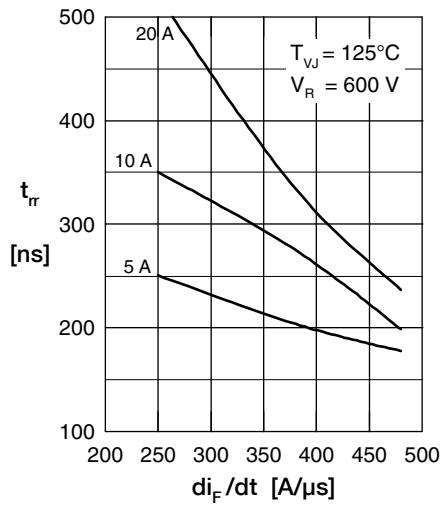
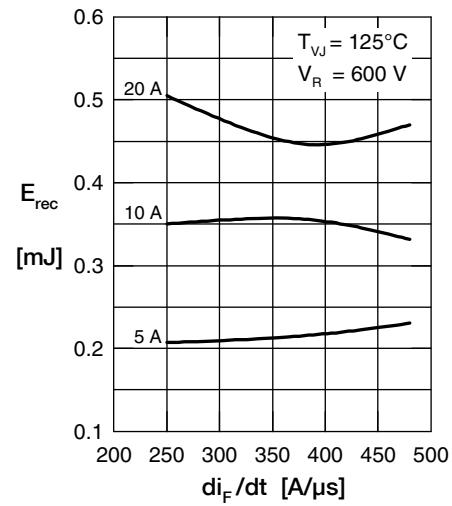
Fig. 1 Typ. forward current versus V_FFig. 2 Typical reverse recov. charge Q_{rr} versus di_F/dtFig. 3 Typ: peak reverse current I_{RR} versus di_F/dtFig. 4 Dynamic parameters Q_{rr}, I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}Fig. 5 Typ. recovery time t_{rr} versus di_F/dtFig. 6 Typ. recovery energy E_{rec} vs. di_F/dt

Fig. 7 Typ. transient thermal impedance junction to case